St. Clair County

Housing Authority's

2023 Agency Plan Update

&

Capital Fund Program

Five (5) Year Plan

April 12, 2023

Annual PHA Plan (Standard PHAs and Troubled PHAs)

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing OMB No. 2577-0226 Expires: 03/31/2024

Purpose. The 5-Year and Annual PHA Plans provide a ready source for interested parties to locate basic PHA policies, rules, and requirements concerning the PHA's operations, programs, and services, including changes to these policies, and informs HUD, families served by the PHA, and members of the public of the PHA's mission, goals and objectives for serving the needs of low-income, very low-income, and extremely low-income families.

Applicability. The Form HUD-50075-ST is to be completed annually by STANDARD PHAs or TROUBLED PHAs. PHAs that meet the definition of a High Performer PHA, Small PHA, HCV-Only PHA or Qualified PHA do not need to submit this form.

Definitions.

- (1) High-Performer PHA A PHA that owns or manages more than 550 combined public housing units and housing choice vouchers, and was designated as a high performer on both the most recent Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) and Section Eight Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) assessments if administering both programs, or PHAS if only administering public housing.
- (2) Small PHA A PHA that is not designated as PHAS or SEMAP troubled, that owns or manages less than 250 public housing units and any number of vouchers where the total combined units exceed 550.
- (3) Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Only PHA A PHA that administers more than 550 HCVs, was not designated as troubled in its most recent SEMAP assessment and does not own or manage public housing.
- (4) Standard PHA A PHA that owns or manages 250 or more public housing units and any number of vouchers where the total combined units exceed 550, and that was designated as a standard performer in the most recent PHAS or SEMAP assessments.
- (5) Troubled PHA A PHA that achieves an overall PHAS or SEMAP score of less than 60 percent.
- (6) Qualified PHA A PHA with 550 or fewer public housing dwelling units and/or housing choice vouchers combined and is not PHAS or SEMAP troubled.

	PHA Information.						
	PHA Type: Standard PHA Plan for Fiscal Year I PHA Inventory (Based on A	Beginning: (MM/ Annual Contributi (PH) Units <u>949</u>	PHA YYYY): <u>07/2023</u> ons Contract (ACC) units at time of Number of Housing Choice Vo	FY beginning, above)	ode: <u>IL030</u> tal Combined Un	its/Vouchers	
	location(s) where the propos available for inspection by the and main office or central of encouraged to provide each	ed PHA Plan, PH ne public. At a mi fice of the PHA. resident council a	e the elements listed below readily a A Plan Elements, and all informatio inimum, PHAs must post PHA Plan PHAs are strongly encouraged to po copy of their PHA Plans. a Joint PHA Plan and complete tab	n relevant to the public hearing s, including updates, at each A ost complete PHA Plans on the	g and proposed PF sset Mänagement	IA Plan are Project (AMP)	
- }	Participating PHAs	PHA Code	Program(s) in the Consortia	Program(s) not in the	No. of Units in Each Progra		
	1			Consortia	DI.		
	Lead PHA:			Consortia	РН	n Each Progr HCV	
				Consortia	PH		

В.	Plan Elements
B.1	Revision of Existing PHA Plan Elements.
	(a) Have the following PHA Plan elements been revised by the PHA?
	N Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs (See Attachment B.1A) Deconcentration and Other Policies that Govern Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions. (See Attachment B.1B) Financial Resources. (See Attachment B.1C) Rent Determination. Operation and Management. (See Attachment B.1D) Grievance Procedures. Homeownership Programs. Homeownership Programs. Community Service and Self-Sufficiency Programs. Safety and Crime Prevention. Pet Policy. Asset Management. (See Attachment B.1E) Substantial Deviation. Significant Amendment/Modification If the PHA answered yes for any element, describe the revisions for each revised element(s):
	Annual update to reflect current data, statistics, and/or projections. See referenced attachments for further details
:	(c) The PHA must submit its Deconcentration Policy for Field Office review.
B.2	New Activities.
	(a) Does the PHA intend to undertake any new activities related to the following in the PHA's current Fiscal Year?
	Y N
	(b) If any of these activities are planned for the current Fiscal Year, describe the activities. For new demolition activities, describe any public housing development or portion thereof, owned by the PHA for which the PHA has applied or will apply for demolition and/or disposition approval under section 18 of the 1937 Act under the separate demolition/disposition approval process. If using Project-Based Vouchers (PBVs), provide the projected number of project-based units and general locations, and describe how project basing would be consistent with the PHA Plan.
	SCCHA received HUD approval of its demolition application for 102 units in the Ernest Smith Sr. Apts., Amp 3, Cahokia Heights, the #30-08 portion of this development. SCCHA applied for 59 Replacement Tenant Protection Vouchers to replace the demolished P/H units and received 33 TPVs in 2022. SCCHA may apply for an additional 26 TPVs in 2023. SCCHA submitted an application to convert from public housing to project-based vouchers 20 units in O'Fallon (30-24) and 24 units in Lebanon (30-14) and HUD issued a CHAP (Commitment to Enter into a Housing Assistance Payment Contract). SCCHA is working on completing the conversion. SCCHA anticipates submitting a conversion application for the 44-unit family public housing development in the Alorton neighborhood of Cahokia Heights (Hawthorne Terrace) in 2023.
	SCCHA awarded 75 +/- project-based vouchers to promote affordable housing developments receiving LIHTC through the Illinois Housing Development Authority (IHDA). The developments are located in Cahokia Heights (3) and Swansea.
	The above activities are consistent with the SCCHA Annual Plan because they either maintain existing or promote the development of new affordable housing opportunities.

B.3	Progress Report. Provide a description of the PHA's progress in meeting its Mission and Goals described in the PHA 5-Year and Annual Plan.
	See Attachment #B.3
B.4	Capital Improvements. Include a reference here to the most recent HUD-approved 5-Year Action Plan in EPIC and the date that it was approved.
	The Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan was approved by HUD 5/11/2022
B.5	Most Recent Fiscal Year Audit.
	(a) Were there any findings in the most recent FY Audit?
	Y N ☑ (See audit narrative statement in Attachment B.4)
	(b) If yes, please describe: Auditors determined the error rate in projecting annual income for participants in the HCVP to be too high.
C.	Other Document and/or Certification Requirements.
C.1	Resident Advisory Board (RAB) Comments.
	(a) Did the RAB(s) have comments to the PHA Plan?
	Y N
	(b) If yes, comments must be submitted by the PHA as an attachment to the PHA Plan. PHAs must also include a narrative describing their analysis of the RAB recommendations and the decisions made on these recommendations.
	See Attachment #C.1
C.2	Certification by State or Local Officials.
	Form HUD 50077-SL, Certification by State or Local Officials of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan, must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan.
	See Attachment #C.2
C.3	Civil Rights Certification/ Certification Listing Policies and Programs that the PHA has Revised since Submission of its Last Annual Plan.
	Form HUD-50077-ST-HCV-HP, PHA Certifications of Compliance with PHA Plum, Civil Rights, and Related Laws and Regulations Including PHA Plan Elements that Have Changed, must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan.
	See Attachment #C.3
C.4	Challenged Elements. If any element of the PHA Plan is challenged, a PHA must include such information as an attachment with a description of any challenges to Plan elements, the source of the challenge, and the PHA's response to the public.
	(a) Did the public challenge any elements of the Plan?
	Y N
	If yes, include Challenged Elements.

C.5	Troubled PHA. (a) Does the PHA have any current Memorandum of Agreement, Performance Improvement Plan, or Recovery Plan in place? Y N N/A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
D.	Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH).
Đ.1	Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH).
	Provide a statement of the PHA's strategies and actions to achieve fair housing goals outlined in an accepted Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) consistent with 24 CFR § 5.154(d)(5). Use the chart provided below. (PHAs should add as many goals as necessary to overcome fair housing issues and contributing factors.) Until such time as the PHA is required to submit an AFH, the PHA is not obligated to complete this chart. The PHA will fulfill, nevertheless, the requirements at 24 CFR § 903.7(o) enacted prior to August 17, 2015. See Instructions for further detail on completing this item.
	Fair Housing Goal:
	Describe fair housing strategies and actions to achieve the goal
	Fair Housing Goal:
	Describe fair housing strategies and actions to achieve the goal
	SCCHA is not required to submit an Assessment of Fair Housing at this time.

	F	Fair Housing Goal:									
Describe fair housing strategies and actions to achieve the goal											
	SCCHA is not required to submit an Assessment of Fair Housing at this time.										
		Assessment of Pan Housing at this time.									
	- 11										
	-										
In	struc	ctions for Preparation of Form HUD-50075-ST									
		l PHA Plan for Standard and Troubled PHAs									
A.	PHA I	nformation. All PHAs must complete this section. (24 CFR §903.4)									
	0	nclude the full PHA Name, PHA Code, PHA Type, PHA Fiscal Year Beginning (MM/YYYY), PHA Inventory, Number of Public Housing Units and r Housing Choice Vouchers (HCVs), PHA Plan Submission Type, and the Availability of Information, specific location(s) of all information relevant to the public hearing and proposed PHA Plan. (24 CFR §903.23(4)(c))									
	P	PHA Consortia: Check box if submitting a Joint PHA Plan and complete the table. (24 CFR §943.128(a))									
В.	Plan I	Elements. All PHAs must complete this section.									
	B.1 F	Revision of Existing PHA Plan Elements. PHAs must:									
		dentify specifically which plan elements listed below that have been revised by the PHA. To specify which elements have been revised, mark the "yes" box									
		f an element has not been revised, mark "no." (24 CFR \$903.7)									
	le ji	Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs. Provide a statement addressing the housing needs of low-income, very ow-income and extremely low-income families and a brief description of the PHA's strategy for addressing the housing needs of families who reside in the urisdiction served by the PHA and other families who are on the public housing and Section 8 tenant-based assistance waiting lists. The statement must dentify the housing needs of (i) families with incomes below 30 percent of area median income (extremely low-income); (ii) elderly families. (iii)									
	h S g b	couseholds with individuals with disabilities, and households of various races and ethnic groups residing in the jurisdiction or on the public housing and section 8 tenant-based assistance waiting lists based on information provided by the applicable Consolidated Plan, information provided by HUD, and other generally available data. The statement of housing needs shall be based on information provided by the applicable Consolidated Plan, information provided by HUD, and generally available data. The identification of housing needs must address issues of affordability, supply, quality, accessibility, size of units, and location. Once the PHA has submitted an Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH), which includes an assessment of disproportionate housing needs in									
	r a	ind location. Once the FFIA has submitted an Assessment of Fair Housing (AFFI), which includes an assessment of disproportionate nousing needs in accordance with 24 CFR §5.154(d)(2)(iv), information on households with individuals with disabilities and households of various races and ethnic groups esiding in the jurisdiction or on the waiting lists no longer needs to be included in the Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs. (24 CFR §903.7(a)).									
	F	The identification of housing needs must address issues of affordability, supply, quality, accessibility, size of units, and location. (24 CFR §903.7(a)(2)(i)) Provide a description of the ways in which the PHA intends, to the maximum extent practicable, to address those housing needs in the upcoming year and he PHA's reasons for choosing its strategy. (24 CFR §903.7(a)(2)(ii))									
	<u>2</u>	Deconcentration and Other Policies that Govern Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions. PHAs must submit a Deconcentration Policy for Field Office review. For additional guidance on what a PHA must do to deconcentrate poverty in its development and comply with fair housing requirements, see 24 CFR 903.2 (24 CFR \$903.23(b)) Describe the PHA's admissions policy for deconcentration of poverty and income mixing of lower-income families in public housing. The Deconcentration Policy must describe the PHA's policy for bringing higher income tenants into lower income developments and lower income tenants into higher income developments. The deconcentration requirements apply to general occupancy and family public housing developments.									

		and/or pending demolition and/or disposition has changed as described in the PHA's last Annual and/or 5-Year PHA Plan submission. The application and approval process for demolition and/or disposition is a separate process. Approval of the PHA Plan does not constitute approval of these activities. See guidance on HUD's website at: http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/centers/sac/demo_dispo/index.cfm (24 CFR §903.7(h))
		Designated Housing for Elderly and Disabled Families. Describe any public housing projects owned, assisted or operated by the PHA (or portions thereof), in the upcoming fiscal year, that the PHA has continually operated as, has designated, or will apply for designation for occupancy by elderly and/or disabled families only. Include the following information: 1) development name and number; 2) designation type; 3) application status; 4) date the designation was approved, submitted, or planned for submission, 5) the number of units affected and; 6) expiration date of the designation of any HUD approved plan. Note: The application and approved process for such designations is separate from the PHA Plan process, and PHA Plan approval does not constitute HUD approval of any designation. (24 CFR §903.7(i)(C))
		Conversion of Public Housing under the Voluntary or Mandatory Conversion programs. Describe any public housing building(s) (including project number and unit count) owned by the PHA that the PHA is required to convert or plans to voluntarily convert to tenant-based assistance; 2) An analysis of the projects or buildings required to be converted; and 3) A statement of the amount of assistance received to be used for rental assistance or other housing assistance in connection with such conversion. See guidance on HUD's website at:
		http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/centers/sac/conversion.cfm. (24 CFR §903.7(j))
		Conversion of Public Housing under the Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program. Describe any public housing building(s) (including project number and unit count) owned by the PHA that the PHA plans to voluntarily convert to Project-Based Rental Assistance or Project-Based Vouchers under RAD. See additional guidance on HUD's website at: Notice PIH 2012-32 REV-3, successor RAD Implementation Notices, and other RAD notices.
		Occupancy by Over-Income Families. A PHA that owns or operates fewer than two hundred fifty (250) public housing units, may lease a unit in a public housing development to an over-income family (a family whose annual income exceeds the limit for a low income family at the time of initial occupancy), if all the following conditions are satisfied: (1) There are no eligible low income families on the PHA waiting list or applying for public housing assistance when the unit is leased to an over-income family; (2) The PHA has publicized availability of the unit for rental to eligible low income families, including publishing public notice of such availability in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction at least thirty days before offering the unit to an over-income family; (3) The over-income family rents the unit on a month-to-month basis for a rent that is not less than the PHA's cost to operate the unit; (4) The lease to the over-income family provides that the family agrees to vacate the unit when needed for rental to an eligible family; and (5) The PHA gives the over-income family at least thirty days notice to vacate the unit when the unit is needed for rental to an eligible family. The PHA may incorporate information on occupancy by over-income families into its PHA Plan statement of deconcentration and other policies that govern eligibility, selection, and admissions. See additional guidance on HUD's website at: Notice PHH 2011-7. (24 CFR 960,503) (24 CFR 903.7(b))
		Occupancy by Police Officers. The PHA may allow police officers who would not otherwise be eligible for occupancy in public housing, to reside in a public housing dwelling unit. The PHA must include the number and location of the units to be occupied by police officers, and the terms and conditions of their tenancies; and a statement that such occupancy is needed to increase security for public housing residents. A "police officer" means a person determined by the PHA to be, during the period of residence of that person in public housing, employed on a full-time basis as a duly licensed professional police officer by a Federal, State or local government or by any agency of these governments. An officer of an accredited police force of a housing agency may qualify. The PHA may incorporate information on occupancy by police officers into its PHA Plan statement of deconcentration and other policies that govern eligibility, selection, and admissions. See additional guidance on HUD's website at: Notice PIH 2011-7 . (24 CFR 960,505) (24 CFR 903,7(b))
		Non-Smoking Policies. The PHA may implement non-smoking policies in its public housing program and incorporate this into its PHA Plan statement of operation and management and the rules and standards that will apply to its projects. See additional guidance on HUD's website at: Notice PIH 2009-21 and Notice PIH-2017-03. (24 CFR §903.7(e))
		Project-Based Vouchers. Describe any plans to use Housing Choice Vouchers (HCVs) for new project-based vouchers, which must comply with PBV goals, civil rights requirements, Housing Quality Standards (HQS) and deconcentration standards, as stated in 983.57(b)(1) and set forth in the PHA Plan statement of deconcentration and other policies that govern eligibility, selection, and admissions. If using project-based vouchers, provide the projected number of project-based units and general locations, and describe how project-basing would be consistent with the PHA Plan (24 CFR §903.7(b)).
		Units with Approved Vacancies for Modernization. The PHA must include a statement related to units with approved vacancies that are undergoing modernization in accordance with 24 CFR \$990.145(a)(1).
		Other Capital Grant Programs (i.e., Capital Fund Community Facilities Grants or Emergency Safety and Security Grants).
		For all activities that the PHA plans to undertake in the current Fiscal Year, provide a description of the activity in the space provided.
	B.3	Progress Report. For all Annual Plans following submission of the first Annual Plan, a PHA must include a brief statement of the PHA's progress in meeting the mission and goals described in the 5-Year PHA Plan. (24 CFR §903.7(r)(1))
	B.4	Capital Improvements. PHAs that receive funding from the Capital Fund Program (CFP) must complete this section (24 CFR \$903.7 (g)). To comply with this requirement, the PHA must reference the most recent HUD approved Capital Fund 5 Year Action Plan in EPIC and the date that it was approved. PHAs can reference the form by including the following language in the Capital Improvement section of the appropriate Annual or Streamlined PHA Plan Template: "See Capital Fund 5 Year Action Plan in EPIC approved by HUD on XX/XX/XXXX."
	B.5	Most Recent Fiscal Year Audit. If the results of the most recent fiscal year audit for the PHA included any findings, mark "yes" and describe those findings in the space provided. (24 CFR §903.7(p))
C.	Othe	r Document and/or Certification Requirements.
	C.1	Resident Advisory Board (RAB) comments. If the RAB had comments on the annual plan, mark "yes," submit the comments as an attachment to the Plan and describe the analysis of the comments and the PHA's decision made on these recommendations. (24 CFR §903.13(c), 24 CFR §903.19)

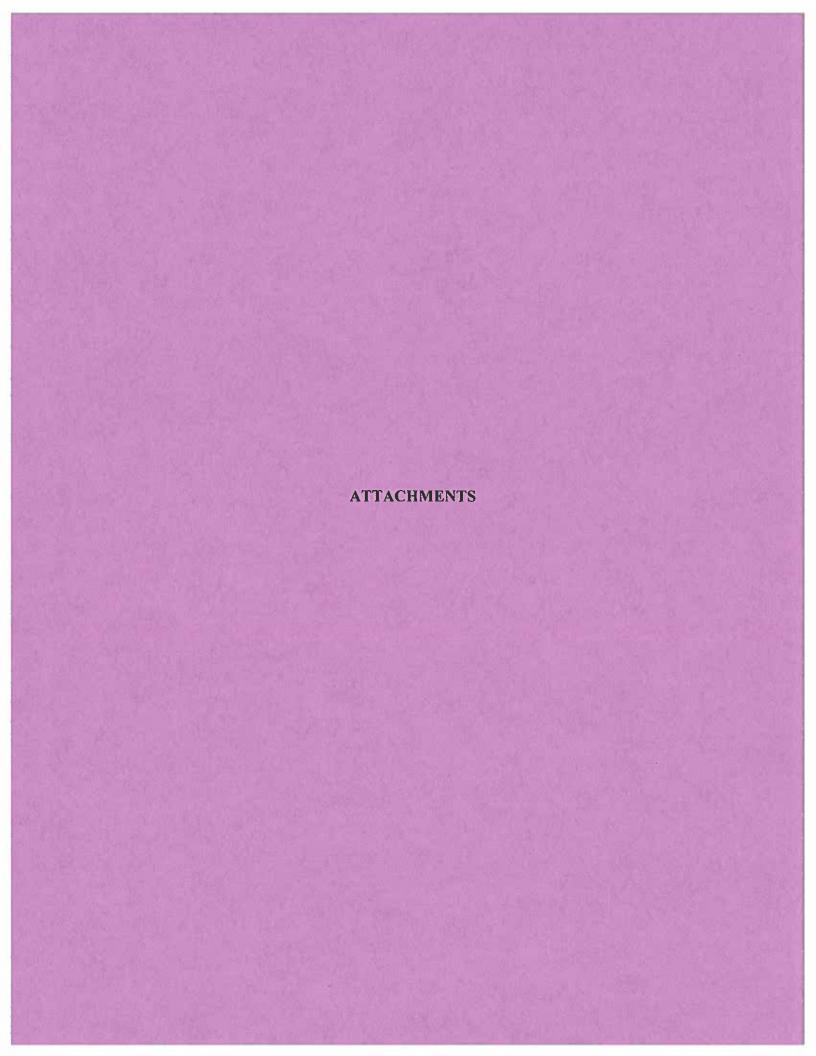
- C.2 Certification by State of Local Officials. Form HUD-50077-SL, Certification by State or Local Officials of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan, must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan. (24 CFR §903.15). Note: A PHA may request to change its fiscal year to better coordinate its planning with planning done under the Consolidated Plan process by State or local officials as applicable.
- C.3 Civil Rights Certification/ Certification Listing Policies and Programs that the PHA has Revised since Submission of its Last Annual Plan. Provide a certification that the following plan elements have been revised, provided to the RAB for comment before implementation, approved by the PHA board, and made available for review and inspection by the public. This requirement is satisfied by completing and submitting form HUD-50077 ST-HCV-HP, PHA Certifications of Compliance with PHA Plan, Civil Rights, and Related Laws and Regulations Including PHA Plan Elements that Have Changed. Form HUD-50077-ST-HCV-HP, PHA Certifications of Compliance with PHA Plan, Civil Rights, and Related Laws and Regulations Including PHA Plan Elements that Have Changed must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan. This includes all certifications relating to Civil Rights and related regulations. A PHA will be considered in compliance with the certification requirement to affirmatively further fair housing if the PHA fulfills the requirements of §§ 903.7(o)(1) and 903.15(d) and; (i) examines its programs or proposed programs; (ii) identifies any fair housing issues and contributing factors within those programs, in accordance with 24 CFR 5.154 or 24 CFR 5.160(a)(3) as applicable; (iii) specifies actions and strategies designed to address contributing factors, related fair housing issues, and goals in the applicable Assessment of Fair Housing consistent with 24 CFR 5.154 in a reasonable manner in view of the resources available; (iv) works with jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement; (v) operates programs in a manner consistent with any applicable consolidated plan under 24 CFR part 91, and with any order or agreement, to comply with the authorities specified in paragraph (o)(1) of this section; (vi) complies with any contribution or consultation requirement with respect to any applicable AFH, in accordance with 24 CFR 5.150 through 5.180; (vii) maintains records reflecting these analyses, actions, and the results of these actions; and (viii) takes steps acceptable to HUD to remedy known fair housing or civil rights violations. impediments to fair housing choice within those programs; addresses those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available; works with the local jurisdiction to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing; and assures that the annual plan is consistent with any applicable Consolidated Plan for its jurisdiction. (24 CFR §903.7(o)).
- C.4 Challenged Elements. If any element of the Annual PHA Plan or 5-Year PHA Plan is challenged, a PHA must include such information as an attachment to the Annual PHA Plan or 5-Year PHA Plan with a description of any challenges to Plan elements, the source of the challenge, and the PHA's response to the public.
- C.5 Troubled PHA. If the PHA is designated troubled, and has a current MOA, improvement plan, or recovery plan in place, mark "yes," and describe that plan. Include dates in the description and most recent revisions of these documents as attachments. If the PHA is troubled, but does not have any of these items, mark "no." If the PHA is not troubled, mark "N/A," (24 CFR §903.9)
- D. Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH).
 - D.1 Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing. The PHA will use the answer blocks in item D.1 to provide a statement of its strategies and actions to implement each fair housing goal outlined in its accepted Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) consistent with 24 CFR § 5.154(d)(5) that states, in relevant part: "To implement goals and priorities in an AFH, strategies and actions shall be included in program participants' ... PHA Plans (including any plans incorporated therein) Strategies and actions must affirmatively further fair housing" Use the chart provided to specify each fair housing goal from the PHA's AFH for which the PHA is the responsible program participant whether the AFH was prepared solely by the PHA, jointly with one or more other PHAs, or in collaboration with a state or local jurisdiction and specify the fair housing strategies and actions to be implemented by the PHA during the period covered by this PHA Plan. If there are more than three fair housing goals, add answer blocks as necessary.

Until such time as the PHA is required to submit an AFH, the PHA will not have to complete section D., nevertheless, the PHA will address its obligation to affirmatively further fair housing in part by fulfilling the requirements at 24 CFR 903.7(o)(3) enacted prior to August 17, 2015, which means that it examines its own programs or proposed programs; identifies any impediments to fair housing choice within those programs; addresses those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available; works with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement; and maintain records reflecting these analyses and actions. Furthermore, under Section 5A(d)(15) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, as amended, a PHA must submit a civil rights certification with its Annual PHA Plan, which is described at 24 CFR 903.7(o)(1) except for qualified PHAs who submit the Form HUD-50077-CR as a standalone document.

This information collection is authorized by Section 511 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act, which added a new section 5A to the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, as amended, which introduced the 5-Year and Annual PHA Plan.

Public reporting burden for this information collection is estimated to average 7.52 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not collect this information, and respondents are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Privacy Act Notice. The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development is authorized to solicit the information requested in this form by virtue of Title 12, U.S. Code, Section 1701 et seq., and regulations promulgated thereunder at Title 12, Code of Federal Regulations. Responses to the collection of information are required to obtain a benefit or to retain a benefit. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.



SUMMARY OF ATTACHMENTS

- Attachment #B.1A Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs
- Attachment #B.1B Deconcentration Policy Statement and Analysis
- Attachment #B.1C Statement of Financial Resources
- Attachment #B.1D Approved Changes in Operation and Management Policies
 - 2023 Public Housing Utility Allowance Schedule (B.1D1)
 - 2023 Housing Choice Voucher Program Utility Allowance Schedule (B.1D2)
 - 2023 Housing Choice Voucher Program Payment Standard (B.1D3)
 - 2023 PH Flat Rent Schedule (Based upon 2023 SAFMRs) [B.1D4]
 - Revisions to the HCVP Administrative Plan (B.1D5)
 - Revisions to the Public Housing ACOP (B.1D6)
 - Revisions to the Public Housing Service Charge Policy (B.1D7)
 - New Outdoor Grill, Smoker and Fire Pit Policy for SCCHA Properties (B1.D8)
- Attachment #B.1D1 2023 Public Housing Utility Allowance Schedule
- Attachment #B.1D2 2023 HCVP Utility Allowance Schedule
- Attachment #B.1.D3 2023 Housing Choice Voucher Program Payment Standard
- Attachment #B.1D4 2023 Public Housing Flat Rent Schedule (Based upon 2023 SAFMRs)
- Attachment #B.1D5 Revisions to the HCVP Administrative Plan
- Attachment #B.1D6 Revisions to the Public Housing ACOP
 (Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy)
- Attachment #B.1D7 Revisions to the Public Housing Service Charge Policy
- Attachment #B.1D8 New Outdoor Grill, Smoker and Fire Pit Policy for SCCHA
 Properties
- Attachment #B.1E Asset Management Table
- Attachment #B.2A Statement Regarding Use of Project-Based Vouchers Mixed Finance,
 Modernization or Development, Demolition and/or Disposition,
 and Conversion of Public Housing

Attachment #B.2B - Capital Fund Emergency Safety and Security Grants

Attachment #B.3A - Statement of Progress in Meeting Mission and Goals (5 Year Plan)

Attachment #B.3B - Statement of Progress in Meeting Annual Goals (2022 - 2023)

Attachment #B.4 - Narrative Statement Regarding Financial Audit

Attachment #C.1 - Resident Advisory Board Comments

Attachment #C.2 - Certification by State or Local Official

Attachment #C.3 – Form HUD-50077, PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations (Civil Rights Certification) (Form HUD-50077-ST-HCV-HP)

Attachment #C.4 - Certification of No Challenged Elements

Exhibit #1 - Carbon Monoxide Detector Law Compliance Statement

Exhibit #2 – Annual Plan Goals for Agency Plan 2023 – 2024

Exhibit #3 - Policy Excerpts Related to VAWA (Violence Against Women Act)

Attachment #B.1A – Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs

Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs (updated for APU 2023)

Statement of Housing Needs

A. Housing Needs of Families in the Jurisdiction/s Served by the PHA

Note: The most recent data available regarding housing need in the jurisdiction is the St. Clair County Consolidated Plan 2020 – 2024 compiled by the St. Clair County Intergovernmental Grants Department (SCC-IGD). SCCHA relies heavily on the County's Consolidated Plan to identify the housing needs of families in St. Clair County.

The St. Clair County Housing Authority (SCCHA) reviewed St. Clair County's Consolidated Plan (CP) for 2020 – 2024 to assess the housing needs of the families in its jurisdiction, which includes all of St. Clair County. The information provided below comes directly from the CP.

HUD defines low-income households using three income levels:

- Extremely Low Income (households with incomes at or below 30% of Area Median Income;
- Very Low Income (households with incomes greater than 30% but equal to or less than 50% of area median income), and;
- Low Income (households with incomes greater than 50% but equal to or less than 80% of area median income).

The following findings were contained in the CP.

- Housing cost burden was more severe as household income decreased (i.e. extremely low income households experienced more of a cost burden than did very low or low income households).
- Renter households are more cost burdened than homeowner households.

According to the CP, there are 45,685 low-income households in St. Clair County (out of a total of 106,260 households) with the following income range distribution:

Extremely Low Very Low Low 18,834 (18%) 13,393 (13%) 19,134 (18%)

The CP makes the following observations regarding St. Clair County.

- There are sharp contrasts in the economic status of St. Clair County residents. Communities in the American Bottoms have widespread poverty with accompanying blight and abandonment, while those of the bluffs have extensive residential and commercial development. Note: The CP does not formally define the area referred to as the "American Bottoms" but it is commonly known in the locale as the area west of Illinois State Route 157 continuing to the Illinois State line at the Mississippi River. The area includes the City of East St. Louis and the surrounding collar communities, including both incorporated and unincorporated areas.
 - The American Bottoms communities have become economically distressed over the past 50 years as more affluent residents moved from the bottoms to the bluffs and to nearby Missouri communities.
 - The African American population is mostly concentrated in the American Bottoms (in and around the City of East St. Louis and the collar communities). This is one of the largest minority concentrations in the State of Illinois. The bottom communities suffer from disinvestment, few economic opportunities, a disproportionate number of poor residents and a housing stock that has increasingly become housing of last resort.
 - The disinvestment has also resulted in a lack of resources in affected school districts and a decline in positive perceptions of the affected communities.
 - Cost burden, defined as housing cost greater than either 30% or 50% of income, is the
 most prevalent housing problem in St. Clair County, for both renter and owner
 households.
 - Households of all types (small related, large related, elderly, other) experience housing cost burden. According to the 2013-2018 American Community Survey (DP04), an estimated 41.8% of renter households and 14.8% of owner households face housing cost burden.
 - Affordability is major issue for single person households. Approximately 47% of single person households, or an estimated 14,795 single person households, are in need of some sort of housing assistance.
 - Virtually all extremely low-income households (less than 30% AMI), or 19,410 (of 19,415) households, are housing cost burdened or severely housing cost burdened (according to the 2012-2016 CHAS selected data summary for St. Clair County).
 - Extremely low-income households generally face two key challenges. The challenge of finding quality affordable housing and the challenge of finding appropriate supportive services.
 - Although extremely low-income households are generally not homeless, they do require
 many of the same supportive services IGD coordinates through the Housing Resource
 Center, the Homeless Action Council, and the St. Clair County Continuum of Care
 (LIHEAP utility assistance; rental, deposit, and mortgage assistance; prescription
 assistance, meal assistance, other specialized care assistance).
 - Homelessness is a serious issue impacting all household types, including those receiving or in need of mental health services.

A racial or ethnic group is defined as having a disproportionately greater need if the percentage of persons in a category of need who are members of the particular racial or ethnic group is at

least ten percentage points higher than the percentage of persons in the category of need as a whole. The analysis in the CP identified disproportionate housing need among minority groups as follows:

- Hispanic Households at 0% 30% of AMI.
- American Indian / Alaska Native Households at 0% 30% of AMI
- Asian Households at 30% 50% of AMI.
- Black / African American at 30% 50% AMI
- Asian Households at 50% 80% AMI
- Hispanic Households at 50% 80% AMI
- Asian Households at 80% 100% AMI
- Hispanic Households at 80% 100%

All together, these groups represent approximately 7,319 households and approximately 2,951 households with housing problems. In some cases, the number of households in a racial or ethnic group is small, resulting in potentially misleading data. For example, there are only 78 Asian households at 30% - 50% of AMI, 64 of which experience housing problems. This results in a high percentage (72%) of households experiencing housing problems, but the overall numeric need is actually quite small.

In further discussion, the CP notes that two groups experience housing cost burden and/or severe housing cost burden at a disproportionately greater rate:

- Black / African American households
- American Indian / Alaska Native households
- Hispanic households

It is important to note the population of St. Clair County is almost one third (1/3) Black / African American. Therefore, while multiple racial and ethnic groups have disproportionately greater needs on a percentage basis, there is a particularly high number of Black / African American households experiencing housing cost burden at disproportionately greater rates.

The CP notes that local service providers estimate that there are approximately 1,100 to 1,500 homeless individuals in St. Clair County. The majority of tracked homeless persons and households are African American. However, there are likely additional unidentified and untracked homeless person and households, especially in rural areas of St Clair County.

The CP 2020 - 2024 does not specifically address the housing issues facing persons with disabilities. However, the CP 2015 - 2019 estimated 35,669 St. Clair County residents, or 13.6% of civilian, non-institutionalized persons, have a disability. Of these 35,669 residents, approximately 9.3% are youth under the age of 18, 53.9% are adults ages 18-65 and 36.8% are seniors 65 years of age or older. Special needs persons generally face two key challenges – finding quality affordable housing and appropriate supportive services (the same key challenges faced by low-income households). There is no reason to believe the housing issues of those with disabilities significantly changed or improved from the CP 2015 – 2019.

The CP states while the full extent of the at-risk population is unknown, St. Clair County's Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) helps track data on person who are either homeless or at imminent risk of becoming homeless. Households at risk of becoming homeless include (but are not limited to) households staying with a family or friend temporarily or households currently housed but without a source of income.

The updated CP did not address the supply of housing available at various household income levels. The prior CP (2015 – 2019) determined there was insufficient housing for renter households at the less than 30% of AMI income level. The specifics cited in the older document are retained herein. There were 3,954 housing units affordable to renters making less than 30% of AMI, but there were 10,410 renter households at that income level. The CP concluded Renter households at this income level are incredibly difficult to house. It further determined that while there are "technically" enough affordable units available for renter households at the 30%-50% and 50% - 80% AMI levels, the data available demonstrates that affordable rental housing is not uniformly available in all communities, and there may be a lack of affordable rental housing in areas of high opportunity (with access to jobs, services, high quality schools, etc.).

B. Housing Needs of Families on the Public Housing and Section 8 Tenant – Based Waiting Lists

The Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) waiting list as of 2/1/23 included the following demographic breakdown.

	Number of Families	Percent of Families
Total Wait List	5,680	100%
Extremely Low Incon	ne 4,868	86%
Very Low Income	575	10%
Low Income	237	5%
Singles	2,190	39%
Couples	1,459	26%
Families	2,030	36%
Elderly Families (62+	691	12%
Families' w/ disability	y 972	17%
White households	984	17%
Black households	4,421	78%
Other - race / ethnicit	y * 275	5%
Hispanic households	78	<2%
Non-Hispanic househ	olds 5,524	97%

^{*}Or none declared.

The Section 8 HCVP wait list remains open with an estimated ten percent (10%) annual turnover rate (based upon the number of program participants who leave the program compared to the number of tenants under contract at the beginning of the year --- January 2023).

The wait list for the **Public Housing** program is site based, with eighteen different locations. The consolidated wait list, with duplicated count (meaning that an applicant is counted for each waiting list for which they applied), results in the following demographic breakdown. *Note: In prior years the information presented was in an "unduplicated count" format. SCCHA's current housing software does not provide for this option, but the percentages cited below were determined generally consistent with past calculations and are considered reflective of an unduplicated count wait list.*

Number of Families	Percent of Families	
Total Wait List	19,303	100%
Extremely Low Income	17,020	88%
Very Low Income	1,794	9%
Low Income	489	3%
Singles	9,565	50%
Couples	5,254	27%
Families	4,484	23%
Elderly Families (62+)	2,321	12%
Families' w/ disability	4,037	21%
White households Black households Other – race / ethnicity * Hispanic households	2,917 15,501 885 233	15% 80% 5% < 2%
*Or none declared		
0 & 1 Bedroom	10,130	52%
2 Bedroom	6,670	35%
3 Bedroom	2,164	11%
4 Bedroom	336	2%
5+ Bedroom	3	< 1%

All public housing waiting lists remain open and the annual turnover is estimated at eighteen percent (18%) based upon the number of move-outs annually compared to the number of occupied units at the beginning of the calendar year 2023.

The wait list demographics suggest that the needs of the applicants on both the public housing and Section 8 HCVP wait lists are consistent with the needs of households in the jurisdiction as identified in St. Clair County's Consolidated Plan (CP). Approximately eighty-eight percent (88%) of all applicants for housing assistance fall in the extremely low-income category (30% or below of area median income). Housing cost burden is the primary factor in applicants seeking housing assistance. More than twenty-two percent (22%) of all applicant households report having a disability. Nearly eighty (80%) applicant households are black. Black households were identified in the CP as one of the minority groups having a disproportionate housing need. The number of Hispanic and other minority households on the wait lists is consistent with general population statistics cited in the County's CP 2020-2024.

SCCHA reviewed available data sets contained in the CP and found nothing to indicate that the housing needs of the jurisdiction and needs of the applicants (Section 8 and Public Housing) differ in any significant way.

Reference Note: The St. Clair County Consolidated Plan 2020 to 2024 served as the basis of identifying the housing needs of households in the jurisdiction. A copy of the Consolidated Plan is on file and available for review upon request in conjunction with the review and comment period for the St. Clair County Housing Authority's 2022 Agency Plan Update.

Statement of Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs

(1) Strategies

Need: Shortage of affordable housing for all eligible populations

Strategy 1. Maximize the number of affordable units available to the PHA within its current resources by:

- Employ effective maintenance and management policies to minimize the number of public housing units off-line
- Reduce turnover time for vacated public housing units
- Minimize "off line" time due to renovation / modernization of public housing units.
- Maintain or increase HCVP lease-up rates by establishing payment standards that will
 enable families to rent throughout the jurisdiction
- Undertake measures to ensure access to affordable housing among families assisted by the PHA, regardless of unit size required
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by marketing the program to owners, particularly those outside of areas of minority and poverty concentration
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by effectively screening Section 8 applicants to increase owner acceptance of program
- Participate in the Consolidated Plan development process to ensure coordination with broader community strategies

Strategy 2: Increase the number of affordable housing units by:

- Support the efforts of others to increase the number of affordable housing units.
- Utilize available Project Based Voucher authority to increase the number of affordable units targeting hard-to-house and/or special needs households.

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 30% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 30 % of AMI by:

- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in public housing.
- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in tenant-based section 8 assistance.
- Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work.

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 50% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 50% of AMI by:

- Employ admissions preferences aimed at families who are working
- Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work

Need: Specific Family Types: The Elderly

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to the elderly:

- Maintain HUD-approved designation of public housing for the elderly;
- Maintain Senior Service Coordination Program;
- Utilize available Project Based Voucher authority to increase the number of affordable units designated for the elderly, especially those with special needs.

Need: Specific Family Types: Families with Disabilities

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to Families with Disabilities:

- Maintain HUD-approved designation of public housing for families with disabilities
- Carry out the modifications needed in public housing based on the section 504 Needs Assessment for Public Housing
- Affirmatively market to local non-profit agencies that assist families with disabilities (primarily LINC, Inc.)
- Utilize available Project Based Voucher authority to increase the number of affordable units designated for persons with disabilities.

Need: Specific Family Types: Races or ethnicities with disproportionate housing needs

Strategy 1: Increase awareness of PHA resources among families of races and ethnicities with disproportionate needs:

• No specific marketing / outreach activities are planned at this time.

Strategy 2: Conduct activities to affirmatively further fair housing

- Counsel Section 8 tenants as to location of units outside of areas of poverty or minority concentration and assist them to locate those units.
- Market the Section 8 program to owners outside of areas of poverty/minority concentrations
- Administer all programs in non-discriminatory manner.
- Arrange for Fair Housing / Reasonable Accommodation training for staff on periodic basis.

Other Housing Needs & Strategies: (list needs and strategies below)

Need: Upgrade the quality of the public housing stock

Strategy 1: Identify public housing properties that may not have long-term viability and prepare and submit demolition applications to HUD along with Replacement Tenant Protection Vouchers.

- The public housing developments considered most questionable in terms of long-term viability are:
 - 1. The remaining units (106 family units) in the #30-08 portion of the Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments (ESSA) in Centreville (AMP 3) have received HUD approval for demolition. Resident relocation is underway. As of this writing only thirty-one (31) families remained in occupancy.
 - 2. It is hoped the 30-06 portion of the ESSA (AMP 3) will be determined viable in the long-term with needed physical improvements achieved through a "re-positioning" option available through HUD. However, both the sanitary and storm sewer systems servicing these units are old, deteriorated and result in frequent flooded streets and backups in the dwelling units. Without the needed sewer system upgrades, these public housing units cannot be considered viable.
 - 3. Similarly, it is hoped the public housing units in Brooklyn, the Thomas Terry Apartments (TTA) comprising AMP 1 can achieve long-term viability. The Village is also extremely poverty and minority concentrated. The poverty rate is 40.94% and the population is 95.7% African American. Additionally, there are very few services / retail shopping options available in the community. The community lacks high-speed

broadband internet services. These factors combine to make it a tough decision whether or not to try and retain the federally assisted housing presence in this community.

4. The public housing units in Washington Park, thirty-two (32) scattered site units with twenty (20) one-bedroom units designed for non-elderly disabled persons and twelve (12) two bedroom units with general (or family) occupancy designation, pose another dilemma. Again, the community is highly concentrated in terms of poverty (49% of the population) and minority population (92% African American). Source: US Census 2018 ACS 5-Year Survey]. Additionally, the community is plagued by crime, dilapidated streets, vandalized or burned-out housing structures and an array of other adverse conditions. The public housing units represent some of the best housing stock, even though renovations and updates are needed. The scattered site characteristic of the public housing units is not a positive factor in the case of Washington Park. Many of the units are in isolated locations on streets where there is no other occupied unit in the block or even adjacent blocks. It is a fair question whether SCCHA should work to retain the public housing units in this community. The property maintains high occupancy rates because of the desperate need for housing in St. Clair County. Most households who select Washington Park have no other viable / affordable housing option. Demolition / disposition of these units with Replacement Tenant Protection Vouchers may be the best method by which to provide for the housing needs of low-income households.

(2) Reasons for Selecting Strategies

The following factors influenced the SCCHA's selection of the strategies it will pursue:

- Funding constraints
- Staffing constraints
- Limited availability of sites for assisted housing
- Extent to which particular housing needs are met by other organizations in the community
- Evidence of housing needs as demonstrated in the Consolidated Plan and other information available to the PHA
- Influence of the housing market on PHA programs
- Community priorities regarding housing assistance
- Results of consultation with local or state government
- Results of consultation with residents and the Resident Advisory Board
- Results of consultation with advocacy groups
- HUD's encouragement to "re-position" the national public housing stock

Attachment #B.1B – Deconcentration Policy Statement and Analysis

INCOME DE-CONCENTRATION POLICY STATEMENT

It is St. Clair County Housing Authority's policy to provide for de-concentration of poverty and encourage income mixing by bringing higher income families into lower income developments and lower income families into higher income developments. Toward this end, we will skip families on the waiting list to reach other families with a lower or higher income. We will accomplish this in a uniform and non-discriminating manner.

The St. Clair County Housing Authority will affirmatively market our housing to all eligible income groups. Lower income residents will not be steered toward lower income developments and higher income people will not be steered toward higher income developments.

Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, we will analyze the income levels of families residing in each of our developments and compare them to the Housing Authority wide average household income. Developments that fall outside the allowable 85%-115% range will be identified as low or high income concentrated. Based on this analysis, we will determine the waiting list actions, marketing strategies, and de-concentration incentives to implement. The worksheet for the analysis is attached.

DECONCENTRATION INCENTIVES

The St. Clair County Housing Authority may offer one or more incentives to encourage applicant families whose income classification would help to meet the de-concentration goals of a particular development.

Various incentives may be used at different times, or under different conditions, but will always be provided in a consistent and nondiscriminatory manner.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY INCOME CONCENTRATION ANALYSIS AGENCY PLAN UPDATE - 2023

Development	AMP	Average Income	Weighted Average	Adjusted Avg. Income	85% Threshold	115% Threshold	Within Range	
PHA-WIDE		\$19,961	1.03	\$20,538	\$17,457	\$23,618		
Thomas Terry Apts.	001	\$21,231	1.09	\$23,227			Υ	
Ernest Smith Sr.	003	\$21,257	1.16	\$24,658			N	
Private Mathison Manor	002	\$19,370	1.09	21,119			Υ	

Weighted Average Adjustment For Bedroom Size Distribution

	Occupied Units	Efficiency Units (.70)		1-bedroom Units (0.85)			4-bedroom Units (1.40)		
PHA-WIDE	802	, ,	2	295	270	183	45	7	802
Thomas Terry Apts.	144		0	28	58	42	12	4	144
Ernest Smith Sr. Apts.	88		0	13	20	44	8	3	88
Private Mathison Manor			0	16	98	62	9	0	185

PHA-Wide (2x.70)+(295x.85)+(270x1)+(183x1.25)+(45x1.40)+(7x1.61) / 802

1.03 1.03

Thomas Terry Apts. 0x.70+28x.85+58x1+45x1.11+12x1.40+4x1.61 / 144

1.09 1.09

Ernest Smith Sr. Apts. 0x.70+13x.85+20x1+44x1.25+8x1.40+3x1.61 / 88

1.16 1.16

Private Mathison Manor 0x.70+16x.85+96x1+67x1.25+9x1.40+0x1.61 / 188

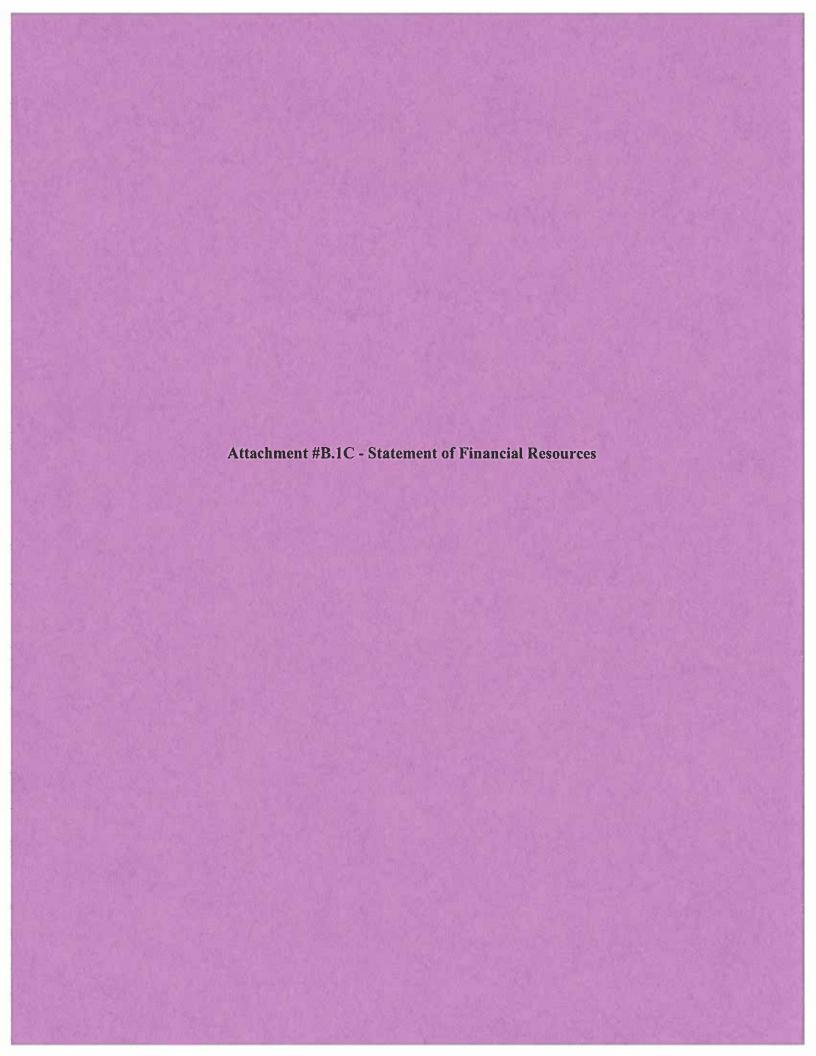
1.09

Report calculated using data as of 2/3/2023

INCOME DECONCENTRATION WORKSHEET - APU 2023 (Occupancy Data as of 2/3/2023)

Percent of Poverty in Census Tract (2020 Census)	47.7%	11.1%	15.0%	5.1%	43.3%	42.4%	45.2%	4.6%	12.3%	2.9%	47.7%	14.9%	4.6%	12.4%	10.7%
Census Tract	5045.00	5040.02	5031.00	5039.06	5027.00	5028.00	5025.00	5040.01	5043.02	5016.05	5022.00	5033.01	5032.03	5043.51	5019.00
% of Units Occupied by Extremely Low-Income Families	77% 98% 56%	88% 75% 67% 93%	80%	%02	80% 65% 100%	73% 76% 64%	51%	81%	22%	74%	88%	26%	71%	74%	73%
# of Units Occupied by Extremely Low-Income Families	68 21 9	7 6 12 13	12	7	39 20 8	72 55 9	21	£ 1	13	25 50	28	თ	12	41	33
Number of Occupied Units	388	∞ ∞ 6 4	<u>t</u>	10	49 8	99 72 14	41	16	23	34	32	16	17	19	45
Number of Units Under ACC	100 42 16	ω ω 1 4.	19	10	51 106 8	110 85 16	44	16	24	38	32	16	92	20	48
Development Number	30-1 30-9 30-12 Brooklyn	30-19 30-28 Lenzberg 30-2 30-7 Marissa	30-3 Dupo	30-5 Smithton	30-6 30-8 30-20 Canokia Heights	30-10 30-60 30-80 Cahokia Heights	30-11 Cahokia Heights	30-13 30-21 New Athens	30-14 Lebanon	30-16 30-27 Belleville	30-17 Washington Park	30-18 Swansea	30-22 Millstadt	30-24 O'Fallon	30-61 Belleville 48 45 33

^{*} Denotes Development with less than 40% of Extremely Low Income Households.



Summary of Financial Resources Budgeted for FYE 06/30/2023

Public Housing Operating Fund Subsidy		\$3,497,959
Public Housing Capital Fund 2022 CFP Grant		\$3,374,214
Public Housing Dwelling Rental		\$2,108,640
Interest Income Other Income-Maintenance Chrgs, Legal Fees, Laundry		\$5,600 \$99,400
Annual Contributions for Section 8	HAP Admin Fee	\$14,946,000 \$1,527,178 \$25,558,991

Summary of Financial Resources Actually Received for FYE 06/30/2022

Public Housing Operating Fund Subsidy		\$3,813,811
Public Housing Capital Fund		8
	2019	\$1,121,971
	2020	\$1,128,681
	2021	\$595,164
		\$2,845,815
Public Housing Dwelling Rental		\$2,252,735
Interest Income		\$281
Other Income-Maintenance Chrgs, Legal Fees, La	aundry, Misc	\$108,394
Annual Contributions for Section 8	HAP	\$14,088,186
	Admin Fee	\$1,526,723

Prepared: 2/2023

Attachment #B.1D - Proposed Changes in Operation and Management Policies

- 2023 Public Housing Utility Allowance Schedule (B.1D1)
- 2023 Housing Choice Voucher Program Utility Allowance Schedule (B.1D2)
- 2023 Housing Choice Voucher Program Payment Standard (B.1D3)
- 2023 PH Flat Rent Schedule (Based upon 2023 SAFMRs) [B.1D4]
- Approved Revisions to the HCVP Administrative Plan (B.1D5)
- Approved Revisions to the PH ACOP (B.1D6)
- Approved Revisions to the Public Housing Service Charge Policy (B.1D7)
- Approved New Outdoor Grill, Smoker, Fire Pit Policy for SCCHA Properties (B.1D8)

Attachment #B.1D1 – 2023 Public Housing Utility Allowance Schedule

St. Clair County Housing Authority Public Housing Utility Allowance Schedule Proposed Effective Date: January 1, 2023

	Bedroom Size						
Development			1	2	3	4	5
30-1	Brooklyn		97	113	128	140	153
30-2	Marissa			113	128	140	
30-2C ¹	Marissa			203		_	
30-3	Dupo	82	82	98	113	124	
30-5	Smithton		97	-	127	138	
30-6	Centreville		94	109	125	134	
30-60	Centreville		98	114	130	142	
30-7	Marissa		102				
30-8	Centreville =		100	116	131		157
30-80	Centreville			116	131		
30-9 – Gas Heat	Brooklyn		138	164	190		
30-9A – Elec. Heat ²	Brooklyn			201			
30-10	Centreville		98	111	129	140	
30-11	Alorton		128	152	182	204	
30-12	Brooklyn		143	167	195		
30-13	New Athens		159	195			
30-14	Lebanon	-	147	184	227		
30-16 (North 47 th)	Belleville Bel-Plaza 2		76		535.03	_	_
30-61 (S. Church)	Belleville Bel-Plaza-1		76				
30-17	Washington Park		141	165			
30-17A S/F House ³	Washington Park			185			
30-18	Swansea		164				
30-19	Lenzburg		132	156			
30-20	Centreville		104				
30-21	New Athens		158				
30-22	Millstadt		154	196	245		
30-24A ⁴	O'Fallon			130			
30-24B	O'Fallon			201			
30-27	Belleville – Amber Ct.		101	120			
30-28	Lenzburg		1,000	113	165		

Effective Date: January 1, 2023

Resident Comment Period: October 1, 2022 through November 30, 2022

Board Approval Date: December 14, 2022

¹ Units = U11, A12, A31, A32, A41, A42, B21, B22

² Units = 604, 606, 608, 610, 616, 618, 620, 622, 628, 630, 632, 634 South 5th St.

³ Units = 1800, 1826, 2236 and 2240

⁴ Buildings = 301 and 303 Estate

Attachment #B.1D2 – 2023 HCVP Utility Allowance Schedule

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 25577-0169 exp.7/31/2022

See Public Reporting and Instructions on back.

The following allowances are used to determine the total cost of tenant-furished utilities and appliances.		Date (mm/dd/yyyy): 9/14/2022 For Moves and New Admits					
Locality:		Unit Type: Single-Family House/Detached					
St Clair County Housing Authority, IL	.	Unit Type: 3	ingie-ram	ily House	/Detache	a	
Utility or Service:	0 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	5 BR	6 BR
· ·	<u>'</u>		Monthly	Dollar Allow	ances		
Heating							
a. Natural Gas	\$40.00	\$46.00	\$55.00	\$62.00	\$68.00	\$75.00	\$81.00
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$69.00	\$80.00	\$95.00	\$106.00	\$119.00	\$130.00	\$138.00
c. Electric	\$49.00	\$58.00	\$68.00	\$77.00	\$87.00	\$96.00	\$104,00
d. Electric Heat Pump	\$27.00	\$32.00	\$38,00	\$43.00	\$47,00	\$52.00	\$56.00
e. Oil	\$123.00	\$142.00	\$167.00	\$187.00	\$211.00	\$231.00	\$250.00
Cooking				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1-1111		\$250.00
a. Natural Gas	\$4.00	\$4.00	\$7.00	\$8.00	\$11,00	\$12.00	\$14.00
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$11.00	\$15.00	\$19.00	\$22.00	\$24.00
c. Electric	\$7.00	\$8.00	\$11.00	\$15.00	\$18.00	\$22.00	\$24.00
Other Electric & Cooling					7.0.00	*22.00	327.00
Other Electric (Lights & Appliances)	\$37.00	\$43.00	\$60.00	\$77.00	\$94.00	\$111.00	\$120.00
Air Conditioning	\$7.00		\$19.00	\$30.00	\$40.00	\$51.00	\$55.00
Water Heating	······································					231.00	\$33,00
a. Natural Gas	\$11.00	\$14.00	\$19.00	\$25.00	\$30.00	\$37.00	\$40.00
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$19.00		\$32.00	\$43.00	\$52.00	\$63.00	\$69.00
c. Electric	\$21.00		\$31.00	\$38.00	\$45.00	\$51.00	\$55.00
d. Oil	\$34 00		\$59.00	\$79.00	\$93.00	\$113.00	\$123.00
Water, Sewer, Trash Collection				4,3.00	455.00	\$113.00	\$123.00
Water	\$52.00	\$53.00	\$63.00	\$73.00	\$83.00	\$93.00	\$100.00
Sewer	\$43.00		\$59.00	\$74.00	\$88.00	\$103.00	\$112.00
Sewer Treatment	\$22.00			\$41.00	\$51.00	\$60.00	\$66.00
Trash Collection (avg)	\$23.00		\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00
Tenant-supplied Appliances		1 1 1 1 1 1	400,00	423.00	\$25,00	\$25.00	\$23.00
Range / Microwave Tenant-supplied	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00
Refrigerator Tenant supplied	\$12.00			\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00
Otherspecify: Monthly Charges			=	4 12.00	\$12,00	\$12.00	\$12.00
Electric Charge \$12.06	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00
Natural Gas Charge \$22.39	\$22.00			\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00
Actual Family Allowances			Utility or			er month cos	
To be used by the family to compute allowance. Com	plete below f	or the actual	Heating		\$	er morar cc .	
unit rented			Cooking		\$		
Name of Family			Other Electri		\$		
			Air Conditio Water Heati		\$		
Address of Unit			Water	9	\$	B. 907 - 2707	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			Sewer		\$		
			Trash Collec		\$		
			Range / Mic Refrigerator		\$		
			Other		\$		
Number of Bedrooms			Other		\$		
Service Certified			Total		\$		



U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

OM8 Approval No. 25577-0169 exp.7/31/2022

See Public Reporting and Instructions on back.

The following allowances are used to determine the tenant-furished utilities and appliances.	total cost of	Date (mm/d	d/yyyy): 9/14/	/2022 For Mov /2022 For Ann		lmits	
Locality:	Unit Type: Duplex, Townhouse or Row House						
St Clair County Housing Authority,	IL.	Onit type.	apiex, 10	MIIIIOUSE	OI KOW H	ouse	100
Utility or Service:	0 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	5 BR	6 BR
		<u> </u>		Dollar Allow			
Heating			<u> </u>				
a. Natural Gas	\$36.00	\$42.00	\$48.00	\$55.00	\$60.00	\$66.00	\$71.00
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$60.00	\$73.00	\$82.00	\$95.00	\$104.00	\$112.00	\$123.00
c. Electric	\$31.00	\$37.00	\$47.00	\$58.00	\$68.00	\$79.00	\$85.00
d. Electric Heat Pump	\$23.00	\$27,00	\$32.00	\$36.00	\$40.00	\$44.00	\$48.00
e. Oil	\$113.00	\$133.00	\$147.00	\$167.00	\$187.00	\$206.00	\$221.00
Cooking				4101101	4101.007	7200.00	\$221.00
a. Natural Gas	\$4.00	\$4.00	\$7.00	\$8.00	\$11.00	\$12.00	\$14.00
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$6.00		\$11.00	\$15.00	\$19.00	\$22.00	\$24.00
c. Electric	\$7.00	 	\$11.00	\$15.00	\$18.00	\$22.00	\$24.00
Other Electric & Cooling		1	711.00	213.00	\$10.00	\$22.00	\$2.4.00
Other Electric (Lights & Appliances)	\$32.00	\$37.00	\$52.00	\$66.00	\$81.00	\$96.00	\$103,00
Air Conditioning	\$9.00	-	\$19.00	\$26.00	\$34.00	\$42.00	\$45.00
Water Heating	1 43.00	7 211.00	\$15.00	\$20.00	\$.74.00	\$42,00	\$45.00
a. Natural Gas	\$11.00	\$14.00	\$19.00	\$25.00	\$30.00	\$37.00	\$40.00
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$19.00	-		\$43.00	\$52.00	\$63.00	\$69.00
c. Electric	\$21.00		\$31.00	\$38.00	\$45.00		
d. Oil	\$34.00		\$59.00	\$79.00	\$93.00	\$51.00	\$55.00
Water, Sewer, Trash Collection	\$34.00	7 \$33.00	\$33.00	\$79.00	\$93.00	\$113.00	\$123.00
Water	\$52.00	\$53.00	\$63.00	\$73.00	\$83.00	502.00	f 100 00
Sewer	\$43.00			\$73.00		\$93.00	\$100.00
Sewer Treatment	\$22.00				\$88.00	\$103.00	\$112.00
Trash Collection (avg)	\$23.00	+		\$41.00	\$51.00	\$60.00	\$66.00
Tenant-supplied Appliances	\$25.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00
Range / Microwave Tenant-supplied	\$11.00	0 \$11.00	¢11.00	£11.00	611.00	444.00	
Refrigerator Tenant-supplied	\$12.00			\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00
Otherspecify: Monthly Charges	\$12.0	0 \$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00
Electric Charge \$12.06	1 6120	412.00	412.00	440.00	442.00		····
	\$12.00		1	\$12.00		\$12.00	\$12.00
Natural Gas Charge \$22.39	\$22.0	0 \$22.00		\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00
Actual Family Allowances To be used by the family to compute allowance. O	Samuelata balan	for the natural	Utility or Heating	Service		er month cos	st
unit rented.	отрине реком	for the actual	Cooking		\$		
Name of Family			Other Electri	С	\$		
			Air Conditio		\$		
Address of Unit			Water Heati	ng	\$		
1			Sewer		\$		
			Trash Collec		\$		
			Range / Mic		\$		
			Refrigerator Other		\$		
Number of Bedrooms			Other		\$		
			Total		\$		



Other Electric (Lights & Appliances)

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No 25577-0169

See Public Reporting and Instructions on back. exp.7/31/2022 The following allowances are used to determine the total cost of Date (nim/dd/yyyy): 9/14/2022 For Moves and New Admits tenant-furnished utilities and appliances. 11/1/2022 For Annuals Locality: Unit Type: Apartment (3 or More Unit) St Clair County Housing Authority, IL **Utility or Service:** 0 BR 1 BR 3 BR 5 BR 6BR Monthly Dollar Allowances Heating Natural Gas \$27.00 \$33.00 \$38.00 \$42.00 \$48.00 \$53.00 \$57.00 Bottle Gas/Propane \$48.00 \$56.00 \$67.00 \$73.00 \$82.00 \$93,00 \$99.00 Electric \$22.00 \$26.00 \$34.00 \$42,00 \$51.00 \$59.00 \$64.00 d. Electric Heat Pump \$19.00 \$22.00 \$27.00 \$30.00 \$33.00 \$37.00 \$39.00 e. Oil \$88.00 \$103.00 \$118,00 \$133.00 \$147,00 \$162.00 \$177.00 Cooking Natural Gas \$4.00 \$4.00 \$7.00 \$8.00 \$11.00 \$12.00 \$14.00 Bottle Gas/Propane b. \$6.00 \$6.00 \$11.00 \$15.00 \$19.00 \$22.00 \$24.00 Electric C. \$7.00 \$8.00 \$11.00 \$15.00 \$18.00 \$22,00 \$24.00 Other Electric & Cooling

Other Electric (Lights & Appliances)	\$25.00	\$30.00	\$41,00	\$53.00	\$64.00	\$76.00	\$82.00
Air Conditioning	\$9.00	\$11.00	\$15.00	\$20.00	\$24,00	\$28.00	\$30.00
Water Heating							
a. Natural Gas	\$10.00	\$11.00	\$15.00	\$19.00	\$25.00	\$29.00	\$31.00
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$17.00	\$19.00	\$26.00	\$32.00	\$43.00	\$50.00	\$54.00
c. Electric	\$17.00	\$20.00	\$25.00	\$30.00	\$36.00	\$41.00	\$44.00
d. Oil	\$29.00	\$34.00	\$44.00	\$59.00	\$74.00	\$88.00	\$93.00
Water, Sewer, Trash Collection						····	
Water	\$52.00	\$53.00	\$63.00	\$73.00	\$83.00	\$93.00	\$100.00
Sewer	\$43.00	\$44.00	\$59.00	\$74.00	\$88.00	\$103.00	\$112.00
Sewer Treatment	\$22.00	\$23.00	\$32.00	\$41.00	\$51.00	\$60.00	\$66.00
Trash Collection (avg)	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00
Tenant-supplied Appliances							
Range / Microwave Tenant-supplied	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11.00
Refrigerator Tenant-supplied	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00
Otherspecify: Monthly Charges				<u> </u>			
Electric Charge \$12.06	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00
Natural Gas Charge \$22.39	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00

Actual Family Allowances	Utility or Service	per month cost
To be used by the family to compute allowance. Complete below for the actual	Heating	\$
unit rented	Cooking	\$
Name of Family	Other Electric	\$
	Air Conditioning	\$
	Water Heating	\$
Address of Unit	Water	\$
	Sewer	\$
	Trash Collection	\$
	Range / Microwave	\$
	Refrigerator	\$
	Other	\$
Number of Bedrooms	Other	\$
	Total	\$



See Public Reporting and Instructions on back.

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing

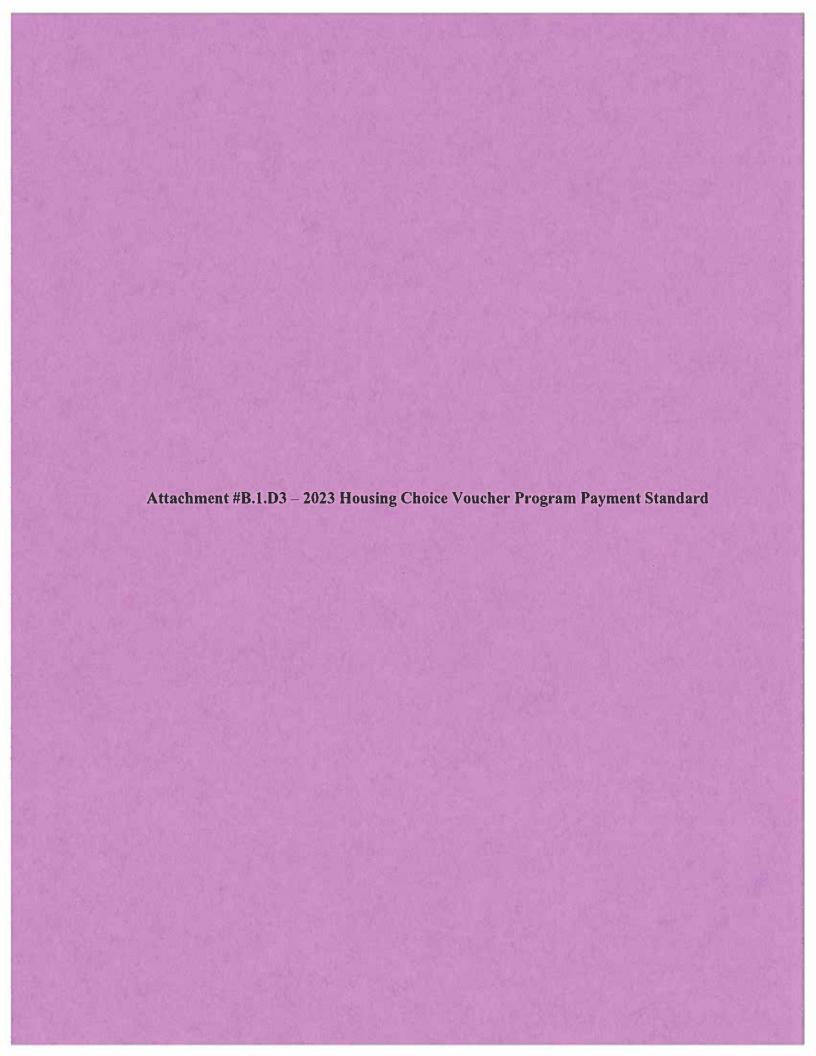
OMB Approval No 25577 0169 exp.7/31/2022

The following allowances are used to determine the total cost of

Date (mm/dd/yyyy): 9/14/2022 For Moves and New Admits

tenant-furished utilities and appliances.	11/1/2022 For Annuals							
Locality: Unit Ty			t Type: Mobile Home					
St Clair County Housing Authority, IL		o 1, pc. 11						
Utility or Service:	0 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	5 BR		
			Monthly Dollar	Allowances	1			
Heating								
a. Natural Gas	\$34.00	\$40.00	\$46.00	\$52.00	\$57.00			
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$\$8.00	\$69.00	\$80.00	\$89.00	\$99.00			
c. Electric	\$52.00	\$61.00	\$63.00	\$65.00	\$67.00			
d. Electric Heat Pump	\$23.00	\$27.00	\$32.00	\$36.00	\$40,00			
e. Oil	\$103.00	\$123.00	\$142.00	\$162.00	\$177.00			
Cooking					411100			
a. Natural Gas	\$4.00	\$4.00	\$7.00	\$8.00	\$11.00			
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$11.00	\$15.00	\$19.00			
c. Electric	\$7.00	\$8.00	\$11.00	\$15.00	\$18.00			
Other Electric & Cooling	77.00	\$0.50	\$11.00	\$15.00	\$10.00			
Other Electric (Lights & Appliances)	\$37.00	\$43.00	\$60.00	\$77.00	\$94.00	·		
Air Conditioning	\$9.00	\$10.00	\$18.00	\$25.00	\$32.00			
Water Heating	\$5.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$23.00	\$32.00			
a. Natural Gas	\$11.00	\$14.00	\$19.00	\$25.00	\$30 00			
b. Bottle Gas/Propane	\$19.00		\$32.00	\$43.00	\$52.00			
c. Electric	\$21.00		\$31.00	\$38.00				
d. Oil	\$34.00				\$45.00			
Water, Sewer, Trash Collection	\$34.00	\$39.00	\$59.00	\$79.00	\$93.00			
Water	\$52.00	\$53.00	\$63.00	\$72.00	*02.00			
Sewer	\$43.00		\$59.00	\$73.00	\$83.00			
Sewer Treatment	\$22.00			\$74.00	\$88.00			
Trash Collection (avg)	\$23.00		\$32.00	\$41.00	\$51.00			
Tenant-supplied Appliances	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$23.00			
Range / Microwave Tenant-supplied	\$11.00	\$11.00	\$11,00	***	27.7.5			
Refrigerator Tenant-supplied				\$11.00	\$11.00			
Otherspecify: Monthly Charges	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00			
Electric Charge \$12.06	412.00	447.00						
Natural Gas Charge \$22.39	\$12.00			\$12.00	\$12.00			
	\$22.00	\$22.00		\$22.00				
Actual Family Allowances To be used by the family to compute allowance. Comp	described to the		Utility or	Service	per month cost			
rented.	ilete below for t	ne actual unit	Cooking		\$			
Name of Family			Other Electric		\$			
			Air Conditioning		\$			
				Water Heating		\$		
Address of Unit	Water		\$					
			Sewer	· · · ·	\$			
			Trash Collect		\$			
			Range / Microwave		\$			
			Refrigerator Other		\$			
Number of Bedrooms			Other		\$			
		Total		 				





To: Board of Commissioners

Fr: Larry McLean, Executive Director Pam Jackson, Program Director

Re: Payment Standards for the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP)

Dt: October 4, 2022

We are recommending the HCVP Payment Standard Schedule (PSS) be increased to between 100% of the HUD published 2023 Fair Market Rents as shown below.

The following amounts for all zip codes in St. Clair County except for 62208 (Fairview Heights) and 62269 (O'Fallon).

The following amounts for zip codes 62208 (Fairview Heights) and 62269 (O'Fallon).

Note: All of the above amounts are based upon the landlord furnishing all utilities and the stove and refrigerator.

Some explanation and comment is warranted. HUD publishes the annual Fair Market Rents (FMRs) for the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) annually (usually in October). The 2023 FMRs were published in September. Industry trade publications have commented the FMRs increased at unprecedented levels, reflecting the nationwide increases in housing rental rates.

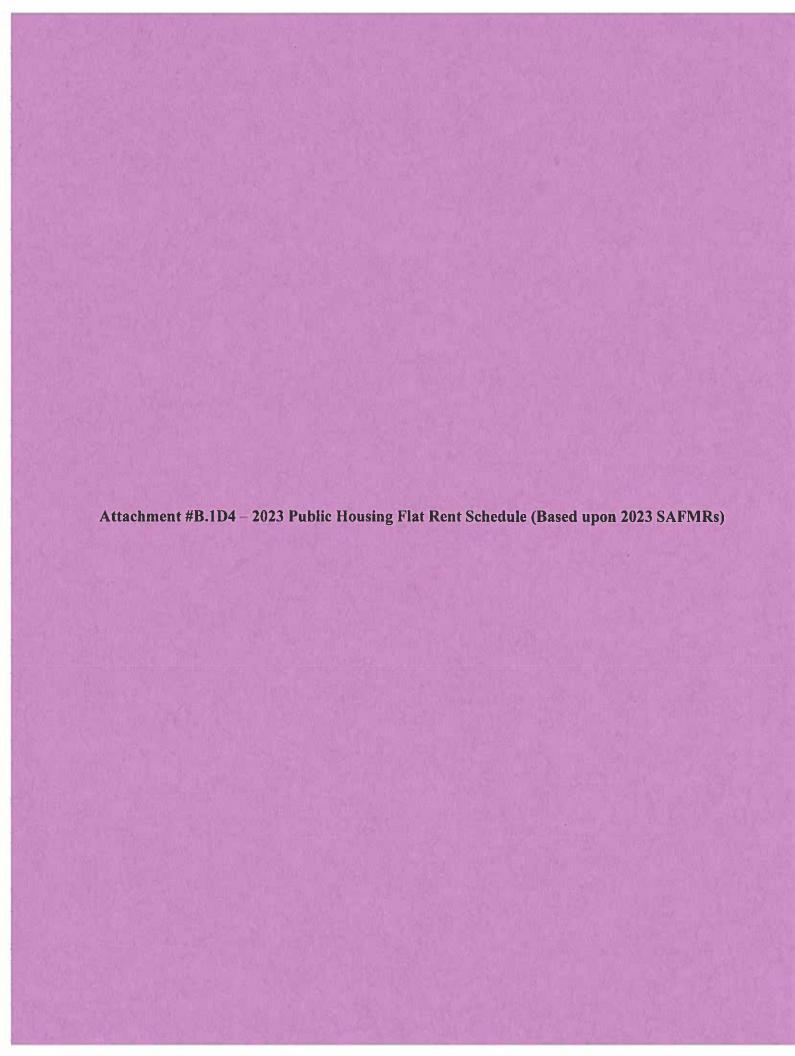
To be candid, it is concerning to recommend such a large increase in the PSS. When fully implemented, it is estimated the increased PSS will increase monthly HAP (housing assistance payments) expenditures by approximately \$100,000 monthly and \$1.2 million annually. Additionally, we recommended, and you approved a significant increase in the Utility Allowance Schedule (UAS) at the September Board Meeting. Increases in the payment standard and utility allowances both result in increased average HAP expenditure (assuming all other factors remain the same). We simply are not certain future HUD funding will be sufficient to allow us to lease-up the 2,400 households needed to cover operating expenses (given the increase in PSS and UAS).

However, we recognize local rental rates have increased substantially, as well as utility costs. These increases directly impact households participating in the HCVP (decreasing "affordability" of potential rental units). Also, we are currently spending less than 90% of

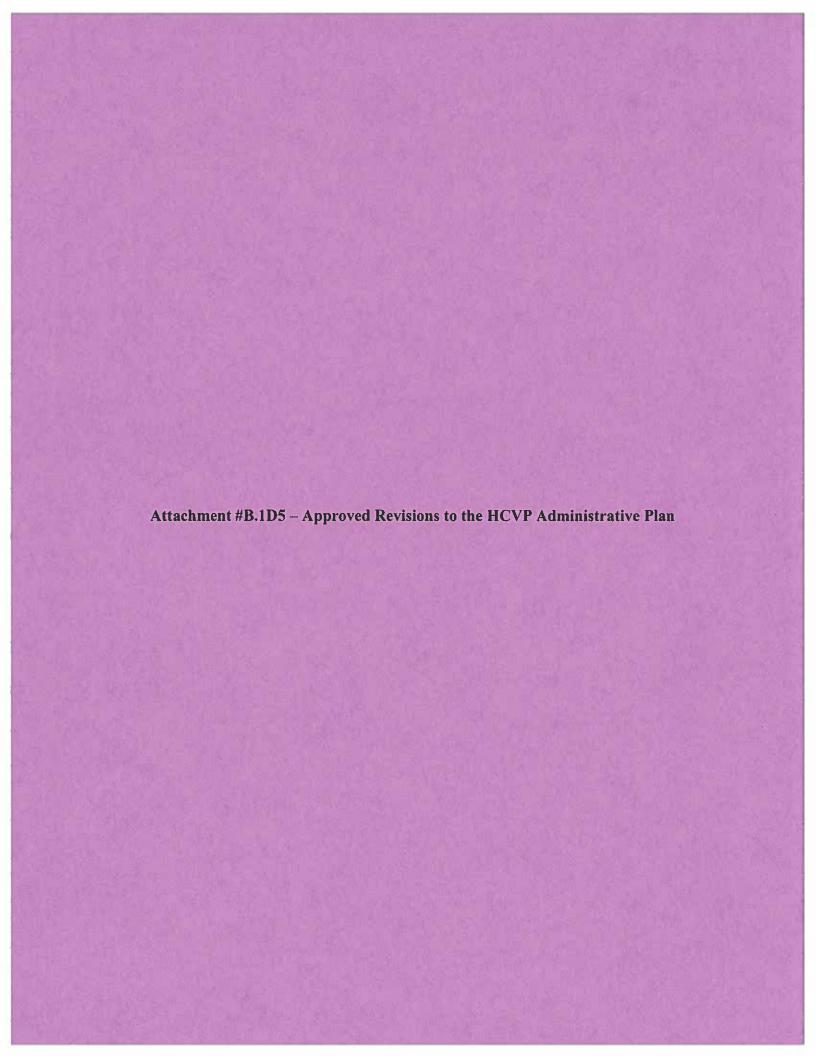
budget authority and have been on HUD's monitoring list for months for underutilization. It is with these factors in mind that we propose the increase in the PSS.

Your approval of the increased payment standard schedules effective October 12, 2022 for moves and new admissions and December 1, 2022 for annuals is respectfully recommended.

We are pleased to respond to any questions and/or provide any additional information you may need related to this recommendation. Thank you.



	St. Clair	County	Hou	sing A	utho	rity	Ŷ					
		Public	Hou	sing				-				
	Flat Rent Sc	hedule	- 20	23 (Us	ing :	Small A	Area	FMRs)				
	Effec	tive Dat	e: J	uly 1, 2	023							
		0-BR		1-Br		2-Br		3-Br		4-Br		5-B
Alorton - (Hawthorne - 011)			\$	400	\$	528	\$	706	\$	836		
Belleville (Amber Court - 027)			\$	427	\$	560						
Belleville (Bel-Plaza 1 - Church - 061)			\$	506								
Belleville (Bel-Plaza 2 - N. 47th - 016)			\$	452								2.7 Sec. (Comment 8.)
Brooklyn - Thomas Terry - 001			\$	431	\$	567	\$	760	\$	900	\$	1,043
Brooklyn - TT - 009 (Gas Heat)			\$	390	\$	516	\$	698				
Brooklyn - TT - 009 (Elec Heat)					\$	479					227	
Brooklyn - TT - 012			\$	385	\$	513	\$	693				
Centreville - ESS (006)			\$	434	\$	571	\$	763	\$	906		
Centreville - ESS (008)			\$	428	\$	564	\$	757			\$	1,039
Centreville - ESS (020)			\$	424								
Centreville - PMM (010)			\$	449	\$	590	\$	787	\$	930		
Centreville - PMM (060)			\$	430	\$	566	\$	758	\$	898		
Centreville - PMM (080)					\$	609	\$	794				
Dupo	\$	446	\$	486	\$	622	\$	823	\$	980		
Lebanon (Garden Ridge - 014)	HES ALSO		\$	429	\$	552	\$	733				
Lenzburg (019)			\$	396	\$	524				- EF-E		
Lenzburg (028)					\$	567	\$	723				0.5
Marissa (002)					\$	567	\$	760	\$	900		
Marissa (002 - C)					\$	477						
Marissa (007)			\$	426								
Millstadt			\$	374	\$	484	\$	643				
New Athens (Phillips - 013)			\$	377		485						
New Athens (South Clinton - 021)			\$	378				LV2CO				
O'Fallon (024-A)				amen's and the second	\$	726						Lenguage
O'Fallon (024-B)					\$	655	1					
Smithton (005)			\$	447		at 800 camping	\$	769	\$	918		77.77
Swansea (Fullerton Rd - 018)			\$	364			1			- Transport		
Washington Park - 017 Scattered			\$	387	\$	515						
Washington Park - 017 Scattered			10.40	and a Line of	\$	495						1111
Effective Date: July 1, 2023				- 30						7		
Resident Comment Period: 2/1/23 thru 4/5/	23								1		7	
Board Approval Date: April 12, 2023												



Approved Policy Changes

Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) Administrative Plan

1. Revise Chapter 4, Part III, sub-part 4-III.C Selection Method, 7 point preference for Inter-Program Transfer / Accommodation to include the following paragraph.

This preference may be granted to applicants who are participating in a training or employment program administered by the St. Clair County Intergovernmental Grants Department (IGD) under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (or "WIAO") and whose success in the program is determined to be threatened by the lack of stable and affordable housing. Admissions are limited to a maximum of twelve (12) households in the last twelve (12) months.

Notice of Upcoming Changes to the Public Housing ACOP and Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) Administrative Plan

A. HUD Published HOTMA Final Rule in the Federal Register

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (<u>HUD</u>) officially published the <u>final rule</u> in the *Federal Register* on February 14, 2023 implementing Sections 102, 103, and 104 of the Housing Opportunity Through Modernization Act of 2016 (HOTMA). These sections make extensive changes to the United States Housing Act of 1937, particularly those affecting income calculation and reviews. Below are some highlights:

Section 102

- It applies mainly to public housing, HCV, and PBRA, but some of its provisions also apply to HOME, HTF, and HOPWA.
- It extensively modifies the definition of annual income.
- It makes changes to how income from financial aid and scholarships is determined.
- It creates a 10 percent adjusted income increase/decrease threshold for conducting interim reexaminations. In most cases, it requires that increases in earned income are not processed until the next annual reexamination.
- It allows for the use of annual income determinations from other programs.
- It increases standard deductions for families with a head, cohead, or spouse who is elderly or a person with a disability.
- It codifies additional income and asset exclusions, including amounts received from Medicaid or other state/local programs meant to keep a family member with a disability living at home.
- It increases the allowance for unreimbursed health and medical care expenses from three percent of annual income to 10 percent, phased in over two years.
- It raises the imputed asset threshold from \$5,000 to \$50,000, incentivizing families to build wealth without imputing income on those assets.

 It provides hardship relief for expense deductions, lessening the impact of the increased threshold for medical expenses.

Section 103

- It imposes continued program participation limits for families exceeding the statutory income limitation in the public housing program, also known as the "over-income" provision.
- In doing so, it modifies the definition of Total Tenant Payment (TTP) and changes requirements regarding preferences, family choice of rents, reexaminations, automatic lease renewals, and terminations.

Section 104

- It applies to public housing, HCV, PBRA, HOME, HTF, and HOPWA.
- It imposes a \$100,000 asset limit for eligibility and continued assistance. Families are
 also ineligible for assistance if they own real property suitable for occupancy. PHAs
 have the option of delaying enforcement/termination for up to six months if the family
 is over the asset threshold at the time of annual reexamination.
- It implements deductions and exceptions for certain investments. Retirement accounts and educational savings accounts will not be considered a net family asset.
- It allows self-certification of net assets if estimated to be at or below \$50,000.
- It requires that applicants for and recipients of assistance provide authorization to PHAs to obtain financial records.
- It changes the requirements for the signing of consent forms by family members.
- It removes the requirement to run the EIV Income Report at a family's interim recertification.

HOTMA impacts rental assistance programs administered by HUD's Offices of Public and Indian Housing (PIH), Multifamily Housing (MFH), and Community Development and Planning (CPD), including the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV), Public Housing, Section 8 Project-Based Rental Assistance (PBRA), Section 202/811, HOPWA, HOME, and the Housing Trust Fund programs.

Changes related to Section 103 (over-income provision) will become effective on **March 16**, **2023** (30 days after publication in the *Federal Register*). PHAs have an additional 120 days after the effective date to fully implement the changes. Reference item #1 above for information as to how SCCHA will revise its Public Housing ACOP to comply with Section 103.

Changes related to Sections 102 and 104 will be effective **January 1, 2024**. HUD will be providing additional implementation guidance and training for these sections over the coming months. Therefore, SCCHA will wait to make specific changes to its PH ACOP and HCVP Administrative Plan until HUD implementation guidance has been issued and training has been provided. Since the final rule makes the public aware of upcoming changes, SCCHA's subsequent revisions to its PH ACOP and HCVP AP will not be considered a significant

amendment to its Agency Plan and shall take effect upon approval by the Board of Commissioners..

For further information, refer to the final rule and the HOTMA Resources webpage.

B. Compliance with Public Housing Access Bill (SB1980)

Criminal history should not be considered in the case of the following:

- 1. Unless required by federal law
- 2. Arrest or charges did not lead to conviction.
- 3. Conviction has been vacated, expunged, sealed, etc.
- 4. Juvenile Court matters
- 5. Amount of time released from jail. (Rights are immediate)
- 6. Convictions are older than 180 days from submission of application.

Authority shall create a system for independent review of criminal history.

- 1. Reviewer should review criminal history and ONLY report history that does not interfere with the guidelines above to the decision maker.
- 2. Reviewer should not participate in final decision of application.

Authority can deny an applicant in the following cases:

- 1. Denied under federal law
- 2. Criminal conviction (of the past 180 days) jeopardizes safety, health and peaceful enjoyment of fellow tenants. "The mere existence of a criminal history record does not demonstrate such a risk."

Authority may file suit for repossession of the premises after 3 days written notice and w/o a hearing, if the tenant creates or maintains a threat that constitutes a clear and serious danger to fellow tenants and Authority Employees. This includes, but is not limited to any of the following actions by the tenant or guest of tenant on premises:

- 1. Physical assault or threat of physical assault
- 2. Gang membership
- 3. Illegal use or threat of illegal use of weapon
- 4. Illegal possession or use of drugs or allowing guests the illegal possession or use of drugs on premises.

Tenant shall be given the opportunity to contest the termination in the court proceedings.

Gang membership is defined in "Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act" as:

1. Any person who in fact belongs to a gang;

- 2. Acts as an accessory to a gang;
- 3. Has a course or pattern of gang related activity whether in preparatory, executory, or coverup phase;
- 4. Knowingly performs, aids, or abets such activity.

SCCHA shall revise its HCVP AP to incorporate the above provisions of State law. Since the public is aware of these upcoming changes, SCCHA's subsequent revision to its policies shall not be considered a significant amendment to its Agency Plan and shall take effect upon approval by the Board of Commissioners.

Attachment #B.1D6 – Approved Revisions to the Public Housing ACOP

Approved Policy Changes

Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP)

- 1. Revise Chapter 10, Section A, paragraph e) "Inter-Program Transfers / Accommodation (admission selection preferences)" (page 25) to include the following sub-paragraph.
 - iv. This preference may be granted to applicants who are participating in a training or employment program administered by the St. Clair County Intergovernmental Grants
 Department (IGD) under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (or "WIAO") and whose success in the program is determined to be threatened by the lack of stable and affordable housing. Admissions are limited to a maximum of twelve (12) households in the last twelve (12) months.
- Revise Chapter 13, Section 13.5 "Rent for Over-income Limit for families as Defined by HOTMA" to read as follows.

"Section 103 of the Housing Opportunity Through Modernization Act of 2016 (referred to as HOTMA) placed an income limitation of a public housing tenancy for families. The regulation now (as of March 16, 2023) requires that after a family's income has exceeded a 120 percent of the applicable very low-income (VLI) limit for a period of 24 consecutive months SCCHA must: a) terminate the family's tenancy within 6 months of the second income determination; OR b) charge the family a monthly rent equal to the greater of (1) the applicable Fair Market Rent (FMR) or (2) the amount of monthly subsidy for the unit including amounts from the operating and capital fund, as determined by regulations. SCCHA shall issue an Over-Income (OI) family the three notices required by implementing regulations: 1) notify the family within 30 days after the initial determination the family is over-income and the related implications; 2) if the family is determined to continue to be over-income for 12 consecutive months (generally the next annual recertification) the family will be notified of their continued over-income status and the related implications, and; 3) if the family is determined to continue to be over-income for 24 consecutive months, the family will be notified of their continued over-income status and the related implications. SCCHA shall refer to and shall follow the requirements of Notice PIH-2023-03 issued March 13, 2023 when handling OI families. The referenced notice is hereby incorporated into this ACOP as Exhibit 2.

Notice of Upcoming Changes to the Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP)

A. HUD Published HOTMA Final Rule in the Federal Register

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (<u>HUD</u>) officially published the <u>final rule</u> in the *Federal Register* on February 14, 2023 implementing Sections 102, 103, and 104 of the Housing Opportunity Through Modernization Act of 2016 (HOTMA). These sections make extensive changes to the United States Housing Act of 1937, particularly those affecting income calculation and reviews. Below are some highlights:

 It removes the requirement to run the EIV Income Report at a family's interim recertification.

HOTMA impacts rental assistance programs administered by HUD's Offices of Public and Indian Housing (PIH), Multifamily Housing (MFH), and Community Development and Planning (CPD), including the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV), Public Housing, Section 8 Project-Based Rental Assistance (PBRA), Section 202/811, HOPWA, HOME, and the Housing Trust Fund programs.

Changes related to Section 103 (over-income provision) will become effective on March 16, 2023 (30 days after publication in the *Federal Register*). PHAs have an additional 120 days after the effective date to fully implement the changes. Reference item #1 above for information as to how SCCHA will revise its Public Housing ACOP to comply with Section 103.

Changes related to Sections 102 and 104 will be effective **January 1, 2024**. HUD will be providing additional implementation guidance and training for these sections over the coming months. Therefore, SCCHA will wait to make specific changes to its PH ACOP and HCVP Administrative Plan until HUD implementation guidance has been issued and training has been provided. Since the final rule makes the public aware of upcoming changes, SCCHA's subsequent revisions to its PH ACOP and HCVP AP will not be considered a significant amendment to its Agency Plan and shall take effect upon approval by the Board of Commissioners...

For further information, refer to the final rule and the HOTMA Resources webpage.

B. Compliance with Public Housing Access Bill (SB1980)

Criminal history should not be considered in the case of the following:

- 1. Unless required by federal law
- 2. Arrest or charges did not lead to conviction.
- 3. Conviction has been vacated, expunged, sealed, etc.
- 4. Juvenile Court matters
- 5. Amount of time released from jail. (Rights are immediate)
- 6. Convictions are older than 180 days from submission of application.

Authority shall create a system for independent review of criminal history.

- 1. Reviewer should review criminal history and ONLY report history that does not interfere with the guidelines above to the decision maker.
- 2. Reviewer should not participate in final decision of application.

Authority can deny an applicant in the following cases:

1. Denied under federal law

Criminal conviction (of the past 180 days) jeopardizes safety, health and peaceful enjoyment of fellow tenants. "The mere existence of a criminal history record does not demonstrate such a risk."

Authority may file suit for repossession of the premises after 3 days written notice and w/o a hearing, if the tenant creates or maintains a threat that constitutes a clear and serious danger to fellow tenants and Authority Employees. This includes, but is not limited to any of the following actions by the tenant or guest of tenant on premises:

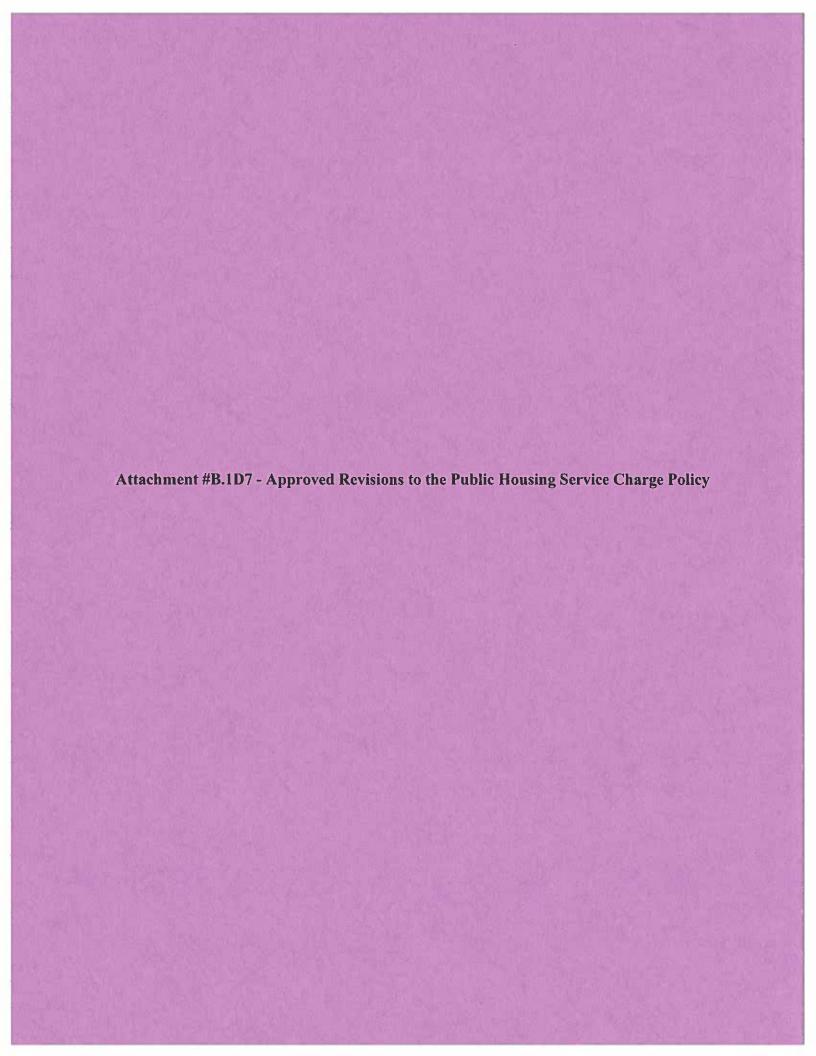
- 1. Physical assault or threat of physical assault
- 2. Gang membership
- 3. Illegal use or threat of illegal use of weapon
- 4. Illegal possession or use of drugs or allowing guests the illegal possession or use of drugs on premises.

Tenant shall be given the opportunity to contest the termination in the court proceedings.

Gang membership is defined in "Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act" as:

- 1. Any person who in fact belongs to a gang;
- 2. Acts as an accessory to a gang;
- 3. Has a course or pattern of gang related activity whether in preparatory, executory, or coverup phase;
- 4. Knowingly performs, aids, or abets such activity.

SCCHA shall revise its PH ACOP to incorporate the above provisions of State law. Since the public is aware of these upcoming changes, SCCHA's subsequent revision to its policies shall not be considered a significant amendment to its Agency Plan and shall take effect upon approval by the Board of Commissioners.



Approved Policy Changes

Public Housing Service Charge Policy

Revise the item 3 of the Service Charge Policy to provide for increased costs / fees / penalties for repeat offenses within a 14 day period as follows.

"Trash/debris in areas for which resident is responsible under the lease agreement or littering penalty

\$25.00 first offense \$40.00 second offense (within 14 days) \$50 third and sequent offenses (within 14 days)"

Highlights denote new proposed new provisions.

Attachment #B.1D8 – New Outdoor Grill, Smoker and Fire Pit Policy for All SCCHA Properties

St. Clair County Housing Authority's Policy / Guidelines for Outdoor BBQ Grills & Smokers & Firepit Usage

GRILLING / FIRE PIT GUIDELINES AND SAFETY RULES

- 1. Use of portable fire pits are prohibited at all SCCHA properties because they are prohibited by SCCHA's property insurance company. Residents occupying single-family homes may install a permanent fire pit at their expense with the prior written approval of SCCHA through the execution of an alteration request form.
- 2. Keep your grill/smokers at least 10 feet away from any structure during usage and cooling (includes both charcoal and gas models). This includes structures attached to your unit, such as carports, balconies, garages, and porches. Grilling of any kind under / or on carports, balconies, garages, and porches is prohibited. Be sure to place the grill/smoker on level ground so there is no danger of it tipping over.
- 3. Clean your grill regularly. All charcoal grill fires must be extinguished with water after use to ensure no flame / heat remains. Allowing grease and fat to build up on your grill provides more fuel for a fire. Grease is a major source of fire flare ups and a common cause of injuries and property damage.
- 4. Keep a spray bottle of water handy. That way, if you have a minor flare-up with your grill, you can spray it with water to douse the flame. The bonus of this tip is that water won't harm your food, so dinner won't be ruined!
- 5. Keep decorations away from grills/smokers. Decorations such as hanging baskets, pillows and umbrellas look nice but can fuel a fire.
- 6. Keep children at least 3 feet away from grills/smokers. Never leave a grill or smoker unattended or leave children or pets unattended near grills.
- 7. Charcoal grills: Use only charcoal starter fluid or flameless starting methods. Never add gasoline or any other flammable liquid that is not specifically intended for grill use to light charcoal. After using charcoal starter fluid, cap the container and move it away from the fire.
- 8. Grills/smokers should never be used on pathways residents or others use. Hot grills on sidewalks or in play areas can lead to injuries; small children are especially vulnerable. Always inspect and give careful thought to the surroundings before lighting a grill or smoker.

Resident Comment Period: 2/17/23 - 4/5/2023

Board Approved: 4/12/2023

St. Clair County Housing Authority's Policy / Guidelines for Outdoor BBQ Grills & Smokers & Firepit Usage

- 9. All grills/smokers must be completely cooled before moving back near the building or storage shed. Never take a grill inside the house/unit. Fire is a danger, but so are the fumes from a grill. They can kill you and others.
- 10. Charcoal grills: When coals are cool, they should be placed in a metal container with a metal lid. Do not dump coals onto the parking areas, lawns, landscaped areas or trash containers.

11. Gas Grills:

- a) Check for gas leaks. You can ensure no gas is leaking from your gas grill by making a solution of liquid dish soap and water and rubbing it on the hoses and connections. Then, turn the gas on with grill lid open. If the soap forms large bubbles, this is a sign that the hoses have tiny holes or that the connections are not tight enough. If you detect a leak, immediately turn off the gas and don't attempt to light the grill until the leak is fixed. Keep lighted cigarettes, matches, or open flames away from a leaking grill.
- b) Check the tubes that lead into the burner for any blockage from insects, spiders, or food accumulation. Use a pipe cleaner or wire to clean blockage and push it through to the main part of the burner.
- c) Always follow the manufacturer's instructions that accompany the grill / smoker
- 12. All equipment (grills and smokers) must be in good shape, not damaged, rusted and / or have missing parts / components.
- 13. Failure to comply with this policy constitutes a material breach of the lease agreement.
- 14. All grills and smokers must be stored safely and in the rear of the unit / building --- they must not be visible from the front of the property.

Receipt Acknowledgement:		Date:
	Signature of Resident	
Management Witness:		Date:
	ire of Property Management Repr	esentative

Resident Comment Period: 2/17/23 – 4/5/2023

Board Approved: 4/12/2023

Attachment #B.1E – Asset Management Table

Asset Management

[24 CFR Part 903.7 9 (q)]

The St. Clair County Housing Authority (SCCHA) is engaging in activities that will contribute to the long-term asset management of its public housing stock, including how the SCCHA is planning for long-term operating, capital investment, rehabilitation, modernization, disposition, and other needs. Those activities (that have not been addressed elsewhere in the PHA Plan document include **Development-based Accounting and Comprehensive Stock Assessment.**

Reference is made to the Public Housing Asset Management Table that follows.

		Pu	blic Housing	Asset Manager	Public Housing Asset Management Table - 2023	13		
Development Identification				Ac	Activity Description			
Name, Number, and Location	Number and Type of units	Capital Fund Program Parts II and III Component 7a	Development Activities Component 7b	Demolition / Disposition Component 8	Designated housing Component 9	Conversion Component 10	Home- ownership Component 11a	Other (describe) Component 17
#1 – Brooklyn	100	000*09\$	RAD Conversion Assessment	Potential Demolition	None Planned	Potential	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#2 - Marissa	18	\$0	RAD Conversion Assessment	None Planned	None Planned	None Diamed		000
#3 – Dupo	20	80	RAD Conversion	Nonc Planned	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA DBA/CSA
#5 – Smithton	01	08	RAD Conversion	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#6 & 60 - Centreville	178	\$3,966,254	RAD Conversion	Potential	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#7 – Marissa	14	0.8	RAD Conversion	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#8 & 80 - Centreville.	122	\$2,253	None Considered	Demolition Planted 2022	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#9 – Brooklyn	42	\$10,000	RAD Conversion	Potential Demo	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#10 - Centreville	110	\$3,468,493	RAD Conversion Assessment	Potential Demo	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#11 – Alorton	44	\$50,000	RAD Conversion Application	None Planned	None Planned	Conversion	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#12 – Brooklyn	16	\$70,000	RAD Conversion Assessment	Potential Demo/ Disposition	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#13 – New Athens	16	\$42,000	RAD Conversion Assessment	None Planned	4-1 br disabled only	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#14 - Lebanon	24	80	RAD Conversion In Process	None Planned	4-1br disabled only	Conversion In Process	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#16 & #61- Belleville	98	\$1.576,338	38 RAD Conversion	None Planned	86 units senior only	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA

¹ Development-based Accounting and Comprehensive Stock Assessment

			Assessment					
#17 - Washington Park	32	\$840,000	-	Potential Demo	20-1br disabled only	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#18 - Swansca	16	\$136,000	-	None Planned	16 units senior only	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#19 - Lenzburg	∞	\$365,655	RAD Conversion	None Planned	4-1br disabled only	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#20 - Centreville	∞	\$35,000	RAD Conversion Assessment	Potential Demo	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#21 – New Athens	16	\$212,200	-	None Planned	16 units senior only	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#22 – Millstadt	18	\$721,855	RAD Conversion	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#24 – O'Fallon	20	So		None Planned	None Planned	Conversion	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#27 – Belleville	64	\$410,000		None Planned	64 units senior only	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA
#28 – Lenzburg	∞	\$100,000	RAD Conversion Assessment	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	None Planned	DBA/CSA

Attachment #B.2A – Statement Regarding Use of Project-Based Vouchers Mixed Finance,
Modernization or Development, Demolition and/or Disposition, and
Conversion of Public Housing

Attachment #B.2A

Part 1 - Statement Regarding Use of Project-Based Vouchers

The SCCHA established its discretionary authority to operate a project-based voucher (PBV) component of its Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program in 2006, exercising this option under the October 13, 2005 final rule. An updated Final Rule regarding PBV was issued June 25, 2014. Further, significant changes were made to the Project Based Voucher Program when the Housing Opportunity Through Modernization Act of 2016 (also known as HOTMA) was passed by Congress and implementation guidance was issued by HUD in PIH Notice 2017-21. The option to set-aside up to 20% of HCVP Consolidated Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) authorized units will permit the SCCHA to develop and maintain long-term safe, decent, and affordable housing that is accessible to its HCV applicants and program participants as determined necessary and appropriate. SCCHA has not set a specific goal for its unit authority it will dedicate to its PBA program; however, in any given calendar year, the SCCHA reserves the right to utilize up to 20% of its unit authority for its PBA program.

In 2014 SCCHA entered into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAPC) for eight (8) Project Based Vouchers to support the Jazz @ Walter Circle senior housing development in the City of East St. Louis. HUD approval for the use of eight (8) project-based vouchers for this purpose was granted before the October 1, 2013 merger of the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Programs of the Housing Authority of East St. Louis and the St. Clair County Housing Authority.

SCCHA issued a Request for Proposals (RFP) for potential PBV projects in January 2015 establishing the possibility of issuing PBV HAPC for up to fifty (50) units. SCCHA reserved the right under the RFP to approve up to fifty (50) PBV units under the language in the RFP. SCCHA did not make an award of PBV units under the January 2015 RFP.

In July 2015 SCCHA issued another RFP for potential PBV projects establishing the possibility of issuing PBV HAPC for up to fifty (50) units. In April 2016 SCCHA entered into a HAPC for twenty-nine (29) PBV to support the Cottages at Cathedral Square senior housing development in the City of Belleville. The HAPC received HUD approval.

SCCHA issued another RFP for potential PBV projects in July 2016 and in September 2016 the Board of Commissioners conditionally awarded PBVs to two separate senior developments. Thirty (30) PBV units were awarded to the Lincoln Park Villas in O'Fallon and sixteen (16) PBV units were awarded to the Metro Landing @ Swansea development. The Lincoln Park Villas is now under HAPC. The Metro Landing development remains under A-HAP at this time, but is anticipated to proceed to HAPC in early 2019.

SCCHA also issued an RFP for potential PBV projects in July 2019 receiving five (5) proposals. The SCCHA Board of Commissioners approved award of PBVs to the following developments:

- 12 PBVs for the Lofts on the Square in Belleville
- 24 PBVs for the Tax Credit Family Development in Centreville
- 32 PBVs for the Tax Credit Elderly Development in Centreville
- 10 PBVs for the Winstanley Park Development in East St. Louis, and

• 50 PBVs for the New Broadview Development in East St. Louis

None of these projects have progressed to the A-HAP (Agreement to Enter into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract) stage as of this date, with the exception of the New Broadway development.

In 2020 SCCHA issued an RFP for PBVs and as a result conditionally awarded 48 PBVs to support the development of the East of Eden senior project in Lebanon. The project did not obtain the local zoning changes needed to move forward.

SCCHA issued another RFP for PBVs in December 2021 with proposals due February 2, 2022. Two proposals received conditional PBV awards. The Avalon at O'Fallon a proposed fifty-six (56) unit family development (two and three-bedroom units) which requested fourteen (14) PBVs. The North Bend Residences, a proposed sixty (60) unit elderly development which requested fifteen (15) PBVs. Neither of these projects were awarded tax-credits by IHDA and did not move forward.

SCCHA issued another RFP for PBVs in October 2022 with proposals due November 16, 2022. Five proposals were received and four were conditionally awarded PBVs, including:

- Nineteen (19) PBVs (10 two-bedroom, 3 three-bedroom, 6 four-bedroom single family homes) to support the development of the Avalon at Swansea, located at or near 3212 Smelting Works Road, Swansea.
- Thirteen (13) PBVs (11 one-bedroom and 2 two-bedroom units) to support the development of the Power of Change Senior Housing of Cahokia Heights, located at or near 2338 Jerome Lane, Cahokia Heights. Note: Senior defined as 55 and older
- Sixteen (16) PBVs (16 one-bedroom units) at Vivian's Village (Phase 1) located at or near 5708 Bond Avenue, Cahokia Heights. Note: This is a Permanently Supportive Housing development designated for single or two-person households with supportive housing needs related to health status)
- Nine (9) PBVs (4 one-bedroom, 3 two-bedroom and 2 three-bedroom family units) at Vivian's Village, located at or near 5710 Bond Avenue, Cahokia Heights)

SCCHA desires to support the affordable housing initiatives of St. Clair County and other municipalities in its jurisdiction using the PBV program and anticipates issuing an RFP during the during the upcoming agency plan period.

Part 2 - Statement Regarding Mixed Finance Modernization or Development, Demolition and / or Disposition, and Conversion of Public Housing

SCCHA submitted to and received approval from HUD's Special Application Center an application for demolition of the Adeline James Building (AJB), a thirty-two (32) unit senior building in Centreville (part of the public housing development known as IL030-006) and five (5) family buildings in the Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments (ESSA), containing twenty (20) units, located on South 46th Street in Centreville (that are part of the public housing development #IL030-008 or #30-08). SCCHA also applied for and received fifty-two (52) Replacement Tenant Protection Vouchers (TPVs) to facilitate the relocation of the households displaced by the demolition action.

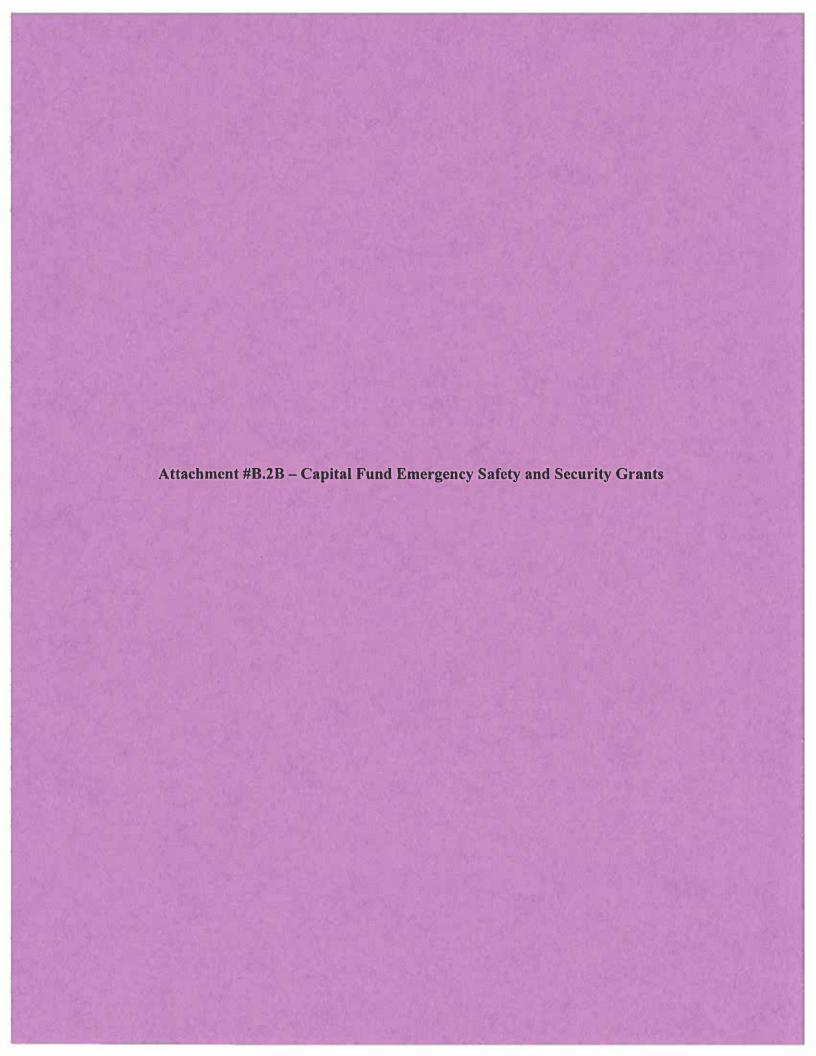
SCCHA submitted a second demolition application (in January 2022) targeting the one-hundred-two (102) family units in the ESSA development that are part of project #30-08. The application was approved, and the relocation of residents is underway. SCCHA was eligible to apply for 59 TPVs and did, but because of limited funding was only awarded thirty-three (33) TPVs in 2022. SCCHA is eligible to apply for an additional twenty-six (26) TPVs in 2023 and anticipates do so. SCCHA also submitted (in January 2022) an application for conversion of forty-four public housing units to project-based vouchers and/or project-based rental assistance. The application targeted the twenty (20) units in O'Fallon (#30-24) and twenty-four (24) units in Lebanon (#30-14). These units are part of AMP 5. A CHAP (Commitment to Enter into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract) has been executed and SCCHA is working toward closing the conversion in 2023.

Additionally, as encouraged by Dominique Blom, General Deputy Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing, reference letter dated 11/13/2018; SCCHA is in the preliminary planning phase of determining the need for and assessing the feasibility / desirability of converting parts of or even all of its public housing portfolio to the Rental Assistance Demonstration Program (RAD) or other asset re-positioning program (such as mixed-finance, low-income housing tax credits, etc.). SCCHA and its "Housing Development Partner" will utilize the results of the comprehensive physical needs assessment, the "Green Physical Needs Assessment (GPNA), and other tools and pertinent information available in making the assessments for potential conversion and/or re-positioning activity. SCCHA and its HDP are also engaged with IHDA (Illinois Housing Development Authority) to develop a Community Revitalization Strategy for Cahokia Heights (which is comprised of the communities formerly known as Cahokia, Centreville and Alorton).

In this regard, during the next plan period SCCHA will carefully assess the following.

 The long-term viability of the remaining portions of the ESSA development in Centreville (30-06 and 30-20). SCCHA hopes to develop a re-positioning plan that provides for the continued operation of these federally-assisted rental units. However, the area where these units are located is impacted by storm and sanitary sewer systems that are not functioning properly and result in frequent back-ups in the units. SCCHA hopes to work with the other stakeholders, which include but are not limited to the City of Centreville, Centreville Township, Commonfields of Cahokia (the sewer provider) and St. Clair County to develop a plan for the repair / upgrade of the storm and sanitary sewer system so that it is possible to keep these units viable in the future.

- The long-term viability of the Thomas Terry Apartments in Brooklyn, a public housing property that consists of a total of one-hundred-fifty-six (156) units comprised of three separate developments (100 family units known as 30-01, 44 family units known as 30-09, and 16 family units known as 30-12). The Village of Brooklyn has very high concentrations of poverty and minorities. There are almost no businesses or services available in the Village. Adult entertainment facilities represent the Village's most common commercial business concerns. This development will be extremely difficult to "re-position" using private equity and/or low-income housing tax credits because of the location factors mentioned. SCCHA must give serious and careful consideration to the possibility that demolition of these public housing units is the most logical and practical decision.
- The long-term viability of the thirty-two unit scattered site development located in the Village of Washington Park. This community is highly concentrated in terms of poverty and minority population. Washington Park is plagued by a high crime rate. Most of the city streets are in serious states of disrepair. There are many vacant, vandalized and burned-out structures through-out the community. SCCHA has to question if it is "fair and just" to continue to offer federally-assisted housing in this devastated community.
- SCCHA expects to submit a RAD conversion application during the upcoming plan period to convert the Hawthorne Terrace apartments (44 units) in Cahokia Heights (area formerly known as Alorton) from public housing to the Project-based Vouchers federal funding platform. RAD conversion applications are also possible for other public housing units. At this time, the most likely candidates for a RAD conversion are one or more of the properties known as AMP 2 (Centreville and Alorton), AMP 4 (Belleville / Swansea) and AMP 6 (Marissa, Lenzburg, New Athens, Smithton, Millstadt, and Dupo).



Attachment #B.2B - Capital Fund Emergency Safety and Security Grants

SCCHA was successful in applying for and receiving emergency safety and security grants in prior years. Several consecutive years through 2018 SCCHA applied for these grants and was determined eligible based upon the extent of crime in the targeted developments but was not selected to receive the grant through the HUD random selection process. SCCHA applied to HUD in 2019 targeting the Belleville senior properties. The application was determined not to meet the "emergency" threshold because of the lack of recent criminal data in the immediate vicinity of the developments. However, SCCHA subsequently received notification the 2018 application was selected for funding because of the lack of eligible applicants in 2019 and 2020. The 2018 application included upgraded security cameras within the two Bel-Plaza senior buildings (#30-16/61) and perimeter fencing at the Bel-Plaza 2 site. Those surveillance system and other security enhancements have been completed (during calendar year 2022).

It is undetermined if SCCHA will apply for CFP emergency safety and security grants in future funding rounds. These grants are highly competitive with low odds of success. The main factor in deciding whether or not to apply in the future is the availability of criminal data from local law enforcement to support the application (i.e. to demonstrate the incidence of crime in and around the immediate vicinity of the development is sufficient to meet the emergency criteria established in the NOFA).

Attachment #B.3A - Statement of Progress in Meeting Mission and Goals (5 Year Plan)

FIVE-YEAR PLAN STATUS REPORT – FEBRUARY 2023 – YEAR 3 OF 5

<u>Goal:</u> Expand the supply of assisted housing by reducing public housing vacancies, accelerating Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) lease-up, leveraging private or other public funds and/or supporting and encouraging the efforts of other developers to create additional housing opportunities.

Status: There were seventy-four (74) public housing vacancies on 1/2/2020. As of 1/4/2021 there were technically one hundred eighteen (118) vacant public housing units. However, this number included fifty-two (52) units already approved by HUD for demolition along with twenty (20) additional vacant units that are shuttered pending a second application for demolition to HUD. The number of vacant public housing units available to be leased was forty-six (46) in January 2021. As of 2/1/2022 there were ninety-six (96) public housing vacancies, with thirty-eight (38) of that number being shuttered pending approval of the demolition application, leaving fifty-eight (58) public housing units vacant and available for lease. As of 2/1/2023 there were sixty-seven (67) public housing vacant units available for lease. HUD approval was obtained for the demolition of the one-hundred-two (102) units in the #30-08 portion of AMP 3 the Ernest Smith Senior Apartments (ESSA). Seventy-two (72) of the units are vacant with thirty (30) residents remaining in occupancy pending relocation. Units approved for demolition do not count as vacancies. HUD approved "market exceptions" for vacant units in AMP 2 (Cahokia Heights) and AMP 1 (Brooklyn), which excludes vacant units in these AMPs from counting in the vacancy rate calculation for two years. With the market exception and approved demolition, the recognized occupancy rate exceeds ninety-seven percent (97%).

The number of Section 8 HCVP participants / units under contract as of 1/2/2020 was 2,337. The number under contract as of 1/4/2021 dropped by 4% to 2,236, despite SCCHA receiving ACC budget authority in calendar year 2020 for up to fifty-two additional vouchers resulting from the award of Replacement Tenant Protection Vouchers (TPVs) for the units lost to demolition. There were 2,289 participants under lease / contract as of February 1, 2022. Many factors influence the HCVP lease-up rate in any given year, but the primary challenge starting in 2020 and continuing throughout 2021 and much of 2022 was the Covid-19 pandemic and its negative impact on SCCHA operations and the community. The adverse impact of the pandemic continues to adversely impact SCCHA operations and is expected to continue well into 2023. The number of participants under lease as of 1/1/2023 dropped to 2209 despite aggressive lease-up efforts.

At the start of the 5 Year Agency Plan (July 1, 2020) SCCHA had a total of eighty-three (83) units under Project-Based Voucher (PBV) Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAPC). The PBV units include:

• 8 units at the Jazz @ Walter Circle in East St. Louis;

- 29 units at the Cottages @ Cathedral Square in Belleville;
- 30 units at the Lincoln Park Villas in O'Fallon;
- 16 units at the Metro Landing @ Swansea.

All eighty-three PBV units are designated for senior citizens.

In November 2019, the SCCHA Board approved the award of PBVs for the following developments:

- 12 PBVs for the Lofts on the Square in Belleville (Senior)
- 24 PBVs for the Tax Credit Family Development in Centreville
- 32 PBVs for the Tax Credit Senior Development in Centreville
- 10 PBVs for the Winstanley Park Development in East St. Louis (Family), and
- 50 PBVs for the New Broadview Development in East St. Louis (Senior)

As of this writing, only the New Broadview Development has progressed to A-HAPC stage (Agreement to Enter into a HAPC). The Winstanley Park Development is actively pursuing approval of the required environmental review with hopes of moving toward submission of the subsidy layering review. Both of these need to be approved at the local and HUD (or IHDA) level for the proposed development to move to A-HAPC stage.

In December 2020, the SCCHA Board approved the award of PBVs for forty-eight (48) units at the East of Eden proposed senior development located in Lebanon. However, the proposed development did not receive the zoning variance needed for multi-family development at the property, so the proposal did not move forward.

In February of 2022, the SCCHA Board conditionally approved the award of PBVs to two proposed developments. Fourteen (14) PBVs (seven 1-bedroom and seven 2-bedroom) were awarded to the Avalon at O'Fallon development. Development plans target a total of fifty-six (56) family units. Fifteen (15) PBVs (nine 1-bedroom and six 2-bedroom) were awarded to the North Bend Residences development in Fairview Heights, which will include a total of sixty (60) units designated for senior citizens. The developers submitted applications to IHDA for tax credit and other funding. The Avalon project was not selected for funding, while the North Bend Residences proposal continues to be reviewed and considered by IHDA.

In November 2022, the SCCHA Board conditionally approved the award of PBVs to the following developments.

- 19 PBVs (10 two-bedroom, 3 three-bedroom, 6 four-bedroom single family homes) to support the development of the Avalon at Swansea, located at or near 3212 Smelting Works Road, Swansea.
- 13 PBVs (11 one-bedroom and 2 two-bedroom units) to support the development of the Power of Change Senior Housing of Cahokia Heights, located at or near

2338 Jerome Lane, Cahokia Heights. Note: Senior defined as 55 and older

- 16 PBVs (16 one-bedroom units) at Vivian's Village (Phase 1) located at or near 5708 Bond Avenue, Cahokia Heights. Note: This is a Permanently Supportive Housing development designated for single or two-person households with supportive housing needs related to health status)
- 9 PBVs (4 one-bedroom, 3 two-bedroom and 2 three-bedroom family units) at Vivian's Village, located at or near 5710 Bond Avenue, Cahokia Heights)

The developer of the Avalon project has notified SCCHA they have suspended plans for the proposed development at this time. The Permanent Supportive Housing proposal was submitted to IHDA in December 2022. The remaining two developments submitted their applications to IHDA in February 2023 and are awaiting notification from IHDA.

SCCHA's past PBV activity has increased the supply of affordable senior housing in high-demand areas of St. Clair County. The recent PBV awards have the potential to increase the supply of not only new senior housing but also the supply of new affordable family units as well as units specifically targeting persons with behavioral challenges.

<u>Goal:</u> Improve the quality of assisted housing through improved public housing and voucher management and renovating or modernizing the public housing stock using Capital Fund program and/or other "re-positioning" strategies available, such as the Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) Program.

Status: Full obligation and expenditure of Capital Fund allocations within obligation and expenditure dates achieved for all grants received. SCCHA did take advantage of the obligation extensions granted by HUD due to the Covid-19 Pandemic. The 2017 CFP grant (which was closed out 12/31/2020) funded street and parking lot resurfacing in AMP 2 (Private Mathison Manor in Cahokia Heights) and AMP 3 (Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments in Centreville) along with roof replacement, exterior building and site improvements at the Gardenwood Apartments in Lebanon (part of AMP 5). The 2018 CFP grant (which was fully expended by May 31, 2021) funded ADA accessibility work at various properties; parking lot and deck coating at the Bel-Plaza 1 building in Belleville (IL30-61); HV/AC and water heater replacement, and exterior lighting upgrades for Amber Court in Belleville (IL30-27, part of AMP 4); roofing and insulation work in Cahokia Heights [CH] (IL30-6), Millstadt (IL30-22), New Athens (IL30-21) and Lenzburg (IL30-28). Door renovations and window replacement in #30-9 as well as security lighting upgrades in #30-1 & #30-9 in Brooklyn (AMP 1); kitchen and bath renovation and wall repairs in #30-12 (also in Brooklyn); demolition of the Adeline James Building along with the five family buildings and electrical panel upgrades in #30-06 in AMP 3 in CH; hv/ac and other mechanical upgrades in #30-10 in AMP 2 (CH) [partially funded this work]; Boiler and other mechanical upgrades at the public housing properties in Belleville (Bel-Plaza 1 & 2 in AMP 4); installation of a playground in #30-60 CH (AMP 2); and HVAC replacement [partial] in Washington Park (#30-17 in AMP 5), and New Athens (#30-13 in AMP 6) [along with water heater replacement] is all work funded in full or part by the 2019 CFP grant. The 2020 CFP grant funded (or is funding) the completion of a fully ADA accessible one-bedroom unit in Dupo (AMP 6), HV/AC replacement and mechanical room renovations in #30-10 (AMP 2 CH); HVAC replacement in #30-08 (AMP 2 CH); kitchen and bath renovations along with floor replacement in #30-20 (both in AMP 3 CH); bathroom renovations at #30-18 Swansea (AMP 4); kitchen, bathroom and flooring improvements at #30-13 and #30-21 New Athens (AMP 6). Modernization program year 2021 funded or will fund AC and security camera upgrades in #30-09 Brooklyn; HVAC replacement and mechanical room renovation in #30-10 Centreville (neighborhood of Cahokia Heights) [continued work]: AC replacement in #30-14 Lebanon and #30-24 in O'Fallon; kitchen and bathroom renovation, flooring wall repair in #30-21 New Athens [continuation]; HVAC replacement in #30-05 Smithton; security camera upgrades in #30-60, 80 10 in PMM, #30-06 and 20 in ESSA, and #30-16, 61 and 27 in Belleville. Work planned under the 2022 CFP grant is expected to fund parking lot and/or driveway and drainage system improvements at #30-19 & #30-28 in Lenzburg (AMP 6); parking lot improvements at one location in Millstadt (#30-22 – AMP 6); further capital improvements in #30-24 O'Fallon and #30-14 Lebanon (AMP 5) to facilitate the RAD conversion underway; the demolition of the buildings and retirement of camera surveillance network in #30-08 CH - AMP 3; additional funding to complete the HVAC / mechanical work, along with parking lot, driveway and fencing improvements around the maintenance facility in #30-10 CH-AMP 2; kitchen, bathroom and flooring replacement / upgrades in Millstadt #30-22 - AMP 6.

The CFP 5 Year Plan is based upon the significant presumption 2022 funding levels are maintained for the full five-year period. Although increased substantially in FFYs 2019 thru 2022, CFP funds allocated annually by Congress / HUD remain insufficient to meet the long-term physical needs of SCCHA's public housing inventory, jeopardizing the long-term viability of some of the properties. Continued, long-term underfunding of capital funds for the national public housing stock was referenced in the General Deputy Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing, Dominique Blom's, 11/13/18 letter to all PHA Executive Directors encouraging them to consider "re-positioning" their public housing assets using the Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) Program.

HUD has not issued Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) scores since FYE-2018. The future management assessment methodology to be used by HUD for the public housing program is undetermined at this time. Whatever assessment system is introduced by HUD is expected to rely heavily on the physical condition of the public housing properties. The lack of adequate resources to maintain the physical structures (insufficient CFP grant monies and under-funded operating subsidies) negatively impacts REAC physical assessment scores, making achievement of High Performer status under any public housing assessment system difficult.

Section Eight Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) score for FYE-2019 was 96%, resulting in "High Performer" status. Due to the Covid-19 pandemic SEMAP reporting was suspended for FYE-2020 and 2021 with the 2019 scores "rolling over" for 2020 and 2021. A SEMAP certification was required for FYE-6/30/2022 even though for

more than half of the fiscal year (at least through February 2022) the pandemic was at its peak. SCCHA argued that it was unjust and unfair for HUD to require a SEMAP certification covering the period from 7/1/2021 through 6/30/2022 given the severe adverse impact of the covid pandemic on operations throughout most of the period. HUD required and SCCHA submitted the certification. The only realistic hope is for a "standard performer" rating. There is no hope SCCHA will retain "high performer" status under SEMAP for FYE-6/30/2022.

Regarding "re-positioning" its public housing assets, SCCHA has obtained HUD approval for the demolition of fifty-two units of public housing in AMP 3 CH (Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments ---32 units in #30-06 [Adeline James Senior Building] and 20 units in #30-08). SCCHA has also received HUD approval of demolition application for the remaining one-hundred-two (102) public housing units in the #30-08 portion of AMP 3 (ESSA). Further, SCCHA has submitted HUD an application to convert the O'Fallon (20 units) and Lebanon (24 units) public housing properties to Project-based Vouchers (PBVs) through the RAD process. The application was approved, and the conversion is currently under a CHAP (Commitment to enter into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract). It is SCCHA's goal to submit a second conversion application targeting the Hawthorne Terrace public housing development in the Alorton neighborhood of Cahokia Heights (#30-11) during calendar year 2023. Submission in calendar year 2022 as hoped was not possible for reasons beyond SCCHA's control.

Goal: Increasing assisted housing choices by providing voucher mobility counseling, conducting outreach efforts to potential voucher landlords, maintaining voucher payments standards at highest possible level (up to 100% of the FMR) after determining total units under contract needed to earn requisite administrative fee for program viability and continued utilization of site-based wait lists for the public housing program.

Status: All voucher recipients receive voucher mobility counseling at time of voucher issuance and there is considerable portability activity among the Section 8 HCVP participants. The payment standard was increased to 100% of FMRs in April 2021 (up from 95%). Additionally, in recognition of the high market demand (and resulting higher rental rates), SCCHA adopted a two-tier payment standard. There is one (higher) payment standard for rental units in zip codes 62208 (Fairview Heights) and 62269 (O'Fallon), with a lower payment standard for the rest of the county which is based on the area wide FMRs. The FMRs increased again in October 2021. SCCHA increased the payment standard to the 100% level effective 4/13/2022. The FMRs increased again in October 2022 and SCCHA promptly implemented increased payment standards (at the 100% level) effective 10/12/2022. The current payment standards are at the 100% level of FMRs for both the county-wide schedule and the 62208 & 62269 schedule. SCCHA will continue to monitor lease-up success rates and other factors and anticipates keeping the payment standard schedules at 100% of the FMRs when released in October 2023. Outreach efforts to recruit potential new landlords with properties located outside of income / minority concentrated areas are on-going.

The public housing program continues to maintain site-based wait lists which provide applicants with increased housing choice.

<u>Goal:</u> Provide an improved living environment by implementing income deconcentration strategies, implementing public housing security improvements, designation of developments (or parts thereof) for particular resident groups (senior citizens, persons with disability), and aggressive applicant screening and resident lease enforcement efforts.

Status: The income concentration analysis completed at the start of the current Five-Year Agency Plan (7/1/2020) determined that none of our public housing properties were disproportionately impacted by income level. The analysis applies to the three public housing developments with more than one hundred (100) units --- Thomas Terry Apartments in Brooklyn (AMP 1), Private Mathison Manor in Cahokia Heights [CH] (AMP 2) and the Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments in CH (AMP 3). The analysis completed for the Agency Plan Update (APU) 2021 and 2022 also found no income concentration issues. All three developments had weighted average household incomes within the 85% to 115% threshold of the overall weighted average household incomes for all public housing households. The analysis completed for the 2023 APU also found no income concentrations at the three large developments.

Security improvements, at least in a physical sense, have for the most part been restricted to limited expansion of the existing network of surveillance cameras that are operational at the properties in Brooklyn, Belleville, and Centreville. SCCHA submitted an emergency security grant application to HUD in 2019 targeting the Belleville senior properties. The application was determined not to meet the "emergency" threshold because of the lack of recent criminal data in the immediate vicinity of the developments. However, SCCHA received notification that the 2018 application was selected for funding because of the lack of eligible applicants in 2020 and 2019. The 2018 application included upgraded security cameras within the two Bel-Plaza senior buildings (#30-16/61) and perimeter fencing at the Bel-Plaza 2 site. The surveillance system enhancements and new fence installation have been completed.

SCCHA staff works diligently to maintain a cooperative and collaborative relationship with the local police departments in the communities in which the public housing properties are located. In addition, coordination is maintained at the county, state, and federal law enforcement levels through the services of SCCHA's Law Enforcement Liaison Officer.

SCCHA successfully obtained a designated housing plan, which reserves certain properties for senior citizens (age 62 and over), non-seniors with a disability, and mixed-population properties. The residents and resident organization leaders, including the Resident Advisory Board, strongly attest to the success of the designated housing plan in maintaining a positive living environment for those impacted by the designated housing plan. The designated housing plan was renewed by HUD in 2020 and 2022 and the

resident leaders strongly support SCCHA's plans to seek another two-year renewal of the plan when it expires in May 2024.

SCCHA staff continues to dedicate tremendous efforts toward successful applicant screening and aggressive lease enforcement. Federal and state eviction moratoriums began in March 2020 (because of the Covid-19 pandemic) and have been extended through October 2021. Additionally, the local FE&D court has been closed for the same period ---making lease enforcement impossible during this extended period. While the court has re-opened, it is still not operating at full capacity due to pandemic precautions, hampering timely and effective lease enforcement. Also, the protections afforded residents under VAWA (the Violence Against Women Act) make lease termination / eviction efforts more difficult and challenging even in the absence of an eviction moratorium.

<u>Goal:</u> Promote self-sufficiency and asset accumulation among families and individuals through the Family Self-Sufficiency Program, establishing linkages with support service providers to improve the employability of public housing residents and HCVP participants.

Status: When data was being compiled for the Five-Year Agency Plan starting 7/1/2020 there were six (6) public housing families and forty-four (44) HCVP participants enrolled in the FSS Program. As of the end of December 2020 there were thirty-eight (38) active participants. There were three new program enrollees, three pending contracts, and two FSS program participants who graduated the FSS program. Both graduates significantly increased household earnings, obtained full-time employment, and completed credit counseling. One participant graduated college, and another became an entrepreneur. The graduates received \$38,823 combined in escrow pay-outs. Several contracts expired without the participants achieving the goals set forth. As of January 2022, program enrollment included eighteen (18) active participants. Seven participants successfully completed the program with a combined escrow payout of \$62,519.46. Additionally, there were twelve (12) negative contract terminations and one (1) other participant who ported with an escrow transfer balance of \$1,587.96. As of January 2023, program enrollment included fourteen (14) active participants. Two (2) participants successfully completed the program in 2022 with a combined escrow payout of \$16,397.10. Additionally, there were six (6) negative contract terminations. SCCHA is advancing in its efforts to recruit viable candidates to meet the minimum of twenty-five (25) enrollees to qualify for a renewal grant to fund a full-time Program Coordinator. Although new enrollment has been difficult in previous years due to Covid-19 pandemic safety precautions and attrition in the FSS Coordinator position, SCCHA's expanded outreach effort is expected to result in participant enrollment that exceeds the minimum enrollment by Summer 2023.

SCCHA maintains Board membership on the Mid-America Work Force Investment Board and its Youth Council. In addition, SCCHA maintains strong ties with the Employment and Training staff of Local Service Delivery Area 24 (St. Clair County Intergovernmental Grants Department) and other organizations that provide education and training services. SCCHA staff members serve on the Homeless Action Council (an affiliate of the Community Action Agency), the Advisory Board for AgeSmart Community Resources (formerly known as the Southwestern Illinois Area Agency on Aging), and other community-based service organizations. The primary purpose of the association with these organizations is to stay aware of employment trends and opportunities, job training / education programs and services available and to leverage increased participation of public housing residents and HCVP participants in these programs.

<u>Goal:</u> Allow senior citizens and/or families with disabilities to retain independent housing situations as long as practical / reasonable through the Senior Service Coordinator Program.

<u>Status:</u> The Public Housing Senior Service Coordinator works to meet the needs of the elderly and families with disabilities to increase independence. Considerable anecdotal evidence is available to support the success of this program in increasing the independence of the senior and disabled populations served. The Service Coordination Program does an outstanding job and has received numerous awards, recognitions, and commendations.

<u>Goal:</u> Ensure equal housing opportunity for all persons and/or families seeking to live or living in assisted housing regardless of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, familial status, disability, sexual orientation and/or gender identification.

<u>Status:</u> SCCHA continues to operate and/or administer all programs and services in a non-discriminatory manner.

Traditional fair housing trainings, conferences and workshops were cancelled in 2020 due to the Covid-19 pandemic ---resulting in SCCHA staff not completing any fair housing training in 2020. Fair housing training has become available in virtual formats and SCCHA staff received training in 2021 and 2022. Plans are for the staff to complete additional fair housing training during the final months of the current plan year.

SCCHA sought to have staff trained on HUD's Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing Plan Final Rule published July 16, 2015 to ensure compliance. However, the Trump Administration suspended the AFFHP final rule and issued a replacement rule. The Biden administration rescinded the Trump-era rule and re-adopted the AFFHP established by the 2015 final rule but withheld implementation. In January 2023 HUD issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) in the Federal Register for Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH). When the AFFH rule is finalized, SCCHA will take the necessary steps to comply, including securing adequate training for the staff.

<u>Goal:</u> Continue implementation of and update (as needed) SCCHA's Section 504 Transition Plan for public housing program and other operations.

Status: SCCHA continues to increase the physical accessibility of its properties, including exterior common areas, building / facility common areas, and individual unit accessibility, consistent with the 504 Transition Plan which was updated in 2013. SCCHA converted nine (9) units in its public housing inventory in 2020 to make them fully accessible by current ADA standards. SCCHA monitors (or self-assesses) to ensure the accessibility of its programs and operations from a "soft side" perspective. SCCHA intends to contract for a professional needs assessment of the operational and administrative aspects of its programs during the current five-year plan period. However, this goal was not achieved during the first three years of the current plan cycle.

Goal: Update or complete new physical needs assessment for all public housing properties and use information to determine future of the public housing portfolio. Potential options include but are not limited to keeping properties or parts thereof as traditional public housing; demolition when warranted by physical condition, functional obsolescence, neighborhood, or other factors; and conversion to Project Based Rental Assistance (PBRA).

Status: A physical needs assessment specific to the Adeline James Building and the 30-08 portion of the Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments (ESSA) located on South 46th Street was completed. The report served as the basis for SCCHA's request and HUD's approval of demolition of these properties based upon functional obsolescence. Resident relocation and demolition are both complete. A physical needs assessment covering the remaining portion of the #30-08 units in AMP 3 (ESSA) has been completed and supported the demolition application submitted to HUD in January 2022. SCCHA obtained HUD approval in May 2022. SCCHA applied for 59 Tenant Protection Vouchers but was awarded only 33 in 2022 with instructions to re-apply for the remaining 26 potential TPVs in 2023. Resident relocation is underway. As of 2/3/2023 only 31 residents remain in occupancy. SCCHA hopes to complete all resident relocation by the end of the current plan period (6/30/23), but no later than the end of calendar year 2023. The second round of relocation has been more difficult than anticipated based upon the results of the initial round of relocation. It is uncertain whether SCCHA will apply for the 26 potential additional TPVs given the long-term and persistent under-utilization of budget authority experienced in the HCVP.

Through its HDP SCCHA has arranged for a Capital Needs Assessment and Energy Audit for the public housing properties in O'Fallon and Lebanon. The CNA and EA were needed prior to submission of a RAD conversion application to HUD for these properties. The application was initially submitted in January 2022. Since the document is now more than a year old and update was required before moving the conversion toward closing. The update is in process and expected to be completed and submitted within the next 30 days. SCCHA is hopeful conversion closing will occur before the end of the current plan

period but given the slow nature of the process it will not be surprising if the closing does not happen unit the upcoming plan period.

SCCHA is also working in partnership with Southern Illinois Healthcare Foundation (SIHF) and the Illinois Housing Development Authority (IHDA) to complete a Community Revitalization Strategy for the City of Cahokia Heights. The CRS is in its final preparation stage and is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2023. It is hoped the document will provide SCCHA with data useful to determining the future of the public housing developments (Private Mathison Manor and Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments) in the Centreville neighborhood of Cahokia Heights.

<u>Goal:</u> As indicated by the results of the physical needs assessments (traditional and/or new "green" concept) work with Housing Development Partner, St. Clair County Housing Development, LLC, to plan and implement replacement housing options for public housing developments or portions thereof determined functionally obsolete or otherwise not physically viable in the long-term.

<u>Status:</u> The status of this goal has already been addressed in the goals / status narratives provided above.

<u>Goal:</u> Complete the HUD-approved demolition of the Adeline James Building (32-unit senior building) and the #30-08 portion of the Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments (ESSA) located on South 46th Street (consisting of 5 buildings and 20 family units) also known as AMP 3 in Cahokia Heights.

Status: Demolition was completed in 2021.

<u>Goal:</u> Provide relocation assistance to residents impacted by approved demolition activity.

<u>Status:</u> The first round of relocation was successfully completed in 2020 (the residents of the AJB and the 20 units on South 46th St.). The second phase of relocation of residents from the #30-08 portion of AMP 3 ESSA in Cahokia Heights is in process with the goal of being completed by June 2023, but not later than the end of calendar year 2023.

Goal: Apply for and receive Replacement Tenant Protection Vouchers (TPV's) for the fifty-two public housing units approved for demolition.

Status: SCCHA received award of fifty-two (52) TPVs in calendar year 2020.

<u>Goal:</u> Pursue second phase of #30-08 demolition involving the remaining 106 family units in the ESSA, AMP 3 Centreville, including providing the required resident relocation assistance / benefits and applying for Relocation Tenant Protection Vouchers.

Status: Status of this goal discussed in previous narratives

Goal: Pursuant to above stated goals SCCHA anticipates submission of one or more RAD or demolition application(s) involving all or portions of the properties included in AMP 1 (Brooklyn), AMP 2 (Private Mathison Manor – Cahokia Heights), AMP 3 (the #30-06 and #30-20) in Cahokia Heights, AMP 4 (Belleville and Swansea senior building), AMP 5 (Washington Park, O'Fallon, and Lebanon), and AMP 6 (Marissa, Lenzburg, New Athens, Smithton, Millstadt, and Dupo).

Status: Status of this goal discussed in previous narratives

Attachment #B.3B - Statement of Progress in Meeting Annual Goals (Fiscal Year 2022 - 2023)

2023 ANNUAL PLAN UPDATE STATUS REPORT ON CURRENT YEAR GOALS AS OF FEBRUARY 2023

Goal #1 - Maintain "Standard Performer" designation under Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) or replacement assessment program introduced by HUD. Potential for lower rating is increasingly possible due to the number of public housing vacancies resulting from approved and planned demolition activities.

Status: HUD did not issue PHAS scores for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021 or 2022.

Goal #2 - Maintain "High Performer" designation under the Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP), or any replacement assessment program introduced by HUD, for the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP).

Status: Goal achieved. Due to the Covid-19 pandemic HUD did not require submission of the SEMAP Certification for the fiscal year ending 6/30/2021, but rather again "rolled over" the fiscal year 6/30/2019 score. SCCHA was designated as a "high performer" for the fiscal year 2019 period. HUD required submission of a SEMAP certification for the FYE 6/30/2022. SCCHA argued that it was unfair to require a performance certification for the fiscal year because the covid pandemic continued to run rampant and dramatically and adversely impact operations through at least at least February 2022. HUD was not swayed, and the certification was submitted. SCCHA expects to receive a "standard performer" designation at best for the fiscal year ending 6/30/2022.

Goal #3 - Continue to utilize Capital Fund Program (CFP) and any other funds available to upgrade / modernize the public housing stock consistent with the Five-Year CFP Plan, the most current physical needs assessment (PNA) and the "Green" PNA covering all AMPs. Note: Until and unless any of public housing properties or converted under RAD or other "re-positioning" program or strategy.

<u>Status:</u> SCCHA continues to fully utilize allocated CFP funds to improve the condition of the public housing inventory. Reference Five-Year Progress report for details regarding recent physical improvements made (or planned) using allocated CFP grant monies.

Goal #4 - Through partnerships with local law enforcement and prevention program service providers and other initiatives, keep the incidence of criminal activity at all public housing developments at a level less than or equal to the surrounding neighborhoods.

<u>Status:</u> A formal way of assessing this goal has not been established. However, SCCHA is confident crime in its public housing developments is comparable to or less than the neighborhoods in which the properties are located.

Goal #5 - Continue fire prevention efforts, including, but not limited to unit inspections by maintenance and/or management personnel. Also, continue to move toward full compliance with Illinois law requiring the installation of ten-year sealed-battery smoke detectors (in lieu of smoke detectors with removable battery) no later than the end of 2022.

Status: Non-essential management inspections were suspended due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Internal REAC preparation inspections continue but have started and stopped throughout the fiscal year when covid spread was at its highest and due to lack of staff (due to covid and other reasons). Compliance with the Illinois law requiring the installation of ten-year sealed-battery smoke detectors no later than the end of 2022 was achieved.

Goal #6 - Comply with statutory and any HUD regulatory requirements to maintain site-based wait lists for public housing program.

Status: SCCHA continues to administer its public housing site-based waiting list in a non-discriminatory manner. Third-party review and testing have not been arranged to date.

Goal #7 - Arrange for Fair Housing and Reasonable Accommodation Training for all staff involved in wait list, admissions and/or continued occupancy activities for all federal housing programs administered.

Status: Goal not achieved for fiscal year ending 2023 as of the date of this status report again due primarily to the Covid-19 pandemic and the related impact on SCCHA staff and workload. SCCHA plans to achieve this goal through virtual training offerings prior to the end of the current fiscal year (6/30/2023).

Goal #8 - Complete all activities related to the HUD-approved demolition of the Adeline James Building (32 senior units) and the Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments (ESSA) --- the five buildings (20 family units on South 46th Street), including but not limited to receiving Replacement Tenant Protection Vouchers, resident relocation and building demolition.

Status: Complete. All tenants were relocated, and the buildings have been demolished and vacant land infilled.

Goal #9 – Obtain approval from HUD's Special Application Center (SAC) for the demolition of the remaining 106 family units in the portion of the Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments in Centreville known as IL030-008. In related action, apply for Replacement Tenant Protection Vouchers to facilitate the relocation of the households displaced by the

planned public housing demolition activities.

Status: Partial completion. Demolition application was approved by HUD in May 2022. SCCHA was eligible to apply for and did apply for 59 Replacement Tenant Protection Vouchers (TPVs). Due to funding limitations, SCCHA was awarded only 33 TPVs in 2022 being advised SCCHA was eligible to apply for 26 additional TPVs in 2023. Tenant relocation is well underway with only 31 families remaining in occupancy at this time.

Goal #10 – Complete RAD conversion of O'Fallon and Lebanon public housing properties to Project-based Vouchers.

Status: Partially complete. SCCHA has submitted conversion applications to HUD for the public housing units in O'Fallon (20 units) and Lebanon (24 units) and was awarded a CHAP (Commitment to Enter into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract). Work continues, albeit at a slow pace due to factors SCCHA's control, to move toward submission of the Financing Plan and eventual conversion closing. The goal / hope is to complete this transaction before the end of the current plan period, but no later the close of calendar year 2023.

Goal #11 – Submit RAD conversion application for Hawthorne Terrace in Alorton (44 family units) to Project-based Vouchers.

<u>Status</u> – Incomplete. Because of the difficulties and delays in obtaining the physical needs assessment (PNA) and environmental review for the #30-08 Centreville neighborhood demolition application and the PNA for the O'Fallon / Lebanon conversion, SCCHA staff simply could not make progress on the Hawthorne project. SCCHA is in the preliminary process of soliciting and securing the services of a qualified engineering firm to complete the PNA and hopes to submit the conversion application for Hawthorne during calendar year 2023.

Goal #12 – Apply for an receive Technical Assistance Grant from the IHDA to complete a comprehensive strategic plan for SCCHA's public housing inventory.

<u>Status</u> – It was learned IHDA could not develop strategic plans specific to SCCHA's public housing inventory. However, IHDA can work on Community Revitalization Plans. SCCHA partnered with Southern Illinois Healthcare Foundation (SIHF) to apply to IHDA for the completion of a Community Revitalization Plan for the newly formed City of Cahokia Heights (formerly three separate communities of Centreville, Alorton and Cahokia). IHDA, in conjunction with SCCHA and SIHF is actively working on the final stage of the project. The CRP is expected to be completed during early 2023.

Goal #13 - Submit RAD conversion applications and/or demolition applications for all or portions of the properties included in AMP 1 (Brooklyn), AMP 2 (Private Mathison Manor – Centreville), AMP 3 (the #30-06 and #30-20 portion of the ESSA property in Centreville), AMP 4 (Belleville and Swansea senior buildings), AMP 5 (Washington

Park) and/or AMP 6 (Marissa, Lenzburg, New Athens, Smithton, Millstadt and Dupo) consistent with comprehensive strategic plan completed in conjunction with IHDA and local stakeholders. Note: See Comments in Five Year Plan Goals Regarding Brooklyn, Washington Park and Centreville (Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments) locations.

<u>Status</u> – Limited progress. Refer to status of goal #12. SCCHA is currently focusing on completion of Community Revitalization Plan for Cahokia Heights with the hope of using the results to guide / influence decisions regarding the future of the public housing properties in the Centreville neighborhood.

Goal #14 - Work with the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services (IDCFS) to successfully administer Family Unification Program (FUP) Vouchers by maintaining the targeted 95 FUP households under contract.

<u>Status</u> - SCCHA continues to work with IDCFS and its contracted agencies to successfully administer the FUP. The goal is 95 FUP participants under contract. In February 2022 there were 106 FUP households under lease. As of February 2023 there were only 76 FUP participants under lease with 7 FUP households holding vouchers and actively searching for housing. It is noted FUP clients are difficult to serve, often facing many issues, obstacles, and challenges to successfully utilizing assigned vouchers and continuing to meet family obligations under the program.

Goal #15 - Successfully administer a Family Self-Sufficiency Program serving both Housing Choice Voucher Program participants and public housing residents, while meeting or exceeding HUD's established performance measures and maintaining minimum participation level required to qualify for a full-time FSS Program Coordinator.

Status - As of January 2022, program enrollment included eighteen (18) active participants. Seven participants successfully completed the program with a combined escrow payout of \$62,519.46. Additionally, there were twelve (12) negative contract terminations and one (1) other participant who ported with an escrow transfer balance of \$1,587.96. As of January 2023, program enrollment included fourteen (14) active participants. Two (2) participants successfully completed the program with a combined escrow payout of \$16,397.10. Additionally, there were six (6) negative contract terminations. SCCHA is advancing in its efforts to recruit viable candidates to meet the minimum of twenty-five (25) enrollees to qualify for a renewal grant to fund a full-time Program Coordinator. Although new enrollment has been difficult in previous years due to Covid-19 pandemic safety precautions and attrition in the FSS Coordinator position, SCCHA has expanded its outreach efforts and expects to exceed the minimum enrollment by Summer 2023.

Goal #16 - Within budgetary and regulatory constraints, continue utilization of Project Based-Voucher Program to address the housing needs of special needs or at-risk populations (such as the elderly and/or persons with disabilities) and/or increase

affordable housing options in non-impacted or opportunity communities (as defined by the Illinois Housing Development Authority).

<u>Status</u> - SCCHA issued a Request for Proposals (RFP) for PBV proposals in October 2022 and received five proposals. Four proposals were conditionally awarded PBVs by the SCCHA Board of Commissioners in November 2022, including.

- 19 PBVs (10 two-bedroom, 3 three-bedroom, 6 four-bedroom single family homes) to support the development of the Avalon at Swansea, located at or near 3212 Smelting Works Road, Swansea.
- 13 PBVs (11 one-bedroom and 2 two-bedroom units) to support the development of the Power of Change Senior Housing of Cahokia Heights, located at or near 2338 Jerome Lane, Cahokia Heights. Note: Senior defined as 55 and older
- 16 PBVs (16 one-bedroom units) at Vivian's Village (Phase 1) located at or near 5708 Bond Avenue, Cahokia Heights. Note: This is a Permanently Supportive Housing (PSH) development designated for single or two-person households with supportive housing needs related to health status)
- 9 PBVs (4 one-bedroom, 3 two-bedroom and 2 three-bedroom family units) at Vivian's Village, located at or near 5710 Bond Avenue, Cahokia Heights)

The developer of the Avalon project has since advised SCCHA that it is no longer actively pursuing the development of this project. The developer of the PSH project submitted an application to IHDA in December 2022. The developers of the Power of Change and Vivian's Village projects have submitted preliminary funding applications to IHDA and are awaiting IHDA's response.

Goal #17 (added during the plan year) – Partner with the St. Clair County Coordinated Point of Entry to lease-up and successfully administer the 48 Emergency Housing Vouchers awarded in 2021 under the Cares Act.

<u>Status</u> – SCCHA had 50 EHV households under HAP Contract during 2022. As of February 2023 the number fell to 46. Three EHV households are not currently under HAPC but have vouchers and are actively searching for a unit. SCCHA staff is working diligently to return to full EHV lease-up. The homeless population is difficult to serve, but SCCHA is working cooperatively with partner agencies in the Continuum of Care network to address the challenges and obstacles of maintaining full EHV lease-up.

Attachment #B.4 - Narrative Statement Regarding Financial Audit

FISCAL YEAR AUDIT (FYE 6/30/22)

The last final and complete Financial Audit is for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The audit was accepted by HUD. The audit was performed by Rector, Reeder & Lofton, P.C. The audit report includes the following components:

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management Discussion and Analysis
- Audited Financial Statements
- Supplemental Information
- Internal Control Compliance

The Auditor's Report indicates that no material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were identified, no noncompliance material to financial statements was noted, no material weaknesses in internal control over major programs were observed. There was one finding identified that is required to be reported in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GACAS). The auditor identified an unacceptably high error rate in the annual income projections for the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP). A corrective action plan was developed in conjunction with the auditor.

The Auditor's Report issued on financial statements was unmodified, but qualified on compliance for major programs.

The full Audit Report for FYE-6/30/22 is on file at the SCCHA Central Office and is available for review upon request.

Prepared by:	Larry McLean	Date:	January 23, 2	023
	Larry McLean, Executive Director			

Attachment #C.1 – Resident Advisory Board Comments

Resident Advisory Board Annual Meeting December 16, 2022 Minutes

The **annual meeting** of the Resident Advisory Board of the St. Clair County Housing Authority was convened on December 16, 2022, at the SCCHA Central Office, Belleville, Illinois.

The meeting was called to order by Jewel Lewis, Chairman. Those members present are recorded on the attached sign-in sheet. Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, members were provided the option to attend via teleconference. There was no telephone participation.

Ms. Lewis welcomed those in attendance and requested that Mr. McLean present the agenda items.

Mr. McLean also welcomed those present and thanked them for attending.

A motion was made, seconded, and passed to approve the minutes of the March 9, 2022 meeting.

Mr. McLean reported that the 2022 Agency Plan Update was submitted to HUD by the April deadline and SCCHA did not receive any notices of a technical deficiency, which means the plan was approved as presented. Mr. McLean reminded the members that HUD no longer issues letters of official approval. If HUD does not notify a PHA of a deficiency in the Agency Plan or Annual Update within seventy-five (75) days of submission it is considered approved.

The Administrative Plan for the RAB was reviewed in detail. No needed changes / updates were identified. The members were reminded that the purpose of the RAB is "To assist the Housing Authority and make recommendations regarding the development of the Public Housing Agency Plan..."

Regarding membership, it was noted that consistent with the Administrative Plan, the Belleville / Swansea Senior Resident Organization (BSSRO) needs to appoint residents from each location represented to serve on the RAB. Judy Lewis reported that she will continue to represent Swansea, Mary Skees will continue to represent Amber Court, Jacqueline Johnson will continue to represent Gwendolene Court, and Judith Ogle will continue to represent Bel-Plaza 2. The Chairman asked Mr. McLean to see if Patricia Bach will agree to represent Bel-Plaza 1.

Citing the continuing pandemic and the significant workload imposed upon staff to undertake a new member recruitment effort, it was recommended there be no recruitment of new members this agency plan cycle. A motion was made by Ms. Lewis with a second by Ms. Smith. The motion passed unanimously.

The election of officers for the 2023 term was completed. A motion was made by Judy Ogle and seconded by Lillie Smith to nominate the same slate of officers for the 2023 agency plan cycle. Mr. McLean made three inquiries if there were any additional nominations, with none being heard. The motion passed unanimously by voice vote, resulting in Judy Lewis elected as President, Jacqueline Johnson as Vice-President, and Mary Skees as Secretary.

Mr. McLean advised the members HUD required the submission of a Section Eight Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) certification for the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) for the period ending 6/30/22 despite the fact the Covid-19 pandemic reached its peak during the reporting period (which covered from 7/1/2021 through 6/30/2022). He shared his frustration with having to submit a certification for the fiscal year end when the submission was waived for the last two fiscal years due to the pandemic. He said when he shared his frustration with HUD officials, they simply replied that the Biden Administration wants things to get back to normal. Mr. McLean explained that SCCHA operations are anything but "back to normal." He said he anticipates a "standard performer" rating, down from the "high performer" rating received for the last several years. He concluded his remarks by noting HUD has not issued the rating for the FYE-6/30/2022 even though the certification was submitted in late August ---suggesting this is an indication that things are not "back to normal" at HUD.

Mr. McLean reported that no information was available for the Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) for the fiscal year ending 6/30/22.

Mr. McLean reported that all public housing properties underwent REAC inspections in calendar year 2022 and the scores were not good. The members were provided with a copy of the summary scoring page for all the public housing AMPs. He said the lower scores across the board were the result of a combination of factors, including a tough inspector, not being in most units during the last two years except for work order completion, and the maintenance staff not having the time / resources to complete "pre-inspection" visits and repairs. According to Mr. McLean, Keith Hausman, Maintenance Director, will supplement this REAC information during the January 11th meeting when he covers general maintenance (work orders) and REAC inspection issues.

Mr. McLean provided an update on the status of the second phase of demolition, totaling 102 units, in the Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments. He reported that as of 12/1/2022 62 of the units were vacant. He said this group of residents (as a whole) are taking longer and proving more difficult to relocate compared to the residents involved in the first phase, noting the majority of residents involved in the first phase were senior citizens. He explained that this group of residents includes many three- and four-bedroom households, along with a few five-bedroom households, which may explain the relocation difficulties encountered. He concluded his remarks regarding the demolition / relocation by indicating he is hopeful the relocation process will be completed by the Spring of 2023 with the buildings being slated for actual demolition by late 2023 or early 2024.

Mr. McLean provided an update on the RAD (Rental Assistance Demonstration) Program application to convert the public housing units in O'Fallon (20 units) and Lebanon (24 units) from public housing to project-based vouchers. He reported that the process has turned out to be slower and more cumbersome than even he anticipated. He said HUD has issued the CHAP (Commitment to enter into a Housing Assistance Payment Contract) and another milestone (of many) has been met --- the convening of the "Concept Call" with HUD officials and representatives of the conversion team. He explained that a "financing plan" is scheduled for submission 60 days after the concept call, but noted many additional milestones and hurdles remain to be completed before the financing plan can be submitted, including, but not limited to, updating the Physical Needs Assessment (because the one originally prepared is now over one year old), holding another resident meeting, and completing additional environmental testing. Mr. McLean said these two properties were selected for SCCHA's initial conversion because they were supposed to be the easiest and fastest to get through the process. He said if this experience is any indication of what future more difficult property conversions will be like, he is not sure there will be additional conversion attempts, except for Hawthorne Terrace in Cahokia Heights, which is already in the early planning stages (again on the presumption that is will be a relatively easy conversion).

The same reports under "Tenant Matters" provided to the Board of Commissioners at their regular monthly meetings were provided to the RAB members for review. The following reports were included in the RAB meeting packet:

- Public Housing Vacancy Report & Upcoming Vacancy Report
- Tenant Accounts Receivable (TARs) Report
- Public Housing and HCVP Tenant / Member Statistics
- Public Housing Move-in Report and Move-out Report
- HCVP Move-in Report and Move-out Report
- Waiting List Statistics Report.

There was discussion regarding the relatively large number of vacant public housing units, the high level of tenant accounts receivable, the demographic breakdown of the households in the public housing and HCV programs and on the wait lists. Mr. McLean explained the impact the eighteen (18) month federal and state eviction moratoriums and the slow re-opening of the local courts had on TARs and SCCHA's ability to terminate the leases of disruptive residents. He reported the courts have not fully re-opened to prepandemic levels so SCCHA's ability to leverage payment and/or terminate leases remains severely restricted. The consistency in the demographics from the waiting lists to both the public housing and HCV programs was noted.

The members also reviewed the reports of all the various site-based wait lists, including the four project-based voucher locations (Jazz @ Walter Circle, Cottages at Cathedral Square, Lincoln Park Villas and Metro Landing @ Swansea). The most significant observation was that in total there are more applicants on the one-bedroom list than any other list.

The next item on the agenda was the Payment Standard Schedule for the HCVP. Mr. McLean reminded the members of SCCHA's April 2021 move to dual payment standards, one for zip codes 62208 (Fairview Heights), 62269 (O'Fallon) and one for the remainder of St. Clair County. He added HUD recently issued updated Fair Market Rents, which increased significantly, reflecting the nationwide and local increases in the rental housing rates. He noted SCCHA increased the payment standard schedules to reflect 100% of the newly issued FMRs effective for October 12, 2022 for new admissions and moves and December 1, 2022 for annual recertifications.

The Utility Allowance Schedule (UAS) adopted for the HCVP effective September 14, 2022, for new admissions and moves and November 1, 2022, for annual recertifications was presented to the members for review. Mr. McLean explained there is no required resident / participant comment period for the HCVP UAS, although SCCHA tries to provide advance notice to participants and owners by putting the proposed UAS on its website prior to approval by the Board of Commissioners. Mr. McLean noted the UAS schedule increased significantly for natural gas, with more modest increases in electric, water, sewer, and trash. It was noted the drastic increase in the UAS may off-set the increased payment standards, limiting the positive impact on increased "affordability" for participants SCCHA was hoping for when it adopted the higher payment standards. It was also noted local rental rates continue to increase, although there are indications the rate of increase is tapering off as inflation continues and higher federal interest rates are implemented.

The approved UAS for the public housing program for 2023 was reviewed by the members. Mr. McLean noted the required sixty (60) day comment period ran from October 1st through November 30th 2022 and the Board of Commissioners approved the UAS on December 14, 2022 with an effective date of January 1, 2023. Similar to the HCVP UAS, there were significant increases in some parts of the public housing UAS, most notably for locations with natural gas heat, water heater and stove.

Mr. McLean explained the proposed Flat Rent Schedule for the public housing program has not been issued yet, indicating priority was given to implementing the updated UAS as quickly as possible given the increases in utility rates. He said the proposed (or draft) 2023 flat rent schedule for the public housing program will probably be issued by February 1, 2023 for public comment and be adopted in conjunction with the 2023 Annual Plan Update in April 2023, with a July 1, 2023 effective date.

Mr. McLean reported that HUD is currently funded under a continuing resolution (CR) that is scheduled to expire today (December 16, 2022), noting Congress is widely expected to pass another CR until December 23, 2022 to provide additional time to reach a budget agreement for the remainder of the federal fiscal year. It was noted NAHRO (National Association of Housing and Redevelopment Officials) and NLIHC (National Low Income Housing Coalition) are encouraging members to write their congressional representatives to encourage passage of a HUD budget for the remainder of the federal fiscal year that reflects the great need for federal housing programs. Mr. McLean said there is no immediate threat of an interruption of funding for the public housing and

HCVP programs because HUD has authorized funding disbursements for January and February 2023. He also noted there is widespread anticipation congress will reach a budget deal to avoid a government shutdown.

Mr. McLean said that SCCHA would renew the membership of RAB members in the NLIHC.

The Tentative Calendar of Events for the 2023 Agency Plan Update was distributed to the members.

The meeting was adjourned at approximately 12:00 p.m.

The members were provided with lunch following the meeting, providing the opportunity for discussion of other issues of interest to the members.

Prepared by:	Date: December 30, 2022
Larry McLean, Deputy Director	
Authorized by: Mary Skees	Date: December 30, 2022
Mary Skees, Secretary	

c:lrm/word/mydocuments/residentadvisoryboard/rabmin12-16-21

Resident Advisory Board Regular Meeting January 11, 2023 Minutes

The regular meeting of the Resident Advisory Board (RAB) for the St. Clair County Housing Authority's (SCCHA's) Agency Plan was convened on January 11, 2023 at the Central Office, Belleville, IL. Due to the Coronavirus Pandemic the option of participation by teleconference was available, but no members participated via telephone.

The meeting was called to order by Jewel Lewis, Chairman, with the members present recorded on the attached sign-in sheet. Ms. Lewis expressed her appreciation to those in attendance and she thanked SCCHA on behalf of the members for the Christmas gift cards that were distributed at the meeting. Ms. Lewis requested Mr. McLean to present the agenda items. Mr. McLean also welcomed those in attendance.

A motion was made, seconded, and passed to approve the minutes of the December 16, 2022 meeting.

Keith Hausman, Maintenance Director, discussed the REAC inspection process and maintenance issues with the members. He reported REAC inspections resumed in 2022 with all AMPs being subject to inspection. This issue was discussed at the prior meeting, so discussion related to REAC inspections was limited. Mr. Hausman stated based upon the 2022 scores he anticipated all AMPs would be inspected again in 2023. He also noted the 2022 inspections were completed under the old inspection protocol, but he expects the 2023 inspections to be completed using the new NSPRIRE protocol that HUD has been developing and refining through field testing for years. Mr. Hausman noted he also expects more inspections will be completed at each location than before so it is more likely residents will be selected for an inspection. Mr. Hausman closed the REAC discussion by stating NSPIRE puts more weight on the condition of unit interiors (compared to the existing protocol) and SCCHA will have to wait until the first round of inspections is completed and then do what is necessary to comply and maximize scores, indicating Mr. McLean noted the potential of SCCHA having to divert significant funding from currently planned physical improvements to other work items to comply with the new inspection standards.

A variety of maintenance issues were discussed. The myriad of frozen and broken water lines and other problems that occurred during the extreme cold and high winds experienced over the long Christmas Holiday weekend were discussed. Mr. Hausman said it will take the maintenance staff a considerable time to recover from the incident, noting the extensive amount of wall and other repairs needed. He also noted SCCHA had to comply with the new law that took effect January 1, 2023 that all battery-operated smoke detectors have to be the ten (10) year sealed battery type.

Mr. Hausman also mentioned the high number of vacant units and the backlog of routine work orders resulting from issues related to the pandemic (staffing, material availability, etc.). Mr. Hausman also announced his upcoming retirement (February 3rd) to the members. The members wished him well and Mr. McLean noted it will be quite a loss for SCCHA ---commenting that Keith has been with SCCHA for more than thirty-one (31) years and there is no one who knows the properties better.

David Wright, Modernization Director, briefed the RAB members on the Capital Fund Program (CFP). Mr. Wright reported SCCHA does a good job of spending CFP monies on a timely basis, reporting to the members that the majority of monies for program year 2021 have been obligated, substantial progress has been made in obligating 2022 monies and in-house planning and / or A&E services are in progress for the remainder of 2022 monies. Mr. Wright recapped the major work items funded under the 2021 and 2022 CFP grants.

501-21 (program year 2021)

- Replace/AC units and upgrade security cameras in IL30-09 Brooklyn;
- HVAC replacement and mechanical room renovation in IL30-10 Cahokia Heights;
- Replace A/C units in IL30-14 Lebanon and IL30-24 O'Fallon;
- Kitchen and bathroom renovations, flooring, wall repair, exterior wall repair and painting in IL30-12 Brooklyn, IL30-20 Cahokia Heights, IL30-13 New Athens and IL30-21 New Athens;
- HVAC replacement in IL30-05 Smithton;
- Security camera upgrades in IL30-60,80,10 Cahokia Heights, IL30-06,20 Cahokia Heights and IL30-16,61,27 Belleville.

501-22 (program year 2022)

- Building demolition in IL30-08 in Cahokia Heights;
- Upgrade security system in IL30-06 Cahokia Heights;
- Retire security system in IL30-08 Cahokia Heights;
- RAD Rehabilitation Improvements in IL30-14 Lebanon and IL30-24 O'Fallon;
- Parking lot drainage and resurfacing in IL30-19 & 28 in Lenzburg;
- Remove and replace parking lot in IL30-22 Millstadt;
- Parking and site improvements in IL30-10 Cahokia Heights.

Mr. Wright presented the draft 5 Year CFP Plan (herein after referred to as the "Plan"), noting the presumptive funding amount for each year of the plan available for physical work items to be \$2,733,855, the same as 2022. Mr. McLean cautioned this amount is subject to change with annual federal budget appropriations.

The draft Plan was handed out to the members and there was considerable discussion. The proposed year one of the plan was reviewed in detail. It includes the following work items.

AMP	PROPERTY	WORK ITEMS	DOLLAR AMOUNT
			ASSESSED A
	YEAR 1-2023		
001	IL30-09 Brooklyn	Pump Station Pond	\$60,000
002	IL30-10 Cahokia Heights	Resurface Streets Reseal and Stripe Parking Lots	\$150,000
	IL30-60,10 Cahokia Heights	Security Surveillance	\$30,000
	IL30-11 Cahokia Heights	RAD Rehabilitation	\$50,000
003	IL30-06 Cahokia Heights	Resurface Streets and Seal Parking Lots	\$100,000
004	IL30-61 Belleville IL30-16,61 Belleville	Heat Tape and Insulate Drain Lines Roof Resurfacing	\$30,000 \$230,000
	IL30-16 Belleville	Elevator Renovation	\$130,000
	IL30-16 Belleville	Heating System Shut-Offs	\$30,000
	IL30-16 Belleville	Kitchen and Bathroom Renovations	\$500,000
	IL30-16 Belleville	Floor Replacement	\$247,000
	IL30-16 Belleville	Interior Wall Repair	\$50,000
	IL30-16 Belleville	Temporary Resident Relocation	\$36,855
	IL30-16 Belleville	Heat Pump Replacement	\$200,000
	IL30-27 Belleville	Resurface Street Reseal and Stripe Parking Lots	\$110,000
	IL30-27 Belleville	Siding and Door Replacement	\$300,000
006	IL30-22 Millstadt	Kitchen and Bathroom Renovations	\$100,000
	IL30-22 Millstadt	Wall Repair	\$60,000
	IL30-22 Millstadt	Flooring Replacement	\$75,000
	IL30-22 Millstadt	Domestic Waterline Replacement	\$90,000
	IL30-22 Millstadt	Site Drainage	\$25,000
	IL30-22 Millstadt	Window Replacement	\$70,000
	IL30-22 Millstadt	Temporary Resident Relocation	\$60,000
	Year 1-2023 Total		\$2,733,855

Ms. Skees asked why the bathroom improvements previously planned for Amber Court (#30-27) were no longer in the Plan. Mr. Wright indicated the Amber Court bathroom improvements must have been overlooked when the Plan was revised to make the

Millstadt properties a priority because of all the water supply line failures that are occurring. He thanked Ms. Skees and said the Plan would be revised to add Amber Court bathroom renovations back to the Plan. Mr. Wright said he and Nick Urban would take another hard look at the Plan with consideration being given to focusing on the bathroom renovations at the Belleville senior properties, while delaying budgeting for full kitchen and flooring replacement. Ms. Skees and the other members expressed support for getting the bathroom renovations completed as soon as possible, with the highest priority being the replacement of the bathtubs with walk-in showers.

Mr. McLean expressed his concern regarding Washington Park (#30-17) kitchen, bathroom, and flooring upgrades, which were originally funded in program years 2020 and 2021, now appear in year 2 of the current plan. The funds originally dedicated to Washington Park in years 2020 and 2021 had to be reallocated to finish the work and cover higher than anticipated costs in the HV/AC & electrical improvements in Private Mathison Manor (#30-10). He explained it is a hard decision for him to place kitchen cabinet and flooring replacement in the senior properties (#30-16, 61 and 27) ahead of Washington Park, noting the frustration of not having sufficient funds to complete all the needed work.

The members were encouraged by Mr. McLean to have discussions of the Plan with the residents of the developments they represent. He also noted the members were receiving an "advance" copy of what will be mailed to residents with the February rent statements. The February mailing will open the sixty (60) day comment period on the CFP and will announce the forty-five (45) day comment period on the 2023 Agency Plan Update will start February 17, 2023.

Mr. McLean emphasized that with each out year the Plan becomes increasingly tentative and subject to change based upon unanticipated needs, actual funding levels, and other factors. Mr. Wright concluded his presentation by answering a variety of questions and listening to comments from the members regarding capital fund work and plans. Mr. Wright invited the members to contact him if they had any further questions and/or comments regarding the content of the Plan.

Nancy Schmidt, Finance Director, reported on SCCHA finances matters, including budgets for the public housing and Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP). The financial briefing started with a comparison of the total actual financial resources received for fiscal year ending (FYE) 6/30/22 and budgeted amounts for FYE 6/30/23 (reference the reports Ms. Schmidt distributed to the members).

Public Housing Operating Fund Subsidy is budgeted at a lower amount for 2023 (\$3,497,959) compared to \$3,813,811 actual for FYE 6/30/22); monies available under the Capital Fund Program (grant year 2023 monies) is budgeted at \$3,384.214 for fiscal year 2023 compared to actual available at the close of FYE 6/30/22 of \$2,845,815 (which included all open CFP grants); the public housing dwelling rental income (resident payments) budget decreased (from \$2,252,735 to \$2,108,640); along with nominal changes in interest income (budgeted at \$5,600 for FYE-2023, up from actual interest

income of \$281 in FYE-6/30/22) and other income (budgeted lower at \$99,400, down from \$108,394). It was noted that the budget for the Section 8 HCVP increased to \$14,946,000 from \$14,088,186 actual for FYE 6/30/22. Section 8 HCVP Administrative Fees are budgeted slightly higher at \$1,527,178 for FY 2023, up from \$1,526,723.

A brief overview of the budgets for the Section 8 Program, Central Office Cost Center (COCC) and the Asset Management Property Groupings (AMPs) was provided. The need to budget for use of operating reserves to support certain AMPs was noted. It was noted that all AMPs were budgeted to achieve a small positive cash flow (after use of reserves and with some monetary transfers among the AMPs).

Ms. Schmidt and/or Mr. McLean responded to a variety of questions from the members regarding the financial information presented.

The members expressed their appreciation to Mr. Hausman, Mr. Wright and Ms. Schmidt for the insightful presentations and ensuing discussions.

Mr. McLean provided additional information regarding the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) to supplement the information shared at the last meeting. The current income limits for the program were provided with an explanation that 75% of annual admissions to the HCVP are required to come from the extremely low-income category (not more than 30% of county median income adjusted by the number of family members).

The members were provided with a copy of the Voucher Management Tracking (VMT) report the staff maintains. Important "take-a-ways" include:

- Almost 50% of applicants contacted to begin the screening process for the HCVP are withdrawn from the wait list;
- Only about one-third of those applicants contacted for HCVP eligibility screening are issued a voucher:
- There is a relatively high success (utilization) rate among those who receive vouchers (varying from 68% for one bedroom voucher holders to 79% for three-bedroom voucher holders);
- On average it takes 111 days for SCCHA to issue an applicant a voucher (from the date they are pulled from the waiting list) and 81 days for a voucher holder to get under contract.

Mr. McLean explained many of the 25% to 30% of those who are unsuccessful in utilizing their vouchers within the 120-day term have either no or a poor prior rental housing history, do not have the funds to pay a security deposit and/or have large unpaid utility balances resulting in their inability to get utility services activated in their name.

An Admissions Report covering the period from July 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022 was provided to the members. The report shows that 75% (97 of 130) of new admissions to

the HCVP were from the extremely low-income category, noting SCCHA needs to work to maintain the 75% target for the remainder of the fiscal year.

The members asked various questions regarding the information presented related to the HCVP with Mr. McLean providing a response.

SCCHA's "Designated Housing Plan" was reviewed. Mr. McLean reported that the plan was originally adopted and approved by HUD in 2005 for a five-year term, with seven (7) two-year renewals being received in 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2020 and most recently in 2022. With the most recent extension, the plan will expire April 30, 2024. Applying for and obtaining periodic two-year renewals of the Designated Housing Plan are stated goals in the 2020 (Five Year) Agency Plan (AP). The members expressed their strong support for the plan, noting that the senior citizen and younger disabled populations do not mix well in high density locations / environments.

The latest approved rent and utility allowance schedules for Gwendolene Court, Townhouse Court (both Multi-family Project-based Assistance properties) and Cedar Ridge (a Rural Development property) were provided to and reviewed with the members. Mr. McLean noted each federally assisted housing program has a separate method by which utility allowance schedules (and in some cases rent levels) are established.

Mr. McLean reviewed the Asset Management Table (AMT) with the members. The AMT reflects planned expenditures from the CFP over the five-year period and denotes those developments that are targeted for demolition and possible conversion under RAD (HUD's Rental Assistance Demonstration program). The draft AMT denotes planned demolition of 102 units in #30-08 in AMP 3 the Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments (AMP 3). Mr. McLean also noted #30-24 (O'Fallon) and #30-14 (Lebanon) both in AMP 5, along with 44 units in #30-11 (Hawthorne Terrace in Amp 2) are identified as "RAD Conversion Anticipated" during the next fiscal year.

The remaining portion of Amp 3, the part known as #30-6, and the #30-1 portion of Amp 1 (Brooklyn) are identified for both potential RAD conversion and potential demolition. Every other public development is listed as under assessment for potential RAD conversion.

The Management Needs Assessment and 5 Year Plan were reviewed with Mr. McLean noting that the number of budgeted work items are down to three ---professional development for the public housing management staff, resident council development and training, and computer hardware and software and other electronic equipment. Mr. McLean explained that while the need remains for resident service coordination and technical support, drug prevention / elimination activities, that any funds budgeted for these purposes will be done so in the AMP operating budgets and not CFP Management Improvements. The continued challenge of meeting HUD's occupancy and unit turnaround time goals was noted, but again, no CFP monies are budgeted for this purpose. Mr. McLean noted that the sources of information that result in the management

needs assessment include, but are not limited to, HUD reporting systems (PHAS, REAC inspections, etc.), RAB input, resident feedback, and financial and management audits.

An article from the NLIHC (National Low-Income Housing Coalition) newsletter related to federal legislation being introduced to provide tenants in tax-credit and project-based voucher developments the right to organize was provided to the members. Member Jessie Hooper, who resides in a tax-credit development with project-based vouchers had previously inquired if tenants in these types of properties had a legal right to form resident organizations.

It was noted that the next meeting is scheduled for 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, January 25, 2023.

The meeting adjourned at approximately 12:00 noon, with the members being provided lunch. This time allowed for the opportunity for discussion of other issues of interest to the members.

Prepared by:	Larry McLean	Date: January 17, 2023
	Larry McLean, Deputy Di	rector
Authorized by	:Mary Skees	Date: January 17, 2023
	Mary Skees, Secretary	
		c:lrm/word/mydocuments/rab/rabmin1-11-23

Resident Advisory Board Regular Meeting February 8, 2023 Minutes

The regular meeting of the Resident Advisory Board (RAB) for the St. Clair County Housing Authority's Agency Plan was convened on February 8, 2023 at the Central Office, Belleville, IL.

The meeting was called to order by Jewel Lewis, Chairman, with the members present recorded on the attached sign-in sheet. Ms. Lewis expressed her appreciation to those in attendance. Ms. Lewis requested that Larry McLean, Executive Director, present the agenda items. Mr. McLean also welcomed those in attendance.

A motion was made, seconded, and passed to approve the minutes of the January 11, 2023 meeting.

Mr. McLean provided an opportunity for the members to follow up, review and/or request additional clarity on any of the items covered at previous meetings. There were no questions regarding issues / matters / materials reviewed at previous meetings.

The meeting scheduled for January 25th was cancelled due to inclement weather. Mr. McLean said that meeting packet (which was delivered to the members on January 24th) contained mostly "boiler plate" items that change little if any from one year to another. He said he would be happy to respond to any questions from any members regarding the content of the January 25th meeting packet today or at a future meeting, but he did not intend to go over the items individually given the tight calendar for compiling and releasing the draft 2023 Agency Plan Update. The members expressed their concurrence with this approach.

Mr. McLean said the SEMAP (Section Eight Management Assessment Program) Certification Report for FYE-6/30/2022 was released. A copy of the report was in the meeting packet. SCCHA received a "Standard" overall rating as was expected given all the difficulties encountered due to the Covid 19 pandemic during the reporting period. Similarly, a copy of the PHAS (Public Housing Assessment System) report for the same period was provided to the members. The report was incomplete, only including the "physical" indicator score, which results from the REAC inspections. The "designation status" received was "substandard physical." Mr. McLean explained HUD has not issued full PHAS scores in several years as they develop a revised performance assessment system. He also said the issues with REAC inspections were discussed at length during a prior meeting and it will suffice to say that SCCHA is committed to doing what it can to improve future REAC inspection scores within the constraints of existing resources.

The tracking report related to RFTAs (Request for Tenancy Approvals) was reviewed by the members. Significant "take aways" from the report include the following.

- Nearly 92% of all Landlord Packets (RFTAs) presented are approved.
- Of the RFTAs not approved most are because of affordability (42.6%).
- The success rate for all household types (family, senior, disabled) are all over 90% with no statistical difference.
- There is no difference in the success rate based on race. Both African American and Caucasian households had RFTA success rates of nearly 92%.
- On average it took 4.5 days from inspection authorization to inspection completion.
- The average time from receipt of the RFTA to inspection is 9 days.
- The average time from receipt of the RFTA to final decision is 11 days.

Applicant Accessibility Reports for the public housing and HCVP were provided, reviewed and discussed. The major "take-aways" were:

- The most common accessibility need is for a ground floor unit;
- The percentage of applicants who reported a disability requiring some level of "mobility" accommodation ranged from nearly 17% for the HCVP to almost 23% for public housing;
- 15%+/- of applicants who reported a disability indicated they used a wheelchair;
- Between 4% and 6% of disabled applicants indicated a hearing impairment while between 8% to 12% indicated a vision impairment.

The Statement of Housing Needs (for the jurisdiction) and Strategy for Addressing the Housing Needs was reviewed. Mr. McLean reminded the members he anticipated having to undertake a major re-write of this document because he assumed the St. Clair County Consolidated Plan (CP) would have been updated to reflect the 2020 Census data. However, Mr. McLean said when he reviewed the County's CP it had not yet been updated with the latest census information. Therefore, changes to this section of the APU were limited to minor updates reflecting current SCCHA wait list information. There was minimal discussion regarding the document.

The Status Report for the 2022 – 2023 Annual Plan Goals was reviewed and discussed. Mr. McLean explained there is considerable overlap between the annual goals and the five-year goals.

The Status Report for the Five-Year Plan Goals (through the first three years) as of February 2023 was the next document reviewed. Mr. McLean commented that the document was updated to include information and activities from the last year and explained how these impacted the progress toward the established goals. Mr. McLean acknowledged the document was lengthy with few, if any, major changes from last year. With just a couple of exceptions, Mr. McLean said the report is available for the members to review and he would be pleased to answer any questions they may have today or at a future meeting. He highlighted the following:

• Instead of decreasing, as was the goal, the number of public housing vacant units increased significantly during the first three years of the plan period.

- The number of households assisted by the HCVP decreased from the 2,337 at the starting point of the current Five-Year Plan (1/2/2020) to 2,209 as of 2/1/2023;
- SCCHA continued to use the Project-Based Voucher (PBV) program to increase the affordable housing options in new developments in attractive locations;
- The HUD approved demolition of an additional 102 units in Centreville and resident relocation activities for this second phase of demolition are underway;
- SCCHA continues to obligate and expend all Capital Fund Program grant monies available for physical improvements to the public housing portfolio, however, there remains a huge backlog in needed capital improvements;
- SCCHA's Designated Housing Plan was renewed by HUD for another two-year period effective May 1, 2022;
- SCCHA staff completed additional fair housing and reasonable accommodation training in 2021 and 2022 with more planned in 2023, and;
- Application for conversion of the public housing developments in O'Fallon (20 units) and Lebanon (24 units) to Project-based vouchers or other project based rental assistance program was submitted and a CHAP (Commitment to Enter into a Housing Assistance Payment Contract) has been assigned.

The tentative or draft Annual Goals for the period 2023 – 2024 were reviewed. Mr. McLean noted there were three new goals proposed for the upcoming plan period. They include:

- Reducing the number of vacancies in Private Mathison Manor (AMP 2) to 12 or less and in Thomas Terry apartments (AMP 1) to 6 or less by the end of the plan period (6/30/2024);
- Regain "High Performer" designation under the Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) for the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP);
- Achieve net gain of at least 100 HCVP participants under contract by the end of the calendar year 2023 and an additional 50 by the end of the plan period (6/30/2024). The starting count is 2,209.

Noting, although it is not a required component of the Agency Plan documents, Mr. McLean stated SCCHA has been compiling a Racial Concentration Analysis as part of the annual planning process for a number of years. The results are summarized in the report included in the meeting packet as item #11. Mr. McLean said the report demonstrates most of SCCHA's public housing properties are racially diverse having minority populations equal to or greater than the census track in which they are located. He noted some of the Centreville (Cahokia Heights) and Brooklyn public housing developments at or nearly 100% African American while the census tracks for these areas are in the high nineties. He noted the Washington Park public housing units are also 100% occupied by African Americans while the census track is at 92%. He commented applicants are free to apply for any and all locations regardless of race ---explaining the 100% figure is a result of applicant preference and not any actions on the part of SCCHA. He also noted the census track data was updated using the 2020 Census information.

The Income Concentration Analysis was presented by Mr. McLean. He noted the following:

- The average income for all public housing developments is determined and then adjusted using a weighted-average methodology based upon bedroom size;
- Thresholds are set at the 85% and 115% levels of the overall weighted average of household income;
- Only developments / locations with 100 or more units are considered, resulting in three locations ---Private Mathison Manor [PMM] (AMP 2) and ESSA (AMP 3) in Centreville and Thomas Terry Apartments [TTA] (AMP 1) in Brooklyn;
- The ESSA development will be omitted from future analysis because with the second phase of demolition there will be less than 100 units remaining;
- The PMM and TTA locations had weighted-average household incomes within the established thresholds meaning there is no indication of income concentrations (low or high) in the these developments;
- Oddly, with only 88 units occupied, the ESSA development had the highest weighted average annual income and it fell outside of the 115% range. The occurrence is considered an anomaly resulting in the dwindling number of units in the development.

The draft Grilling Policy was presented and reviewed with the members. Mr. McLean said after conducting a site visit the adoption of a policy was required by the company providing SCCHA's property and liability insurance. There was some general discussion regarding the proposed new policy, but nothing noteworthy.

The members also received a copy of HUD's Electric Scooter / Bike Safety Flyer. Mr. McLean said that he has heard of several house / apartment fires starting from the batteries in electric scooters / bikes, but SCCHA has been fortunate so far with no fires resulting from this source. He encouraged the residents to share the information with the residents they represent.

Mr. McLean explained the members have now reviewed all of the content of the Agency Plan except for any policy revisions that may be adopted. He explained he was doubtful he would be prepared to present any proposed policy changes in time to convene the next meeting on February 22nd as currently reflected in the "Tentative 2023 APU Schedule." He indicated it was more likely the next meeting will be scheduled on March 8th ---which would coincide with the next SCCHA Board meeting ---or even a later date, if there is any additional information to present to the RAB this planning cycle.

The meeting adjourned at approximately 12:30 p.m., with the members being provided lunch, which afforded the opportunity for Mr. McLean to further discuss issues of individual concern to the members regarding the locations they represent.

c:ltm/word/inydocuments/rab/rabinin2-8-23

Resident Advisory Board Minutes of the Regular Meeting April 11, 2023 (Pending Approval)

The regular meeting of the Resident Advisory Board (RAB) for the St. Clair County Housing Authority's Agency Plan was convened on April 11, 2023.

The meeting was called to order by Jewel Lewis, Chairman, with the members present recorded on the sign-in sheet. Ms. Lewis expressed her appreciation to those participating. Ms. Lewis requested that Larry McLean, Executive Director, present the agenda items. Mr. McLean also welcomed those in attendance and explained this meeting is late in the Agency Plan Update process but there were some late changes he felt warranted another meeting.

A motion was made, seconded, and passed to approve the minutes of the February 8, 2023 meeting.

Mr. McLean provided an opportunity for the members to follow up, review and/or request additional clarity on any of the items covered at previous meetings. There were no questions regarding issues / matters / materials reviewed at previous meetings.

The proposed revisions in the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) Administrative Plan (AP) were presented. Mr. McLean explained the first change relates to preferential admission to participants in Workforce Investment and Opportunity Act (WIOA) training and employment programs who are experiencing housing instability which threatens their success in the WIOA program. He noted there would be an annual limit of twelve (12) admissions under this category. The members expressed their support for this admission preference and the collaboration between employment training and housing program providers.

Mr. McLean said HOTMA (Housing Opportunity Through Modernization Act) mandates several policy changes. The members reviewed a "bulleted" outline of the policy changes mandated by Section 102 and 104 of HOTMA. Mr. McLean said the specific paragraph by paragraph changes to the AP resulting from HOTMA are not being presented at this time because HUD will be issuing additional implementation guidance and conducting training sessions in the coming months. The HOTMA changes (in Section 102 and 104) become effective January 1, 2024. Mr. McLean said SCCHA's goal is to have the specific policy changes in place by October 1, 2023 because work will begin soon thereafter for annual recertification due January 1, 2024. He said he will convene an interim RAB meeting to present and discuss the changes prior to adoption, noting the advantage of including the HOTMA changes as part of the 2023 Agency Plan Update cycle, the resulting policy changes will not be considered to be a significant amendment to the Agency Plan and will not necessitate a full 60-day comment period, newspaper publication, public hearing, etc.

There was discussion of the various changes included in Section 102 and 104 of HOTMA and the potential positive and negative impact on residents / participants.

Another significant revision being made to the AP involves resident / participant screening. SCCHA is making the AP policy changes to comply with Illinois Public Housing Access Bill (or Senate Bill – SB1980). In addition to the significant reporting burden required by the statute revision (when the State reporting mechanism is established), is major impact is the limitations on PHAs to screen for criminal convictions occurring only during the last 180 day or 6 months. The members were extremely disappointed by this provision of State law and expressed varying concerns regarding the negative impact the extreme limitations on past criminal history screening will have on the program, neighbors, and neighborhoods. Mr. McLean said he understands and shares their concerns, but there is nothing SCCHA can do about it ---it is State law.

The same proposed revisions to the Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP) were reviewed. The same comments made in response to the proposed revisions in the AP were echoed again, with added emphasis on the potential adverse impact SB1980 will have on them and other public housing residents.

The proposed revision to the Public Housing Service Charge Policy was presented and discussed. Mr. McLean said the Property Managers requested increased fines for trash / debris in the areas for which residents are responsible under the lease and/or a littering penalty in an attempt to get frequent violators attention. Mr. McLean said he doubts any members have ever been impacted by the trash, debris and littering fines, but there are a few very troublesome households throughout SCCHA's portfolio that make this a necessity. The members expressed surprise and disappointment that this was necessary but had no objection to the increased fees for households who do not maintain their yards and/or litter the grounds.

Mr. McLean explained that the new Outdoor Grill, Smoker and Firepit Policy was required by SCCHA's property insurance provider. He said he understood the issues and expressed support for the intent, but said he personally questioned the need for a separate policy. Regardless, again, SCCHA has no choice in the matter, it is a requirement to maintain property insurance. There was discussion among the residents regarding issues related to the use of BBQ grills by residents. The members did not have any specific objections to the new policy.

There were no other issues to discuss, and no date was established for the next meeting. The meeting adjourned at approximately 11:30 a.m.

Prepared by: _	Larry McLean	Date: April 11, 2023
	Larry McLean, Executive Director	
Authorized by	:Mary Skees	Date: April 11, 2023
	Mary Skees, Secretary	

Attachment #C.2 – Certification by State or Local Official

Certification by State or Local Official of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan or State Consolidated Plan (All PHAs)

U. S Department of Housing and Urban Development

Office of Public and Indian Housing
OMB No. 2577-0226
Expires 3/31/2024

Certification by State or Local Official of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan or State Consolidated Plan

I, Richard Stubblefield, the	Executive Director
Official's Name	Official's Title
certify that the 5-Year PHA Plan for fiscal year year 2024 of the St. Clair County Housing Aut PHA Name	hority is consistent with the
Consolidated Plan or State Consolidated Plan including Choice or Assessment of Fair Housing (A	
St. Clair Co	
Local Jurisdie	ction Name
pursuant to 24 CFR Part 91 and 24 CFR §§ 903.76	(o)(3) and 903.15.
Provide a description of how the PHA Plan's contestate Consolidated Plan.	ents are consistent with the Consolidated Plan or
Addresses the need for affordable housing for low basis.	v-income households on a non-discriminatory
I hereby certify that all the information stated herein, as well as any information provide prosecute false claims and statements. Conviction may result in criminal and/or civil personal and/or civil and/or	led in the accompaniment herewith, is true and accurate. Warning: HUD will enalties. (18 U.S.C. 1001, 1010, 1012, 31 U.S.C. 3729, 3802)
Name of Authorized Official:	Title
Richard Stubblefield	Executive Director
Signature:	Date: 4/4/2-3

The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development is authorized to solicit the information requested in this form by virtue of Title 12, U.S. Code, Section 1701 et seq., and regulations promulgated thereunder at Title 12, Code of Federal Regulations. Responses to the collection of information are required to obtain a benefit or to retain a benefit. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality. This information is collected to ensure consistency with the consolidated plan or state consolidated plan.

Public reporting burden for this information collection is estimated to average 0.16 hours per year per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not collect this information, and respondents are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Attachment #C.3 – Form HUD-50077, PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations (Civil Rights Certification)
(Form HUD-50077-ST-HCV-HP)

SCCHA Board Resolution #23-02

Certifications of Compliance with PHA Plan and Related Regulations (Standard, Troubled, HCV-Only, and High Performer PHAs)

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing
OMB No. 2577-0226
Expires 3/31/2024

PHA Certifications of Compliance with PHA Plan, Civil Rights, and Related Laws and Regulations including PHA Plan Elements that Have Changed

Acting on behalf of the Board of Commissioners of the Public Housing Agency (PHA) listed below, as its Chairperson or other authorized PHA official if there is no Board of Commissioners, I approve the submission of the _____ 5-Year and/or _X_ Annual PHA Plan, hereinafter referred to as" the Plan", of which this document is a part, and make the following certification and agreements with the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the PHA fiscal year beginning 7/1/2023_, in connection with the submission of the Plan and implementation thereof:

- 1. The Plan is consistent with the applicable comprehensive housing affordability strategy (or any plan incorporating such strategy) for the jurisdiction in which the PHA is located (24 CFR § 91.2).
- 2. The Plan contains a certification by the appropriate State or local officials that the Plan is consistent with the applicable Consolidated Plan, which includes a certification that requires the preparation of an Analysis of Impediments (AI) to Fair Housing Choice, or Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) when applicable, for the PHA's jurisdiction and a description of the manner in which the PHA Plan is consistent with the applicable Consolidated Plan (24 CFR §§ 91.2, 91.225, 91.325, and 91.425).
- 3. The PHA has established a Resident Advisory Board or Boards, the membership of which represents the residents assisted by the PHA, consulted with this Resident Advisory Board or Boards in developing the Plan, including any changes or revisions to the policies and programs identified in the Plan before they were implemented, and considered the recommendations of the RAB (24 CFR 903.13). The PHA has included in the Plan submission a copy of the recommendations made by the Resident Advisory Board or Boards and a description of the manner in which the Plan addresses these recommendations.
- 4. The PHA provides assurance as part of this certification that:
 - (i) The Resident Advisory Board had an opportunity to review and comment on the changes to the policies and programs before implementation by the PHA;
 - (ii) The changes were duly approved by the PHA Board of Directors (or similar governing body); and
 - (iii) The revised policies and programs are available for review and inspection, at the principal office of the PHA during normal business hours.
- 5. The PHA made the proposed Plan and all information relevant to the public hearing available for public inspection at least 45 days before the hearing, published a notice that a hearing would be held and conducted a hearing to discuss the Plan and invited public comment.
- 6. The PHA certifies that it will carry out the public housing program of the agency in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d—4), the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-19), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), and other applicable civil rights requirements and that it will affirmatively further fair housing in the administration of the program. In addition, if it administers a Housing Choice Voucher Program, the PHA certifies that it will administer the program in conformity with the Fair Housing Act, title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, and other applicable civil rights requirements, and that it will affirmatively further fair housing in the administration of the program.
- 7. The PHA will affirmatively further fair housing, which means that it will take meaningful actions to further the goals identified in the Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) conducted in accordance with the requirements of 24 CFR § 5.150 through 5.180, that it will take no action that is materially inconsistent with its obligation to affirmatively further fair housing, and that it will address fair housing issues and contributing factors in its programs, in accordance with 24 CFR § 903.7(o)(3). The PHA will fulfill the requirements at 24 CFR § 903.7(o) and 24 CFR § 903.15(d). Until such time as the PHA is required to submit an AFH, the PHA will fulfill the requirements at 24 CFR § 903.7(o) promulgated prior to August 17, 2015, which means that it examines its programs or proposed programs; identifies any impediments to fair housing choice within those programs; addresses those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available; works with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement; and maintains records reflecting these analyses and actions.
- 8. For PHA Plans that include a policy for site-based waiting lists:

- The PHA regularly submits required data to HUD's 50058 PIC/IMS Module in an accurate, complete and timely manner (as specified in PIH Notice 2011-65);
- The system of site-based waiting lists provides for full disclosure to each applicant in the selection of the development in which to reside, including basic information about available sites; and an estimate of the period of time the applicant would likely have to wait to be admitted to units of different sizes and types at each site;
- Adoption of a site-based waiting list would not violate any court order or settlement agreement or be inconsistent with a
 pending complaint brought by HUD;
- The PHA shall take reasonable measures to assure that such a waiting list is consistent with affirmatively furthering fair housing; and
- The PHA provides for review of its site-based waiting list policy to determine if it is consistent with civil rights laws and certifications, as specified in 24 CFR 903.7(o)(1).
- The PHA will comply with the prohibitions against discrimination on the basis of age pursuant to the Age Discrimination Act of 1975.
- 10. In accordance with 24 CFR § 5.105(a)(2), HUD's Equal Access Rule, the PHA will not make a determination of eligibility for housing based on sexual orientation, gender identify, or marital status and will make no inquiries concerning the gender identification or sexual orientation of an applicant for or occupant of HUD-assisted housing.
- 11. The PHA will comply with the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 and 24 CFR Part 41, Policies and Procedures for the Enforcement of Standards and Requirements for Accessibility by the Physically Handicapped.
- 12. The PHA will comply with the requirements of Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, Employment Opportunities for Low-or Very-Low Income Persons, and with its implementing regulation at 24 CFR Part 135.
- 13. The PHA will comply with acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24 as applicable.
- 14. The PHA will take appropriate affirmative action to award contracts to minority and women's business enterprises under 24 CFR 5.105(a).
- 15. The PHA will provide the responsible entity or HUD any documentation that the responsible entity or HUD needs to carry out its review under the National Environmental Policy Act and other related authorities in accordance with 24 CFR Part 58 or Part 50, respectively.
- 16. With respect to public housing the PHA will comply with Davis-Bacon or HUD determined wage rate requirements under Section 12 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.
- 17. The PHA will keep records in accordance with 2 CFR 200.333 and facilitate an effective audit to determine compliance with program requirements.
- 18. The PHA will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992, and 24 CFR Part 35.
- 19. The PHA will comply with the policies, guidelines, and requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Financial Assistance, including but not limited to submitting the assurances required under 24 CFR §§ 1.5, 3.115, 8.50, and 107.25 by submitting an SF-424, including the required assurances in SF-424B or D, as applicable.
- 20. The PHA will undertake only activities and programs covered by the Plan in a manner consistent with its Plan and will utilize covered grant funds only for activities that are approvable under the regulations and included in its Plan.
- 21. All attachments to the Plan have been and will continue to be available at all times and all locations that the PHA Plan is available for public inspection. All required supporting documents have been made available for public inspection along with the Plan and additional requirements at the primary business office of the PHA and at all other times and locations identified by the PHA in its PHA Plan and will continue to be made available at least at the primary business office of the PHA.
- 22. The PHA certifies that it is in compliance with applicable Federal statutory and regulatory requirements, including the Declaration of Trust(s).

St. Clair County Housing Authority	<u>IL030</u>	
PHA Name X Annual PHA Plan for Fiscal Year 2024	PHA Number/HA Code 5-Year PHA Plan for Fiscal Years 20 20	•
I hereby certify that all the information stated herein, as well as any information proprosecute false claims and statements. Conviction may result in criminal and/or civil	ovided in the accompaniment herewith, is true and accurate. Warning: HUD if penaltics. (18 U.S.C. 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. 3729, 3802).	will
Name of Executive Director: Larry McLean	Name Board Chairman: Dan Barger	
Signature Date 4/12/23	Signature DIC B Date 4/13	123

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Attachment #C.4 - Certification of No Challenged Elements

Attachment #C.4 - Certification of No Challenged Elements

The St. Clair County Housing Authority certifies and attests that during and after the close of the 45-day Resident Comment Period and the Public Hearing held on April 5, 2023 no elements of the 2023 Annual Plan Update were challenged.

Certified by:Larry McLean	_ Date:	April 12, 2023	
Larry McLean, Executive Director			

Exhibit #1 - Carbon Monoxide Detector Law Compliance Statement

CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS

The St. Clair County Housing Authority has conformed the policies and practices of both the Public Housing and Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) Programs to comply with the requirements of the Illinois Carbon Monoxide Alarm Detector (CMAD) Act, which went into effect January 1, 2007.

Compliance activities completed on or before January 1, 2007 included but were not necessarily limited to the installation of Carbon Monoxide Detectors where required by law in all units owned / operated by SCCHA, revision of appropriate public housing (ACOP) and Section 8 HCVP (Administrative Plan) policies and sending a summary version of the Illinois Carbon Monoxide Alarm Detector (CMAD) Act to all residents.

Exhibit #2 – Annual Plan Goals for Agency Plan Fiscal Year 2023 - 2024

ANNUAL PLAN GOALS FOR JULY 1, 2023 – JUNE 30, 2024

- 1) Maintain "Standard Performer" designation under Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) or replacement assessment program introduced by HUD. Potential for lower rating is increasingly possible due to the number of public housing vacancies resulting from approved and planned demolition activities.
- 2) Reduce the number of vacancies in Private Mathison Manor (AMP 2) to 12 or less and in Thomas Terry Apartments (AMP 1) to 6 or less by end of plan period (6/30/2024).
- 3) Return to "High Performer" designation under the Section 8 Management Assessment Program (SEMAP), or any replacement assessment program introduced by HUD, for the Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP).
- 4) Achieve net gain of at least 100 HCVP participants under contract by end of calendar year 2023 and additional 50 by end of plan period (6/30/2024). Starting count of participants under contract is 2209.
- 5) Continue to utilize Capital Fund Program (CFP) and any other funds available to upgrade / modernize the public housing stock consistent with the Five-Year CFP Plan, the most current physical needs assessment (PNA) and the "Green" PNA covering all AMPs. Note: Until and unless any of public housing properties or converted under RAD or other "re-positioning" program or strategy, including demolition.
- 6) Through partnerships with local law enforcement and prevention program service providers and other initiatives, keep the incidence of criminal activity at all public housing developments at a level less than or equal to the surrounding neighborhoods.
- 7) Comply with statutory and any HUD regulatory requirements to maintain sitebased wait lists for public housing program.
- 8) Arrange for Fair Housing and Reasonable Accommodation Training for all staff involved in wait list, admissions and/or continued occupancy activities for all federal housing programs administered.
- 9) Complete relocation of residents impacted by the HUD approved demolition of the remaining #30-08 units in AMP 3 Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments in Cahokia Heights. Complete demolition of buildings.

- 10) Complete conversion of O'Fallon and Lebanon public housing properties to Project-Based Vouchers or Project-based Rental Assistance.
- 11) Submit RAD conversion application for Hawthorne Terrace in Alorton (44 family units) to Project-Based Vouchers.
- 12) Continue partnership with the Illinois Housing Development Authority (IHDA) and Southern Illinois Healthcare Foundation (SIHF) to complete Community Revitalization Plan for Cahokia Heights and potentially move on to second community, probably the Village of Brooklyn.
- 13) Continue to assess potential for RAD conversion applications and/or demolition applications for all or portions of the properties included in AMP 1 (Brooklyn), AMP 2 (Private Mathison Manor Centreville), AMP 3 (the #30-06 and #30-20 portion of the ESSA property in Centreville), AMP 4 (Belleville and Swansea senior buildings), AMP 5 (Washington Park) and/or AMP 6 (Marissa, Lenzburg, New Athens, Smithton, Millstadt and Dupo) consistent with comprehensive strategic plan completed in conjunction with IHDA and local stakeholders. Note: See Comments in Five Year Plan Goals Regarding Brooklyn, Washington Park and Centreville (Ernest Smith Sr. Apartments) locations.
- 14) Continue work with the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services (IDCFS) to successfully administer Family Unification Program (FUP) Vouchers by maintaining the targeted 95 FUP households under contract.
- 15) Successfully administer a Family Self-Sufficiency Program serving both Housing Choice Voucher Program participants and public housing residents, while meeting or exceeding HUD's established performance measures and maintaining minimum participation level required to qualify for a full-time FSS Program Coordinator.
- 16) Within budgetary and regulatory constraints, continue utilization of Project Based-Voucher Program to address the housing needs of special needs or at-risk populations (such as the elderly and/or persons with disabilities) and/or increase affordable housing options in non-impacted or opportunity communities (as defined by the Illinois Housing Development Authority).
- 17) Continue work with St. Clair County Coordinated Point of Entry (for Homeless Programs) to maintain full lease-up of 48 Emergency Housing Vouchers (EHVs).

Exhibit #3 – Policy Excerpts Related to VAWA (Violence Against Women Act)

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN'S ACT POLICIES

Narrative Statement

In accordance with the Violence Against Women's Act (VAWA), the St. Clair County Housing Authority (SCCHA) will refer any applicant or program participant who indicates that they are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to the Violence Prevention Center located in Belleville, IL, (618) 235-0892. The Violence Prevention Center provides services for the following:

- a) Women and children affected by any form of abuse;
- b) Emergency Shelter;
- c) Counseling and
- d) Has a court advocate to assist in filing Orders of Protection on the client's behalf.

SCCHA has adopted policies for both its Public Housing Program (Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy) and Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program (Administrative Plan) that are compliant with the requirements of VAWA (see attached excerpts).

Part 1 --- Policy Provisions Related to Eligibility (Part 8 of Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy)

PROHIBITION AGAINST DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE TO VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, AND STALKING [PUB.L. 109-162]

The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2005 (VAWA) prohibits denial of admission to an otherwise qualified applicant on the basis that the applicant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. Specifically, Section 606(1) of VAWA adds the following provision to the U. S. Housing Act of 1937:

A. That an applicant or participant who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking is not an appropriate reason for denial of program assistance or for denial of admission, if the applicant otherwise qualifies for assistance or admission.

Definitions

As used in VAWA:

- 1. The term domestic violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.
- 2. The term *dating violence* means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
 - a. The length of the relationship
 - b. The type of relationship
 - c. The frequency of interaction

3. The term stalking means:

- a. To follow, pursue, or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate; or
- b. To place under surveillance with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person; and
- c. In the course of, or as a result of, such following, pursuit, surveillance, or repeatedly committed acts, to place a person in reasonable fear of the

death of, serious bodily injury to, or to cause substantial emotional harm to (1) that person, (2) a member of the immediate family of that person, or (3) the spouse or intimate partner of that person.

- 4. The term *immediate family member* means, with respect to a person:
 - a. A spouse, parent, brother or sister, or child of that person, or an individual to whom that person stands in the position or place of a parent; or
 - b. Any other person living in the household of that person and related to that person by blood and marriage.

Notification and Victim Documentation

SCCHA acknowledges that a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking may have an unfavorable history that would warrant denial under the SCCHA's policies. Therefore, if the SCCHA makes a determination to deny admission to an applicant family, SCCHA will issue a written notice of denial, which will include notice of the applicant's right to appeal the decision through the established appeal process. The applicant will be offered the opportunity to provide documentation affirming that the cause of the unfavorable history is that a member of the applicant family is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

The documentation must include two elements:

- a. A signed statement by the victim that provides the name of the perpetrator and certifies that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, and
- b. One of the following:
 - 1. A police or court record documenting the actual or threatened abuse, or
 - 2. A statement signed by an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, a medical professional, or another knowledgeable professional from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing the actual or threatened abuse. The professional must attest under penalty of perjury that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of abuse, and the victim must sign or attest to the statement.

The applicant must submit the required documentation within 10 days of the informal review or must request an extension in writing at that time. If the applicant so requests, the SCCHA will grant an extension of 10 business days, and will delay issuance of the informal review determination until after it has received the documentation or the extension period has elapsed. If after reviewing the documentation provided by the applicant the

SCCHA determines the family is eligible for assistance, a favorable decision notice will be issued and SCCHA will proceed with admission of the applicant family. If SCCHA determines the family is not eligible for assistance, an adverse decision notice will be issued.

Perpetrator Removal or Documentation of Rehabilitation

In cases where an applicant family includes the perpetrator as well as the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, SCCHA will proceed as above but will require, in addition, either (a) that the perpetrator be removed from the applicant household and not reside in the assisted housing unit or (b) that the family provide documentation that the perpetrator has successfully completed, or is successfully undergoing rehabilitation or treatment.

If the family elects the second option, the documentation must be signed by an employee or agent of a domestic violence service provider or by a medical or other knowledgeable professional from whom the perpetrator has sought or is receiving assistance in addressing the abuse. The signer must attest under penalty of perjury to his or her belief that the rehabilitation was successfully completed or is progressing successfully. The victim and perpetrator must also sign or attest to the documentation. This additional documentation must be submitted within the same time frame as the documentation required from the victim.

Confidentiality Requirements

All information provided to SCCHA regarding domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, including the fact that an individual is a victim of such violence or stalking, must be retained in confidence and may neither be entered into any shared database nor provided to any related entity, except to the extent that the disclosure (a) is requested or consented to by the individual in writing, (b) is required for use in an eviction proceeding, or (c) is otherwise required by applicable law.

Part 2 --- Policy Provisions Related to Terminating Tenancy (Part 20 of Public Housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy)

20.3 TERMINATING THE TENANCY OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, OR STALKING VICTIMS AND PERPETRATORS [PUB.L. 109-162, PUB.L. 109-271]

The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2005 (VAWA) provides that "criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, engaged in by a member of a tenant's household or any guest or other person under the tenant's control shall not be a cause for termination of assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights if the tenant or an immediate member of the tenant's family is the victim or threatened victim of that domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking."

VAWA also gives SCCHA the authority to "terminate tenancy of any individual who is a tenant or lawful occupant and who engages in criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others, without evicting, removing, terminating assistance to, or otherwise penalizing the victim of such violence who is also a tenant or lawful occupant."

VAWA does not limit the authority of SCCHA to terminate the assistance of any participant if SCCHA "can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property if that tenant is not evicted or terminated from assistance."

1. Victim Documentation

When a participant family is facing lease termination because of the actions of a participant, household member, guest, or other person under the participant's control and a participant or immediate family member of the participant's family claims that she or he is the victim of such actions and that the actions are related to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, SCCHA will require the individual to submit documentation affirming that claim.

The documentation must include two elements:

- a. A signed statement by the victim that provides the name of the perpetrator and certifies that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, and
- b. One of the following:
 - 1. A police or court record documenting the actual or threatened abuse, or
 - 2. A statement signed by an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, a medical professional, or another knowledgeable professional from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing the actual or threatened abuse. The

professional must attest under penalty of perjury that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of abuse, and the victim must sign or attest to the statement.

The required certification and supporting documentation must be submitted to SCCHA within 14 business days after SCCHA issues its written request. The 14-day deadline may be extended at SCCHA's discretion. If the individual does not provide the required certification and supporting documentation within 14 business days, or the approved extension period, SCCHA may proceed with lease termination.

If SCCHA can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other participants or those employed at or providing service to the property if the participant's tenancy is not terminated, SCCHA will bypass the standard process and proceed with the immediate termination of the family's tenancy.

2. Terminating the Lease of a Domestic Violence Perpetrator

Although VAWA provides lease termination protection for victims of domestic violence, it does not provide protection for perpetrators. VAWA gives SCCHA the explicit authority to "terminate assistance to any individual who is a tenant or lawful occupant and who engages in criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others...without terminating assistance to, or otherwise penalizing the victim of such violence who is a tenant or lawful occupant." This authority supersedes any local, state, or federal law to the contrary. However, if SCCHA chooses to exercise this authority, it must follow any procedures prescribed by HUD or applicable local, state, or federal law regarding termination of assistance [Pub.L. 109-271].

When the actions of a participant or other family member result in SCCHA's decision to terminate the family's lease and another family member claims that the actions involve criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others, SCCHA will request that the victim submit the above required certification and supporting documentation in accordance with the stated time frame. If the certification and supporting documentation are submitted within the required time frame, or any approved extension period, SCCHA will terminate the perpetrator's lease right. If the victim does not provide the certification and supporting documentation, as required, SCCHA will proceed with termination of the family's lease.

If SCCHA can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property if the participant's tenancy is not terminated, SCCHA will bypass the standard process and proceed with the immediate termination of the family's lease.

3. PHA Confidentiality Requirements

All information provided to SCCHA regarding domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, including the fact that an individual is a victim of such violence or stalking,

must be retained in confidence and may neither be entered into any shared data base nor provided to any related entity, except to the extent that the disclosure (a) is requested or consented to by the individual in writing, (b) is required for use in an eviction proceeding, or (c) is otherwise required by applicable law.

St. Clair County Housing Authority's (SCCHA's)

Public Housing Program's Emergency Transfer Plan for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking

Appendix S to the Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy

Emergency Transfers

The St. Clair County Housing Authority (SCCHA) is concerned about the safety of its tenants, and such concern extends to tenants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. In accordance with the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA),¹ SCCHA allows tenants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to request an emergency transfer from the tenant's current unit to another unit. The ability to request a transfer is available regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.² The ability of SCCHA to honor such request for tenants currently receiving assistance, however, may depend upon a preliminary determination that the tenant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and on whether SCCHA has another dwelling unit that is available and is safe to offer the tenant for temporary or more permanent occupancy.

This plan identifies tenants who are eligible for an emergency transfer, the documentation needed to request an emergency transfer, confidentiality protections, how an emergency transfer may occur, and guidance to tenants on safety and security. This plan is based on a model

¹ Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available to all victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

² Housing providers cannot discriminate on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, disability, or age. HUD-assisted and HUD-insured housing must be made available to all otherwise eligible individuals regardless of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

emergency transfer plan published by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the Federal agency that oversees that SCCHA's Public Housing Program is in compliance with VAWA.

Eligibility for Emergency Transfers

A tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as provided in HUD's regulations at 24 CFR part 5, subpart L is eligible for an emergency transfer, if: the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant remains within the same unit. If the tenant is a victim of sexual assault, the tenant may also be eligible to transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises within the 90-calendar-day period preceding a request for an emergency transfer.

A tenant requesting an emergency transfer must expressly request the transfer in accordance with the procedures described in this plan.

Tenants who are not in good standing may still request an emergency transfer if they meet the eligibility requirements in this section.

Emergency Transfer Request Documentation

To request an emergency transfer, the tenant shall notify SCCHA's Property Management Office and submit a written request for a transfer to the Property Manager with a copy submitted to the Asset Management Director at SCCHA's Central Office located at 1790 South 74th St., Belleville, IL 62223. SCCHA shall provide reasonable accommodations to this policy for individuals with disabilities. The tenant's written request for an emergency transfer should include either:

- A statement expressing that the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant were to remain in the same dwelling unit assisted under SCCHA's program; OR
- A statement that the tenant was a sexual assault victim and that the sexual assault
 occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the tenant's
 request for an emergency transfer.

Confidentiality

SCCHA will keep confidential any information that the tenant submits in requesting an emergency transfer, and information about the emergency transfer, unless the tenant gives SCCHA written permission to release the information on a time limited basis, or disclosure of the information is required by law or required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance from the covered program. This includes keeping confidential the new location of the dwelling unit of the tenant, if one is provided, from the person(s) that committed an act(s) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against the tenant. See the Notice of Occupancy Rights under the Violence Against Women Act For All Tenants for more information about SCCHA's responsibility to maintain the confidentiality of information related to incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Emergency Transfer Timing and Availability

SCCHA cannot guarantee that a transfer request will be approved or how long it will take to process a transfer request. SCCHA will, however, act as quickly as possible to move a tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to another unit, subject to availability and safety of a unit. If a tenant reasonably believes a proposed transfer

would not be safe, the tenant may request a transfer to a different unit. If a unit is available, the transferred tenant must agree to abide by the terms and conditions that govern occupancy in the unit to which the tenant has been transferred. SCCHA may be unable to transfer a tenant to a particular unit if the tenant has not or cannot establish eligibility for that unit.

If SCCHA has no safe and available units for which a tenant who needs an emergency is eligible, SCCHA will assist the tenant in identifying other housing providers who may have safe and available units to which the tenant could move. At the tenant's request, SCCHA will also assist tenants in contacting the local organizations offering assistance to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that are attached to this plan.

Safety and Security of Tenants

Pending processing of the transfer and the actual transfer, if it is approved and occurs, the tenant is urged to take all reasonable precautions to be safe.

Tenants who are or have been victims of domestic violence are encouraged to contact the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-7233, or a local domestic violence shelter, for assistance in creating a safety plan. For persons with hearing impairments, that hotline can be accessed by calling 1-800-787-3224 (TTY).

Tenants who have been victims of sexual assault may call the Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network's National Sexual Assault Hotline at 800-656-HOPE, or visit the online hotline at https://ohl.rainn.org/online/.

Tenants who are or have been victims of stalking seeking help may visit the National Center for Victims of Crime's Stalking Resource Center at https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center.

Attachment: Local organizations offering assistance to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Attachment: Local Assistance Organizations

- Violence Prevention Center of Southwest Illinois 618-236-2531
- Call for Help 618-397-3076

Part 1 --- Policy Provisions Related to Eligibility (Chapter 3 of Administrative Plan)

3-III.G. PROHIBITION AGAINST DENIAL OF ASSISTANCE TO VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, AND STALKING [Pub.L. 109-162]

The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2005 (VAWA) prohibits denial of admission to an otherwise qualified applicant on the basis that the applicant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. Specifically, Section 606(1) of VAWA adds the following provision to Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, which lists contract provisions and requirements for the housing choice voucher program:

• That an applicant or participant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking is not an appropriate reason for denial of program assistance or for denial of admission, if the applicant otherwise qualifies for assistance or admission.

Definitions

As used in VAWA:

- The term domestic violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.
- The term *dating violence* means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
- The length of the relationship
- The type of relationship
- The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship
- The term *stalking* means:
- To follow, pursue, or repeatedly commit acts with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate; or To place under surveillance with the intent to kill, injure, harass, or intimidate another person; and
- In the course of, or as a result of, such following, pursuit, surveillance, or repeatedly committed acts, to place a person in reasonable fear of the death of, or serious bodily injury to, or to cause substantial emotional harm to (1) that person, (2) a member of the immediate family of that person, or (3) the spouse or intimate partner of that person.

- The term *immediate family member* means, with respect to a person:
- A spouse, parent, brother or sister, or child of that person, or an individual to whom that person stands in the position or place of a parent; or Any other person living in the household of that person and related to that person by blood and marriage.

Notification and Victim Documentation

The SCCHA acknowledges that a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking may have an unfavorable history that would warrant denial under the SCCHA's policies. Therefore, if the SCCHA makes a determination to deny admission to an applicant family, the SCCHA will include in its notice of denial a statement of the protection against denial provided by VAWA and will offer the applicant the opportunity to provide documentation affirming that the cause of the unfavorable history is that a member of the applicant family is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

The documentation must include two elements:

A signed statement by the victim that provides the name of the perpetrator and certifies that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, and

One of the following:

A police or court record documenting the actual or threatened abuse, or A statement signed by an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider; an attorney; a medical professional; or another knowledgeable professional from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing the actual or threatened abuse. The professional must attest under penalty of perjury that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of abuse, and the victim must sign or attest to the statement.

The applicant must submit the required documentation with her or his request for an informal review (see section 16-III.D) or must request an extension in writing at that time. If the applicant so requests, the SCCHA will grant an extension of 10 business days, and will postpone scheduling the applicant's informal review until after it has received the documentation or the extension period has elapsed. If after reviewing the documentation provided by the applicant the SCCHA determines the family is eligible for assistance, no informal review will be scheduled and the SCCHA will proceed with admission of the applicant family.

Perpetrator Removal or Documentation of Rehabilitation

In cases where an applicant family includes the perpetrator as well as the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, the SCCHA will proceed as above but will require, in addition, either (a) that the perpetrator be removed from the applicant household and not reside in the assisted housing unit or (b) that the family provide documentation that the perpetrator has successfully completed, or is successfully undergoing, rehabilitation or treatment.

If the family elects the second option, the documentation must be signed by an employee or agent of a domestic violence service provider or by a medical or other knowledgeable professional from whom the perpetrator has sought or is receiving assistance in addressing the abuse. The signer must attest under penalty of perjury to his or her belief that the rehabilitation was successfully completed or is progressing successfully. The victim and perpetrator must also sign or attest to the documentation. This additional documentation must be submitted within the same time frame as the documentation required above from the victim.

SCCHA Confidentiality Requirements

All information provided to the SCCHA regarding domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, including the fact that an individual is a victim of such violence or stalking, must be retained in confidence and may neither be entered into any shared database nor provided to any related entity, except to the extent that the disclosure (a) is requested or consented to by the individual in writing, (b) is required for use in an eviction proceeding, or (c) is otherwise required by applicable law.

Part 2 – Policy Provisions Related to Terminating Assistance (Chapter 12 of Administrative Plan)

12-II.E. TERMINATING THE ASSISTANCE OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, OR STALKING VICTIMS AND PERPETRATORS [Pub.L. 109-162, Pub.L. 109-271]

The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2005 (VAWA) provides that "criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, engaged in by a member of a tenant's household or any guest or other person under the tenant's control shall not be a cause for termination of assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights if the tenant or an immediate member of the tenant's family is the victim or threatened victim of that domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking." VAWA also gives SCCHA the authority to "terminate assistance to any individual who is a tenant or lawful occupant and who engages in criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others, without evicting, removing, terminating assistance to, or otherwise penalizing the victim of such violence who is also a tenant or lawful occupant." VAWA does not limit the authority of the SCCHA to terminate the assistance of any participant if the SCCHA "can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property if that tenant is not evicted or terminated from assistance."

Victim Documentation

When a participant family is facing assistance termination because of the actions of a participant, household member, guest, or other person at the unit as a result of the participant's occupancy and a participant or immediate family member of the participant's family claims that she or he is the victim of such actions and that the actions are related to domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking the SCCHA will require the individual to submit documentation affirming that claim. The documentation must include two elements:

A signed statement by the victim that provides the name of the perpetrator and certifies that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, and

One or more of the following:

A police or court record documenting the actual or threatened abuse (includes but is not limited to restraining orders and/or orders of protection), or

A statement signed by an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider; an attorney; a medical professional; or another knowledgeable professional from whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing the actual or threatened abuse. The professional must attest under penalty of perjury that the incidents in question are bona fide incidents of abuse, and the victim must sign or attest to the statement.

The required certification and supporting documentation must be submitted to the SCCHA within 14 business days after the SCCHA issues their written request. The 14-day deadline may be extended at the SCCHA's discretion. If the individual does not provide the required certification and supporting documentation within 14 business days, or the approved extension period, the SCCHA may proceed with assistance termination. The individual must take all actions within their control to prevent future incidents, including but not limited to cooperating with law enforcement, seeking court-issued orders of protection/restraining orders, and not granting the violator permission to visit the premises.

If the SCCHA can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other participants or those employed at or providing service to the property if the participant's tenancy is not terminated, the SCCHA will bypass the standard process and proceed with the immediate termination of the family's assistance.

Terminating the Assistance of a Domestic Violence Perpetrator

Although VAWA provides assistance termination protection for victims of domestic violence, it does not provide protection for perpetrators. VAWA gives the SCCHA the explicit authority to "terminate assistance to any individual who is a tenant or lawful occupant and who engages in criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others...without terminating assistance to, or otherwise penalizing the victim of such violence who is also a tenant or lawful occupant." This authority supersedes any local, state, or other federal law to the contrary.

However, if the SCCHA chooses to exercise this authority, it must follow any procedures prescribed by HUD or by applicable local, state, or federal law regarding termination of assistance [Pub.L. 109-271].

When the actions of a participant or other family member result in a SCCHA decision to terminate the family's assistance and another family member claims that the actions involve criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others, the SCCHA will request that the victim submit the above required certification and supporting documentation in accordance with the stated time frame. If the certification and supporting documentation are submitted within the required time frame, or any approved extension period, the SCCHA will terminate the perpetrator's assistance. If the victim does not provide the certification and supporting documentation, as required, the SCCHA will proceed with termination of the family's assistance.

If the SCCHA can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property if the participant's tenancy is not terminated, the SCCHA will bypass the standard process and proceed with the immediate termination of the family's assistance.

SCCHA Confidentiality Requirements

All information provided to the SCCHA regarding domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, including the fact that an individual is a victim of such violence or stalking, must be retained in confidence and may neither be entered into any shared data base nor provided to any related entity, except to the extent that the disclosure (a) is requested or consented to by the individual in writing, (b) is required for use in an eviction proceeding, or (c) is otherwise required by applicable law.

Part 3 --- Policy Provisions Related to Notification of Applicants and Participants (Chapter 16 of Administrative Plan)

PART IX: NOTIFICATION REGARDING APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2005 (VAWA) 16-IX.A. NOTIFICATION TO APPLICANTS AND PARTICIPANTS [Pub.L. 109-162]

VAWA requires SCCHA to notify public housing program participants of their rights under this law, including their right to confidentiality and the limits thereof.

The SCCHA will have available for all applicants and program participants flyers and/or informational brochures containing information regarding their protections and rights under VAWA at the time of admission and at annual reexamination.

The printed information will explain the protections afforded under the law, inform the participant of SCCHA confidentiality requirements, and provide contact information for local victim advocacy groups or service providers.

16-IX.B. NOTIFICATION TO OWNERS AND MANAGERS [Pub.L. 109-162]

VAWA requires SCCHA to notify owners and managers of their rights and responsibilities under this law.

Inform property owners and managers of their screening and termination responsibilities related to VAWA. The SCCHA may utilize any or all of the following means to notify owners of their VAWA responsibilities:

- As appropriate in day to day interactions with owners and managers
- Inserts in HAP payments, 1099s, owner workshops, classes, orientations, and/or newsletters
- Signs in the SCCHA lobby and/or mass mailings which include model VAWA certification forms

St. Clair County Housing Authority's (SCCHA's)

Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program's (HCVP's) Emergency Transfer Plan for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking Exhibit #10-1, Chapter 10 of the Section 8 HCVP Administrative Plan

Emergency Transfers / Moves

The St. Clair County Housing Authority (SCCHA) is concerned about the safety of its Section 8 HCVP participants, and such concern extends to participants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. In accordance with the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA),³ SCCHA allows participants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to request an emergency transfer / move from the participant's current unit to another unit. The ability to request a transfer / move is available regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.⁴ The ability of SCCHA to honor such requests for participants currently receiving assistance, may depend upon a preliminary determination that the participant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and on whether the participant meets or can meet other current SCCHA requirements regarding transfers / moves.

This plan identifies participants who are eligible for an emergency transfer / move, the documentation needed to request an emergency transfer / move, confidentiality protections, how an emergency transfer / move may occur, and guidance to participants on safety and security. This plan is based on a model emergency transfer plan published by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the Federal agency that oversees that SCCHA's Section 8 HCVP is compliant with VAWA.

³ Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available to all victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

⁴ Housing providers cannot discriminate on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, disability, or age. HUD-assisted and HUD-insured housing must be made available to all otherwise eligible individuals regardless of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

Eligibility for Emergency Transfers / Moves

A participant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as provided in HUD's regulations at 24 CFR part 5, subpart L is eligible for an emergency transfer / move, if the participant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the participant remains within the same unit. If the participant is a victim of sexual assault, the participant may also be eligible to transfer / move if the sexual assault occurred on the premises within the 90-calendar-day period preceding a request for an emergency transfer / move.

A participant requesting an emergency transfer / move must expressly request the transfer/ move in accordance with the procedures described in this plan.

Participants who are not in good standing may still request an emergency transfer / move if they meet the eligibility requirements in this section. However, being approved for an emergency transfer / move does not relieve the family of any financial obligations of the original lease.

Emergency Transfer / Move Request Documentation

To request an emergency transfer / move, the participant shall notify and submit a written request for an emergency transfer / move to the Section 8 HCVP Director at SCCHA's Central Office located at 1790 South 74th St., Belleville, IL 62223. SCCHA shall provide reasonable accommodations to this policy for individuals with disabilities. The participant's written request for an emergency transfer / move should include either:

- A statement expressing that the participant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the participant were to remain in the same dwelling unit assisted under SCCHA's program; OR
- A statement that the participant was a sexual assault victim and that the sexual assault occurred
 on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the participant's request for an
 emergency transfer.

Confidentiality

SCCHA will keep confidential any information that the participant submits in requesting an emergency transfer / move and information about the emergency transfer / move, unless the participant gives SCCHA written permission to release the information on a time limited basis, or disclosure of the information is required by law or required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance from the covered program. This includes keeping confidential the new location of the dwelling unit of the participant (if the participant does transfer / moves to another unit) from the person(s) that committed an act(s) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against the participant. See the Notice of Occupancy Rights under the Violence Against Women Act For All Participants for more information about SCCHA's responsibility to maintain the confidentiality of information related to incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Emergency Transfer / Move Timing and Availability

SCCHA cannot guarantee that a transfer/ move request will be approved or how long it will take to process a transfer / move request. SCCHA will however, act as quickly as possible to issue a Section 8 HCVP Voucher to a participant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. If a participant reasonably believes a move to another unit within SCCHA's jurisdiction would not be safe, the participant may request that their voucher be approved for portability to the jurisdiction of another PHA where the participant believes she would be safe. If a participant determines that there are no safe and available units in SCCHA's jurisdiction and does not want to pursue portability at the time, the participant may request SCCHA assistance and SCCHA shall provide assistance in identifying other housing providers who may have safe and available units to which the participant could move. At the participant's request, SCCHA will also assist participants in contacting the local organizations offering assistance to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that are attached to this plan.

Safety and Security of Participants

Pending processing of the transfer / move request and the actual transfer / move, if it is approved and occurs, the participant is urged to take all reasonable precautions to be safe.

Participants who are or have been victims of domestic violence are encouraged to contact the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-7233, or a local domestic violence shelter, for assistance in creating a safety plan. For persons with hearing impairments, that hotline can be accessed by calling 1-800-787-3224 (TTY).

Participants who have been victims of sexual assault may call the Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network's National Sexual Assault Hotline at 800-656-HOPE, or visit the online hotline at https://ohl.rainn.org/online/.

Participants who are or have been victims of stalking seeking help may visit the National Center for Victims of Crime's Stalking Resource Center at https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center.

Attachment - A list of local organizations that assist victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Attachment: Local Assistance Organizations

- Violence Prevention Center of Southwest Illinois 618-236-2531
- Call for Help = 618-397-3076.